Outline of Overarching Policy Priorities Highlighted in FY 2022 NOFO
Annual Competition

1. *Ending homelessness for all persons.*
   a. Identify, engage, and effectively serve all persons experiencing homelessness
   b. Measure their performance based on local data that consider the challenges faced by all subpopulations experiencing homelessness in the geographic area, including:
      i. Veterans
      ii. Youth
      iii. Families
      iv. Chronically homelessness
      v. People with disabilities, including those living with HIV/AIDS
   c. CoCs should partner with housing, health care, and supportive services providers to expand housing options, such as permanent supportive housing, housing subsidies, and rapid rehousing
   d. Use local data to determine the characteristics of individuals and families with the highest needs and longest experiences of homelessness to develop housing and supportive services tailored to their needs

2. *Use a Housing First approach.*
   a. Prioritizes rapid placement and stabilization in permanent housing and does not have service participation requirements or preconditions
   b. CoC Program funded projects should help individuals and families move quickly into permanent housing, and CoCs should measure and help projects reduce the length of time people experience homelessness
   c. CoCs should engage landlords and property owners to identify housing units available for rapid rehousing and permanent supportive housing participants, remove barriers to entry, and adopt client-centered service methods
   d. HUD encourages CoCs to assess how well Housing First approaches are being implemented in their communities

3. *Reducing Unsheltered Homelessness.* In recent years, the number of people experiencing unsheltered homelessness has risen significantly, including a rising number of encampments in many communities across the country.
   a. People living unsheltered have extremely high rates of physical and mental illness and substance use disorders
   b. CoCs should explore all available resources, including CoC and ESG funded assistance, housing subsidies, and supportive services to provide permanent housing options for people who are unsheltered.

4. *Improving System Performance.*
   a. Use system performance measures (e.g., average length of homeless episodes, rates of return to homelessness, rates of exit to permanent housing destinations) to determine how effectively they are serving people experiencing homelessness
   b. Use Coordinated Entry process to promote participant choice, coordinate homeless assistance and mainstream housing, and services to ensure people experiencing homelessness receive assistance quickly, and make homelessness assistance open, inclusive, and transparent
   c. Review all projects eligible for renewal in FY 2022 to determine their effectiveness in serving people experiencing homelessness, including cost-effectiveness
   d. CoCs should also look for opportunities to implement continuous quality improvement and other process improvement strategies.

HUD updates to priorities from 2021 highlighted yellow.
5. **Partnering with Housing, Health, and Service Agencies.**
   
a. Using cost performance and outcome data, CoCs should improve how all available resources are utilized to end homelessness.

   b. Especially important as the CARES Act and American Rescue Plan have provided significant new resources to help end homelessness.

   c. HUD encourages CoCs to maximize the use of mainstream and other community-based resources when serving persons experiencing homelessness and should:

      i. Work closely with public and private healthcare organizations and assist program participants to receive primary care, receive housing-related services, and obtain medical insurance to address healthcare needs. This includes developing close partnerships with public health agencies to analyze data and design approaches that reduce homelessness, improve the health of people experiencing homelessness, and prevent and address disease outbreaks, including HIV/AIDS.

      ii. Partner closely with PHAs and state and local housing organizations to utilize coordinated entry, develop housing units, and provide housing subsidies to people experiencing homelessness. These partnerships can also help CoC Program participants exit permanent supportive housing through Housing Choice Vouchers and other available housing options. CoCs and PHAs should especially work together to implement targeted programs such as Emergency Housing Vouchers, HUD-VASH, Mainstream Vouchers, Family Unification Program (FUP) Vouchers, and other housing voucher programs targeted to people experiencing homelessness. CoCs should coordinate with their state and local housing agencies on the utilization of new HOME program resources provided through the Homelessness Assistance and Supportive Services Program that was created through the American Rescue Plan;

      iii. Partner with local workforce development centers to improve employment opportunities; and

      iv. Work with tribal organizations to ensure that tribal members can access CoC-funded assistance when a CoC’s geographic area borders a tribal area.

6. **Racial Equity.**

   a. In nearly every community, Black, Indigenous, and other people of color are substantially overrepresented in the homeless population

   b. HUD is emphasizing system and program changes to address racial equity within CoCs

   c. Responses to preventing and ending homelessness should address racial inequities to ensure successful outcomes for all persons experiencing homelessness using proven approaches, such as:

      i. Developing a coordinated community response created in partnership with a racially diverse set of stakeholders and people experiencing homelessness

      ii. Partnering with organizations with experience serving underserved populations

   d. CoCs should review local policies, procedures, and processes with attention to identifying barriers that result in racial disparities, and taking steps to eliminate barriers to improve racial equity and to address disparities.

7. **Improving Assistance to LGBTQ+ Individuals.**

   a. Discrimination on the basis of gender identity or sexual orientation manifests differently for different individuals and often overlaps with other forms of prohibited discrimination

HUD updates to priorities from 2021 highlighted yellow.
b. CoCs should address the needs of LGBTQ+, transgender, gender non-conforming, and non-binary individuals and families in their planning processes.

c. Additionally, when considering which projects to select in their local competition to be included in their application to HUD, CoCs should ensure privacy, respect, safety, and access regardless of gender identity or sexual orientation in projects.

d. CoCs should also consider partnering with organizations with expertise in serving LGBTQ+ populations.

8. **Persons with Lived Experience.**
   a. HUD is encouraging CoCs to include in the local planning process people who are currently experiencing or have formerly experienced homelessness.
   b. People with lived experience should determine how local policies may need to be revised and updated to improve the effectiveness of homelessness assistance programs, including participating in planning and oversight activities and developing local competition processes.
   c. CoC leaders and stakeholders should also prioritize hiring people who have experienced homelessness in areas where their expertise is needed (e.g., peer outreach and support).

9. **Increasing Affordable Housing Supply.**
   a. The lack of affordable housing is the main driver of homelessness. CoCs play a critical role in educating local leaders and stakeholders about the importance of increasing the supply of affordable housing and the specific consequences of the continued lack of affordable housing.
   b. CoCs should be communicating with jurisdiction leaders, including for the development of Consolidated Plans, about the harmful effects of the lack of affordable housing, and they should engage local leaders about steps such as zoning and land use reform that would increase the supply of affordable housing.
   c. This FY2022 CoC NOFO awards points to CoCs that take steps to engage local leaders about increasing affordable housing supply.

**HUD updates to priorities from 2021 highlighted yellow.**