Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

June 30, 2017 and 2016



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### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors
Georgia Housing and Finance Authority

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Georgia Housing and Finance Authority (the Authority), a component unit of the State of Georgia, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Authority as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 11 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Authority's basic financial statements. The supplemental information on pages 43 through 47 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The supplementary financial information on pages 43 through 47 is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The accompanying verification of required insurance and adjusted net worth calculation is presented for purposes of additional analysis is required by the Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae) and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 12, 2017, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Atlanta, Georgia September 12, 2017

CohnReynickZZP

### Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016

As management of the Georgia Housing and Finance Authority, (GHFA or the Authority), we offer readers of GHFA's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of GHFA for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information we have furnished in the Authority's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Affordable, quality housing builds strong communities and a strong economy provides the cornerstone of family life. This statement is management's belief and as the State of Georgia's housing agency, GHFA works to ensure that Georgians have the housing they need. GHFA is charged with the responsibility for financing affordable housing development, providing homeownership education and financing for home buyers, and providing financial assistance to local governments for housing activities designed to benefit low and moderate-income Georgians. In addition, through multiple housing programs, GHFA provides funding to non-profit organizations and local governments to enable them to provide supportive housing shelter and other essential services to the difficult to house and homeless. Funding for single-family loans program is through the issuance of tax-exempt revenue bonds. The affordable housing initiatives and supportive housing programs are funded primarily by federal and state grants.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, GHFA awards and expenditures that benefited residents of Georgia included:

- GHFA's "Georgia Dream" first mortgage program provided \$141,063,838 in single family first mortgages loans along with \$7,317,500 down payment assistance, allowing 1,171 households to achieve homeownership, most of them for the first time. Over one half of down payment assistance (for 584 households) went to PEN (Protectors, Educators and Healthcare workers) and Choice (disabled) recipients. On February 3, 2017, Standard & Poor's Ratings Services assigned its 'AAA' rating to GHFA's series 2017A single-family mortgage bonds. At the same time, Standard & Poor's affirmed its 'AAA' rating on all debt under GHFA's single-family mortgage bond resolution (the 1976 general resolution). The outlook is stable. There have been no credit watches, downgrades, or other actions by S&P or any other rating agency with respect to any of GHFA's Outstanding Bonds. The Governor signed HB 773 on April 26, 2016, increasing the cap on GHFA single family mortgage bonds from \$1.3 billion to \$3 billion. This is effective as of the date of approval. The credit quality of Georgia Dream loans has been increasing steadily. The average FICO score of the Georgia Dream loans purchased in 2016 reached 699, highest level in over a decade.
- GHFA's Housing Counseling Program provided \$638,199 supporting over 3,397
   Georgians receiving pre-purchase counseling and education as well as more than 640 households were provided foreclosure counseling through the NeighborWorks grant.
- GHFA allocated \$24,929,150 in 9% Georgia Housing Tax Credits this year. These credits will
  provide financing to support the development of 2,500 affordable apartment homes for Georgia
  families in 30 neighborhoods throughout the state. 12 of these properties will be located in rural
  communities. 13 of the properties will provide housing for Georgia seniors.
- GHFA awarded more than \$6,434,200 in grants to 13 local communities around the state to build new affordable single family homes and help existing homeowners rehabilitate their homes. Grant amounts range from \$157,000 to \$600,000. The awards were made through the Community HOME Investment Program (CHIP).

### Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016

- GHFA also allocated \$8,013,073 in 4% Georgia Housing Credits to be used to develop 1,745 affordable apartment homes for Georgia families in 12 neighborhoods across both rural and urban areas of the state.
- In recognition of its initiative to establish better health outcomes for residents residing in funded properties, GHFA partnering with the Georgia State Health Policy Center (GHPC), received a grant award of \$391,962 from The Kresge Foundation to improve Georgia residents' health outcomes through better quality housing and improved access to services.
- GHFA's Reynoldstown Senior Residences received the national Charles Edson award for best senior low income housing tax credit property. Presented to the most outstanding Low Income Housing Tax Credit (Housing Credit) properties in the country by the Affordable Housing Tax Credit Coalition, the Edson Awards take place each year on Capitol Hill. The event brings together members of Congress, businesses and organizations to celebrate Housing Credit developments at the forefront of creating stronger, healthier communities in urban, suburban and rural areas nationwide. This is the third year in a row that a GHFA funded property has been selected as a winner of this prestigious award.
- GHFA, through the Emergency Solutions Grant and State Housing Trust Fund for the Homeless, was awarded \$5,394,806 in Federal and State funding for 119 programs to providers of shelter, transitional housing, rapid re-housing, homelessness prevention, and services for the homeless.
- GHFA distributed \$2,379,097 through the Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) program for ten projects to provide rental assistance to individuals living with HIV/AIDS and their families.
- GHFA expensed \$1,342,733 in Federal Funds towards implementation of a comprehensive Homeless Management Information System (HMIS).
- GHFA's Shelter Plus Care program expended \$13,281,962 in funding that provided rental assistance for nearly 1,900 units to enable individuals who are homeless and have a disability to obtain permanent housing with supportive services.

# Fiscal year 2017 financial highlights

- Total assets increased \$100,290,727
- Investments decreased \$7,516,989
- HOME program loans increased by \$1,926,435
- Mortgage loans net of premiums and discounts increased by \$50,119,539
- Mortgage bonds net of premiums and discounts increased by \$46,687,564
- Total net position increased \$2,942,249

### Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016

#### Overview of the financial statements

The Georgia Housing and Finance Authority, a corporate body and instrumentality of the State of Georgia, is a public purpose financial enterprise and uses enterprise fund accounting. These annual financial statements consist of two parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis, (this section) and the basic financial statements. The financial statements of GHFA report information using methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Authority's overall financial status. The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. Financial statements by program are presented as supplementary information.

#### **Required financial statements**

The Statements of Net Position presents information on all of the GHFA's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. This statement provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to the Authority's creditors (liabilities). It provides one way to measure the financial health of GHFA by providing the basis for evaluating the capital structure and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility. However, one will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions and new or changed government legislation.

All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the *Statements of Revenues*, *Expenses*, *and Changes in Net Position*. This statement measures the success of GHFA's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the Authority has successfully recovered its cost as well as assessing credit worthiness.

The final required financial statement is the *Statements of Cash Flows*. This statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing and financing activities. The statement provides answers to such questions as "where did the cash come from, what was the cash used for, and what was the change in cash balance during the reporting Period?"

Management believes that the Authority's financial condition is stable. GHFA's strength is also reflected in the continued AAA rating assigned by Standard and Poor's Rating Services, a division of McGraw Hill Companies. Federal Housing Administration (FHA) has recognized GHFA for distinction in loss mitigation and HUD has assigned the Authority a Tier 1 rating in loss mitigation efforts. GHFA is operating well within financial policies and guidelines set by the Board. Adequate liquid asset levels and good mortgage portfolio performance at June 30, 2017 exhibit GHFA's financial strength.

### Financial analysis

During fiscal year 2017, the Authority's total net position increased by \$3.0 million or 1.6%. The following table summarizes the changes in combined net position between June 30, 2017 and 2016:

# Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016

Net Position
(Dollars in Millions)

	,	_	,			
				In	crease	Increase
				(De	ecrease)	(Decrease)
	2017		2016	À	mount	%
Cash and investments	\$ 269.7	\$	218.8	\$	50.9	23.3%
Accrued interest receivable	9.9		10.5		(0.6)	(5.7)%
Other current assets	154.2		130.4		23.8	18.3%
Total current assets	433.8		359.7		74.1	20.6%
Mortgage loans receivable, net	989.7		951.5		38.2	4.0%
Investments	241.8		255.0		(13.2)	(5.2)%
Other assets	 652.7		651.5		1.2	0.2%
Total assets	2,318.0		2,217.7		100.3	4.5%
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	4.5		4.4		0.1	2.3%
Other current liabilities	321.3		270.7		50.6	18.7%
Total current liabilities	325.8		275.1		50.7	18.4%
Bonds payable	1,146.6		1,100.6		46.0	4.2%
Refundable grants	635.4		633.5		1.9	0.3%
Revenue received in advance	20.5		21.8		(1.3)	(6.0)%
Total liabilities	2,128.3		2,031.0		97.3	4.8%
Net position						
Invested in capital assets	3.5		3.6		(0.1)	(2.8)%
Unrestricted	186.2		183.1		3.1	1.7%
Total net position	\$ 189.7	\$	186.7	\$	3.0	1.6%

Mortgage loan activity increased by 4.0% during the 2017 fiscal year. Bonds totaling \$197,600,000 were issued during the fiscal year 2017 as compared to \$218,955,000 in fiscal year 2016.

The allowance for possible losses on single family mortgage loans receivable portfolio for fiscal year 2017 remained a balance of \$4,500,000. The allowance for possible losses on other loans receivable, included in other assets above, remained a balance of \$4,736,392 in 2017.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016

During fiscal year 2016, the Authority's total net position increased \$6.3 million or 3.5%. The following table summarizes the changes in combined net position between June 30, 2016 and 2015:

# Net Position (Dollars in Millions)

			In	crease	Increase
			(D	ecrease)	(Decrease)
	 2016	2015	P	Amount	%
Cash and investments	\$ 218.8	\$ 258.6	\$	(39.8)	(15.4)%
Accrued interest receivable	10.5	10.5		-	0.0%
Other current assets	 130.4	97.6		32.8	(33.6)%
Total current assets	359.7	366.7		(7.0)	(1.9)%
Mortgage loans receivable, net	951.5	955.1		(3.6)	(0.4)%
Investments	255.0	240.0		15.0	6.3%
Other assets	 651.5	636.9		14.6	2.3%
Total Assets	2,217.7	2,198.7		19.0	0.9%
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	4.4	3.4		1.0	29.4%
Other current liabilities	270.7	286.0		(15.3)	(5.3)%
Total current liabilities	275.1	289.4		(14.3)	(4.9)%
Bonds payable	1,100.6	1,086.7		13.9	1.3%
Refundable grants	633.5	619.1		14.4	2.3%
Revenue received in advance	 21.8	23.1		(1.3)	(5.6)%
Total liabilities	2,031.0	2,018.3		12.7	0.6%
Net position					
Invested in capital assets	3.6	3.4		0.2	5.9%
Unrestricted	 183.1	177.0		6.1	3.4%
Total Net Position	\$ 186.7	\$ 180.4	\$	6.3	3.5%

# Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016

The following table shows a summary of changes in revenues, expenses and changes in net position between June 30, 2017 and 2016:

# Changes in Net Position (Dollars in Millions)

					Inc	crease	Increase
					(De	crease)	(Decrease)
	2017		2016		Amount		%
Revenues:							
Interest on loans	\$	46.9	\$	45.2	\$	1.7	3.8%
Interest on investments		4.0		10.7		(6.7)	(62.6)%
State assist and bond sales		24.6		22.0		2.6	11.8%
Federal and State grants		91.6		94.4		(2.8)	(3.0)%
Other		3.6		2.5		1.1	44.0%
Total revenues		170.7		174.8		(4.1)	(2.3)%
Expenses:							
Interest on bonds		39.2		41.1		(1.9)	(4.6)%
Mortgage servicing		8.0		5.8		2.2	37.9%
Administrative		23.9		21.9		2.0	9.1%
Grant expense		92.4		95.6		(3.2)	(3.3)%
Professional fees		1.7		1.4		0.3	21.4%
Other		2.5		2.7		(0.2)	(7.4)%
Total expenses		167.7		168.5		(8.0)	(0.5)%
Change in net position		3.0		6.3		(3.3)	(52.4)%
Net position beginning		186.7		180.4		6.3	3.5%
Net position end of year	\$	189.7	\$	186.7	\$	3.0	1.6%

Interest on investments decreased from the prior year's level. This was due to overall decrease in the fair market value of the long-term investment portfolio from the prior year.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016

The following table shows a summary of changes in revenues, expenses and changes in net position between June 30, 2016 and 2015:

# Changes in Net Position (Dollars in Millions)

	\-			crease)	Increase (Decrease)
	2016	2015	`	mount	%
Revenues:					
Interest on loans	\$ 45.2	\$ 45.4	\$	(0.2)	(0.4)%
Interest on investments	10.7	7.2		3.5	48.6%
State assist and bond sales	22.0	22.8		(8.0)	(3.5)%
Federal and State grants	94.4	90.8		3.6	4.0%
Other	2.5	1.8		0.7	38.9%
Total revenues	174.8	168.0		6.8	4.0%
Expenses:					
Interest on bonds	41.1	40.8		0.3	0.7%
Mortgage servicing	5.8	6.4		(0.6)	(9.4)%
Administrative	21.9	21.3		0.6	2.8%
Grant expense	95.6	90.6		5.0	5.5%
Professional fees	1.4	1.3		0.1	7.7%
Other	 2.7	3.0		(0.3)	(10.0)%
Total expenses	 168.5	163.4		5.1	3.1%
Change in net position	 6.3	 4.6		1.7	37.0%
Net position beginning	180.4	175.8		4.6	2.6%
Net position end of year	\$ 186.7	\$ 180.4	\$	6.3	3.5%

### Capital assets and long term debt activity

At June 30, 2017, the Authority had \$3.5 million invested in capital assets consisting primarily of an office building, capital and leasehold improvements to the building, computer equipment and vehicles. Depreciation expense for fiscal year 2017 totaled \$267,737.

During fiscal year 2017, GHFA issued \$197.6 million in serial and term bonds at rates between .94% and 4.1%. During fiscal year 2017, bonds in the amount of \$153.1 million either matured or were called for a net increase of \$46.7 million of bonds outstanding. At June 30, 2017, \$1,178.1 million in revenue bonds was outstanding. Debt service schedules extend to the year 2047.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016

During fiscal year 2016, GHFA issued \$219.0 million in serial and term bonds at rates between .5% and 3.1%. During fiscal year 2016, bonds in the amount of \$206.4 million either matured or were called for a net increase of \$15.4 million of bonds outstanding. At June 30, 2016, \$1,131.4 million in revenue bonds was outstanding.

# **Contacting GHFA's financial management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of GHFA's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact:

Georgia Housing and Finance Authority Attn: Finance Division 60 Executive Park South NE Atlanta, Georgia 30329

# **Statements of Net Position**

	June 30,					
	2017	2016				
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 269,677,857	\$ 218,753,860				
Short-term investments	49,211,970	43,591,967				
Mortgage loans receivable, current portion	31,755,354	19,840,301				
Accrued interest receivable	9,900,494	10,526,482				
Mortgage escrow deposits	57,292,871	50,338,597				
Other current assets	15,999,739	16,613,560				
Total current assets	433,838,285	359,664,767				
NONCURRENT ASSETS						
Long-term investments, net	241,824,851	254,961,843				
Mortgage loans receivable, net	989,748,384	951,543,898				
HOME program loans receivable	635,376,357	633,449,922				
Other loans receivable, net	13,722,358	14,459,333				
Capital assets, net	3,472,732	3,612,477				
Total noncurrent assets	1,884,144,682	1,858,027,473				
Total assets	\$ 2,317,982,967	\$ 2,217,692,240				

# **Statements of Net Position**

	June 30,				
	2017	2016			
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Mortgage bonds payable, current maturities	\$ 31,520,000	\$ 30,775,000			
Accrued interest on bonds	3,202,402	3,095,070			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	4,501,599	4,416,881			
Mortgage escrow deposits held	57,292,871	50,338,597			
Revenue received in advance, current maturities	2,363,635	2,299,843			
Program funds received in advance	226,928,156	184,158,144			
Total current liabilities	325,808,663	275,083,535			
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
Mortgage bonds payable, net	1,146,555,425	1,100,612,861			
Refundable program grants	635,376,357	633,449,922			
Revenue received in advance, net	20,554,922	21,800,571			
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,802,486,704	1,755,863,354			
Total liabilities	2,128,295,367	2,030,946,889			
NET POSITION					
Invested in capital assets	3,472,732	3,612,477			
Unrestricted	186,214,868	183,132,874			
Total net position	189,687,600	186,745,351			
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 2,317,982,967	<u>\$ 2,217,692,240</u>			

# Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes In Net Position

	Years ended June 30,					
		2017		2016		
Operating revenues				_		
Interest on loans	\$	46,914,906	\$	45,202,388		
Interest on investments		9,689,179		7,536,737		
Net (decrease) increase in fair value of investments Administrative fees:		(5,704,180)		3,192,109		
Federal and state assistance programs		22,077,361		19,595,837		
Single family trustee		2,528,163		2,396,724		
Federal and state grant income		91,617,701		94,399,143		
Other miscellaneous income		3,540,814		2,537,083		
Total operating revenues		170,663,944		174,860,021		
Operating expenses						
Interest on bonds		39,177,445		41,136,642		
Mortgage servicing		8,031,211		5,780,526		
Administrative		23,904,954		21,920,752		
Federal and state grant expense		92,397,796		95,575,832		
Professional fees		1,678,238		1,363,904		
Other		2,532,051		2,747,142		
Total operating expenses		167,721,695		168,524,798		
Change in net position		2,942,249		6,335,223		
Net position at beginning of year		186,745,351		180,410,128		
Net position at end of year	\$	189,687,600	\$	186,745,351		

# **Statements of Cash Flows**

	Years ended June 30,					
	2017	2016				
Cash flows from operating activities						
Receipts from loans and investments	\$ 154,865,884	\$ 192,709,031				
Payments to purchase and service mortgage loans	(156,412,549)	(138,089,830)				
Interest payments to bond holders	(39,800,471)	(42,016,220)				
Payments to employees and suppliers	(22,642,608)	(16,655,589)				
Federal and state grants	91,617,701	94,399,143				
Other payments	(19,497,059)	(77,641,255)				
Purchases of other loans	(29,019,330)	(49,739,060)				
Principal repayments on other loans	27,829,870	35,364,461				
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	6,941,438	(1,669,319)				
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Purchases of investments	(79,706,716)	(52,496,123)				
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	81,519,525	4,953,401				
Purchase of capital assets	(127,992)	(590,051)				
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	1,684,817	(48,132,773)				
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Proceeds from issuance of bonds, net of premium	197,600,000	218,955,000				
Principal repayment of bonds, net of discount	(153,130,000)	(206,400,000)				
Cost of bonds issued	(2,172,258)	(2,579,061)				
Net cash provided by financing activities	42,297,742	9,975,939				
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	50,923,997	(39,826,153)				
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	218,753,860	258,580,013				
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 269,677,857	\$ 218,753,860				

# **Statements of Cash Flows**

	Years ended June 30,			
		2017		2016
Reconciliation of change in net position to net cash				
provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Change in net position	\$	2,942,249	\$	6,335,223
Adjustment to reconcile change in net position				
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities				
Depreciation		267,737		398,871
Amortization of mortgage loan premiums and discounts		(730, 358)		(322,040)
Net decrease (increase) in fair value of investments		5,704,180		(3,192,109)
Net decrease in capital appreciation bonds		2,217,564		2,846,410
Decrease in loan loss reserves		-		4
Bond issuance costs on retired bonds		2,902,616		2,901,101
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Issuance of mortgage loans	(1	48,381,338)	,	132,309,308)
Principal repayments of mortgage loans		98,261,799		139,969,906
Purchases of other loans	(	(29,019,330)		(49,739,060)
Principal repayments on other loans		27,829,870		35,364,461
Accrued interest receivable		625,988		(12,536)
Other assets		613,821		(1,466,080)
Refundable HOME program grants		1,926,435		14,357,446
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, and other liabilities		84,718		3,229,827
Accrued interest on bonds		107,332		(557,538)
Program funds received in advance		42,770,012		(18,726,060)
Revenue received in advance		(1,181,857)		(747,837)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	6,941,438	\$	(1,669,319)

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

### Note 1 - Organization and activities

The Georgia Housing and Finance Authority (GHFA or the Authority) was created in 1991 as a body corporate and politic and is deemed an instrumentality of the State of Georgia (the State) and a public corporation performing an essential governmental function. The Authority was created to replace the Georgia Residential Finance Authority and to assume all operations, rights, powers, duties, obligations and liabilities of the Georgia Residential Finance Authority, which was created in 1974. Under the Authority's enabling legislation (the Act), the purposes of the Authority, among others, are the provision of public financing and financial assistance for (i) work designed or financed for the primary purpose of providing safe, decent, energy efficient, appropriate, and affordable dwelling accommodations for persons and families of low or moderate income and (ii) the financing of mortgage loans made for the purposes described in clause (i) or participations therein and the underwriting, servicing and administration of mortgage loans made for the purposes described in clause (i) or participations therein.

The Authority has the power, among others, to purchase notes evidencing loans which are secured by mortgages, to make loans, to acquire and contract to acquire mortgages, to service mortgages, and to make and execute contracts for the servicing of mortgages made or acquired by the Authority, to borrow money and to issue notes, bonds and other obligations subject to the approval of the Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission, and to do any and all things necessary or convenient to carry out its purposes and exercise the powers given and granted to the Authority by the Act.

The Act provides, for administrative purposes only, that the Authority is assigned to the Department of Community Affairs (DCA), which is a legislatively created executive branch department of the State. The members of the Authority's board are the same persons who comprise the DCA board, who are appointed by the Governor. Except for the authorization of the issuance of bonds, the Authority may delegate to its executive director such powers and duties as it may deem proper. The commissioner of DCA is the executive director of the Authority. The Authority may contract with DCA for professional, technical, clerical and administrative support and for any purpose necessary or incidental to carrying out the duties, responsibilities or functions of the Authority. No funds or assets of the Authority will be distributed to DCA or any other department, authority or agency of the State unless otherwise provided by law, except that the Authority may pay reasonable compensation for services rendered and may reimburse expenses incurred and except as may be deemed necessary or desirable by the Authority to fulfill its purposes under the Act.

The powers of the Authority are vested in eighteen members who also comprise the board of DCA and GHFA. Board members are appointed by the Governor and are composed of one member from each United States Congressional District in the State (currently fourteen) plus four additional members from the State at large, and include elected officials of counties or municipalities, individuals with an interest or expertise in community or economic development, environmental issues, housing development or finance or citizens who in the judgment and discretion of the Governor would enhance the board.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

### Note 2 - Housing programs

The following business-type activities of the Authority are classified as proprietary:

#### **Administrative Program**

The Administrative Program activities include income not directly related to the repayment of specific notes or bonds and includes expenses related to the Authority's administrative functions. Administrative Program activities include, but are not limited to, services related to the State's allocation and monitoring of Federal and State low-income housing tax credits (LIHTC). The Administrative Activities program includes the following programs:

#### **Low-Income State Housing Tax Credit**

In 1986, the Authority was designated by the Governor as the State's allocating agency for the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) program. The program was established to promote the development of low-income rental housing through tax incentives, rather than direct subsidies. The LIHTC program is a ten-year Federal tax credit against a taxpayer's ordinary income tax liability which is available (directly or through partnerships) to individuals and corporations who acquire or develop and own qualified low-income rental housing.

### **Single-Family Mortgage Revenue Program**

The Single-Family Mortgage Revenue Program accounts for proceeds of single-family mortgage bonds issued to finance the purchase of single-family mortgage loans for eligible persons and families of low and moderate income within the State of Georgia.

Substantially all single-family mortgage loans made or purchased by the Authority are insured under programs offered by the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) or Veteran's Administration (VA). The Authority also makes or purchases loans with conventional insurance and has a small group of uninsured loans. The Single-Family Mortgage Revenue Program includes the Georgia Dream Program described below:

#### The Georgia Dream Program

The Georgia Dream Program enables the Authority to finance the purchase of housing by Georgia families of low or moderate income. The Authority is authorized to issue low interest rate, tax-exempt revenue bonds to raise funds the proceeds of which are used to provide below market interest rate loans to eligible families. The bonds are to be repaid from collections of scheduled repayments and prepayments of mortgage loans. The bonds are direct obligations of the Authority and not a debt of the State or any political subdivision thereof. The Authority's bond issuance capacity at June 30, 2017 was \$3,000,000,000 in connection with the Georgia Dream Program.

#### **Hospital Finance Authority Program**

The Hospital Equipment Financing Authority (HEFA) was established in 1984 by the Georgia General Assembly under the provisions of the Hospital Equipment Financing Act (the Hospital Act). The Hospital Act empowered HEFA, among other authorized activities, to finance the purchase of hospital equipment by not-for-profit Georgia hospitals. During 1990, the Hospital Act was amended such that HEFA was empowered to finance the acquisition and construction of hospital facilities as well as hospital equipment, and the name of HEFA was also changed to the Hospital Financing Authority (HFA). HFA issued low interest rate, tax-exempt revenue bonds to raise funds which are used to provide below market interest rate loans to eligible hospitals. HFA has no taxing power.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

Effective April 9, 1993, the Georgia General Assembly amended the Hospital Act which governs the operations of HFA. This amendment dissolved HFA as a separate legal entity and merged its operations into the Authority. As of April 9, 1993, all assets and liabilities of HFA were transferred to the Authority. The Authority's bond issuance capacity at June 30, 2017 was \$30,000,000 in connection with the Hospital Finance Authority Program. During 2017 and 2016, there was no activity in the Hospital Finance Authority Program.

### **Other Programs**

# Georgia Housing and Finance Authority Affordable Housing, Inc.

The Georgia Housing and Finance Authority Affordable Housing, Inc. (AHI) was organized to promote nonprofit affordable housing and a system of affordable housing financing for persons in Georgia of low and moderate income or of special housing needs including, but not limited to, the elderly and the mentally and physically disabled. The program provides financial assistance in the form of low interest rate loans and limited assistance to qualified sponsors in the form of grants.

The following programs are included in AHI:

#### **Loan Program**

The Board of Directors may authorize the disbursement of available money from AHI for residential housing projects sponsored by a qualified organization. AHI may consult, as appropriate, with person with interests in housing in order to acquaint them with AHI and to solicit information relating to housing needs, residential housing projects, and criteria for the selection of residential housing projects. The criteria for making disbursement decisions include, but are not limited to, the following:

- a. The number of persons assisted:
- b. The leveraging of money or in-kind services by a qualified sponsor;
- c. The geographic distribution of residential housing projects;
- d. The availability of other forms of assistance; and
- e. Any and all other factors bearing upon the advisability and necessity of the residential housing project.

Funds may also be disbursed from AHI to pay expenses of the Board of Directors, to pay any and all operating expenses, and to pay for professional, technical, and clerical services provided to the Board of Directors.

#### Hardest Hit Fund Program

AHI's Hardest Hit Fund (HHF) program provides loans to unemployed and substantially underemployed homeowners to help them remain in their homes and prevent avoidable foreclosures despite loss of income due to involuntary job loss. The HHF program funds loans to be used to pay mortgage payments, including escrowed items, while the homeowner seeks employment or completes training for a new career. The goal is to provide assistance through 2020 to 12,975 homeowners to prevent foreclosures.

### Georgia Housing and Finance Authority Economic Development Financing, Inc.

The Georgia Housing and Finance Authority Economic Development Financing, Inc. (EDFI) was organized to administer various loan programs, which offer financial assistance to businesses in Georgia.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

The following program is included in EDFI:

#### **State Small Business Credit Initiative**

In fiscal year 2012, the Authority implemented the State Small Business Credit Initiative (SSBCI) which is a small business loan program created by the Small Business Jobs Act of 2010. The State of Georgia was allocated \$47,808,507 in federal funds to increase access to capital for small businesses in Georgia. On December 12, 2016, the State of Georgia was allocated an additional \$216,241 in federal funds from the Treasury. The four Georgia SSBCI programs and the dollar amounts allocated to each is as follows: 1) Georgia Capital Access Program (GCAP), a portfolio insurance program - \$2 million; 2) Georgia Small Business Credit Guarantee (SBCG), a loan guarantee program with a conversion option to a risk reserve pool - \$17,808,507; 3) Georgia Funding for CDFIs, a loan participation program which provides financing to underserved businesses through Community Development Financial Institutions (CDFIs) - \$20 million; and 4) Georgia Loan Participation Program (GA LPP), a loan program where the State purchases a participation of up to 25% of an approved loan ranging from \$100,000 to \$5 million - \$8 million.

All participating lenders in the Georgia SSBCI program must submit an application to be vetted and approved, prior to enrolling loans in the program. Approved lenders then sign a Program Participation Agreement. Although eligibility requirements vary slightly between the four programs, the Georgia SSBCI is primarily designed to serve businesses with 500 or fewer employees, and the target participation amount for SSBCI funds is \$1,250,000 or less. Eligible loan uses include start-up costs, working capital, business acquisition and expansions; franchise financing; equipment; inventory financing; commercial real estate acquisitions, etc.

The Treasury's direct oversight ended on March 31, 2017 with the expiration of the Allocation Agreements between Treasury and each state. Effective June 1, 2017, the two remaining SSBCI programs will be SBCG and GA LPP and the approximate dollar amounts allocated to each are as follows: 1) Georgia SBCG, a loan guarantee program - \$10.8 million. The SBCG Program will provide a 50% loan guarantee on a lender's loan. Each loan covered under the SBCG Program will stand alone with a maximum guarantee of 50%. There will no longer be a conversion option to a risk reserve pool and 2) GA LPP, a loan program where the State purchases a participation of up to 25% of an approved loan ranging from \$100,000 to \$5 million - \$17.2 million.

# **Federal Assistance Programs**

The Federal Assistance Programs account for revenue and expenditures of the following assistance programs:

#### **Emergency Solutions Grant Program**

The Authority receives an annual allocation of federal Emergency Solutions Grant Program funds to provide shelter and essential services to eligible homeless individuals and families. The Authority utilizes these federal funds to provide grants to eligible nonprofit and local government providers serving the 152 counties.

### **Shelter Plus Care Program**

The Authority competes annually for an award of funds under the Shelter Plus Care Program that can provide housing and supportive services on a long-term basis for homeless persons and their families. The federal award of funds may be used for rental assistance by specific project sponsors that, in return, match the federal rental assistance with service funding for the beneficiaries. Upon

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

award of the federal funds to GHFA, the Authority enters into grant agreements with each project sponsor to implement the program.

# **HOME Investment Partnership Program**

The Authority administers the HOME Investment Partnership Program for the State. Under the HOME Program, the Authority receives and approves applications for federal affordable housing funds available under the federal HOME Program provisions of the 1990 National Affordable Housing Act. The Authority receives federal grant HOME program proceeds, for the purpose of funding loans and grants to qualified applicants. The Authority is responsible for each HOME loan and grant recipient maintaining compliance with affordability requirements of the HOME program. The HOME loans are to be repaid out of a portion of the borrowers net cash flow, as defined. Any repayments on HOME loans received by the Authority are required to be used to fund additional HOME activities prior to the draw of additional federal funds from the US Treasury.

#### **Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS Program**

The Authority receives an annual allocation of federal Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS Program funds to provide supportive housing and services to persons living with AIDS and related diseases. The Authority utilizes these funds to provide grants within the state's 126 county entitlement jurisdiction to eligible nonprofit organizations whose mission incorporates the provision of housing and supportive services to persons with AIDS and related diseases.

### **Homelessness Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing Program**

In fiscal year 2010, the Authority implemented the Homelessness Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing program (HPRP). This program provides financial and other assistance to prevent individuals and families becoming homeless and help those who are experiencing homelessness to be quickly re-housed and stabilized. The Authority enters into grant agreements with each project sponsor to implement the program.

#### **Tax Credit Assistance Program**

In fiscal year 2010, the Authority implemented the Tax Credit Assistance program (TCAP). This program provides assistance to eligible low-income housing tax credit projects which are subject to the same limitations as required by the State housing credit agency with respect to an award of low-income housing credits under section 42 of the IRC of 1986.

### **Neighborhood Stabilization Program**

In fiscal year 2010, the Authority implemented the Neighborhood Stabilization program. This program assists in the development of viable urban communities by providing decent housing, a suitable living environment, and expanding economic opportunities, principally for low and moderate income.

### **Tax Credit Exchange Program**

In fiscal year 2010, the Authority implemented the Tax Credit Exchange Program (TCEP) is administered by the Treasury Department and is designed to help stalled LIHTC programs move forward. This program allows the Authority to exchange up to 40% of their 2009 LIHTC allocation for cash grants from the Treasury Department.

### **State Assistance Programs**

The State Assistance Programs account for revenue and expenditures of the following assistance programs:

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

#### **Downtown Development Revolving Loan**

The purpose of the Downtown Development Revolving Loan Fund (DDRLF) is to assist cities, counties and development authorities in their efforts to revitalize and enhance downtown areas by providing below-market rate financing to fund capital projects in core historic downtown areas and adjacent historic neighborhoods where DDRLF will spur commercial redevelopment.

Eligible applicants under this program are municipalities with a population of 100,000 or less, counties with a population of 100,000 or less proposing projects in a core historic commercial area, and development authorities proposing projects in a core historic commercial area in municipalities or counties with a population of 100,000 or less.

The ultimate user of funds may be a private business or a public entity such as a city or development authority. Applicants must demonstrate that they have a viable downtown development project and clearly identify the proposed uses of the loan proceeds. The maximum loan is \$250,000 per project, which must leverage private and/or other public financing. Funds for the DDRLF Program were authorized by the Georgia General Assembly beginning in fiscal year 2000. The program has been sustained by loan repayments and interest income.

### **Regional Economic Business Assistance**

Regional Economic Business Assistance (REBA) is an incentive program that is used to help "close the deal" when companies are considering Georgia and another state or country for their location or expansion. REBA funds may be used to finance various fixed-asset needs of a company including infrastructure, real estate acquisition, construction, or machinery and equipment. A local development authority must be the applicant for a REBA application and the application must be supported by a recommendation letter from a state agency, typically the Georgia Department of Economic Development. The funds for the program are appropriated annually by the Georgia General Assembly. REBA funds may be specified as a grant or a loan, depending upon the letter of recommendation. The recommendation will also authorize the amount of REBA funds available for the project.

#### **Life Sciences Facilities Fund**

Life Sciences Facilities Fund (LSFF) is an incentive program that provides low-cost loan assistance for the purchase of fixed assets to assist with the expansion, retention or relocation of life-science companies targeted by Georgia. The Facilities Fund is intended to be used as an incentive when needed to retain or recruit life-science companies in and to Georgia, or to fill a financing gap that is unmet by the private sector. Funds for the LSFF Program were authorized by the Georgia General Assembly in fiscal year 2005.

#### **State Home Mortgage**

State Home Mortgage was created by the Authority in 1994 to provide in-house loan servicing capabilities for Authority financed single-family and multifamily mortgage loans. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, State Home Mortgage was servicing approximately, 11,775 and 11,568 loans, respectively, or 97% and 92%, respectively, of the Authority's total single-family mortgage loan portfolio, and 100% of the multifamily mortgage loan portfolio.

#### Investment in Georgia HAP Administrators, Inc.

The Authority has a 9% investment interest in Georgia HAP Administrators Inc. (Georgia HAP). The Authority accounts for its investment using the cost method. Under the cost method, the Authority recognizes income on its investment as cash is received. In addition, the Authority earns incentive management fees from Georgia HAP. Total earnings received from Georgia HAP during

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

2017 and 2016 were \$1,235,749 and \$1,124,926, respectively which is included in administrative fees-state assistance programs on the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

#### Note 3 - Summary of significant account policies

The following summarizes the significant accounting policies of the Authority:

#### Financial statement presentation

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the criteria for determining the programs, organizations, and functions of government included in the accompanying basic financial statements are as follows: oversight responsibility, including selection of governing authority, designation of management, and ability to significantly influence operations; accountability for fiscal matters, including budgets, surplus and deficits, debt, fiscal management, and revenue characteristics; scope of public service; and special financing relationships.

For financial reporting purposes, the Authority is a component unit of the State of Georgia. The financial statements of the Authority include the blended component units AHI and EDFI which are reported in the supplemental Schedule of Program Net Position and Schedule of Program Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, No. 37 Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments: Omnibus and No. 38 Certain Financial Statement Note disclosures.

The Authority maintains its accounting records and prepares its financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. The Authority's proprietary activities are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus. This measurement focus emphasizes the determination of changes in net position. Under this method, revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses, including compensated absences, are recognized when the liability is incurred.

During fiscal year 2016, the Authority implemented GASB Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*, which supersedes GASB Statement No.55. The hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) prioritizes the guidance state and local governments follow when preparing financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The implementation of this standard does not have a material effect on the Authority's reporting.

#### **Use of estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

### Cash and cash equivalents and investments

Cash and cash equivalents, as reported in the statements of net position include short-term investment securities with original maturities of three months or less, local government investment pools, repurchase agreements, money market accounts, mutual funds, and investment agreements under which funds can be withdrawn at any time without penalty. Amounts reported as cash and cash equivalents include amounts that are restricted for use under state grants, federal programs, and bond resolutions as shown in Note 4. Investment securities are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices. The Authority's Board of Directors approves the Investment Policies which allow the Authority to utilize valuation pricing provided by the investment advisers and custodians. See Note 4 for discussion of fair value measurements.

Short term investment securities include investment securities with maturities less than twelve months. Long-term investment securities include investment securities with maturities greater than twelve months.

The low credit risk associated with the Authority's investments is primarily due to its strong reliance on securities issued by the U.S. Government and its agencies. As with any fixed income portfolio, there exists market price risk in a changing interest rate environment, and some of the Authority's investments are subject to change in fair value as interest rates fluctuate. This exposure is focused largely within certain classes of mortgage-backed securities, such as collateralized mortgage obligations. These securities are based on cash flows from payments on underlying mortgages. Therefore, they are sensitive to prepayments by mortgagees, which may result from a change in interest rates. The mortgage-backed securities are reported in aggregate as mortgage-backed securities in the disclosure of investments.

#### Mortgage loans receivable

Mortgage loans receivable are stated at their unpaid principal balance less loan discounts. The discounts are amortized using a method approximating a level yield over the estimated average life of the loans. Costs associated with the mortgage loans, including purchased servicing costs, are amortized over the expected average life of the outstanding mortgage loan, which is estimated to be seven years.

Mortgage loans are classified as foreclosures (nonperforming loans) when collection of principal and accrued interest in accordance with the stated terms of the agreement is unlikely. Interest income recognition is discontinued once a loan is considered non-performing which occurs when the loan is placed in foreclosure.

#### Mortgage escrow deposits

In connection with the mortgage loans, the Authority holds various trustee bank accounts on behalf of the mortgagors which consist of escrow deposits for taxes and insurance, replacement reserves, and operating deficit reserves. A corresponding liability is recorded upon receipt by the Authority of the mortgagors' escrow deposits and is included in other current assets on the Statements of Net Position.

#### Real estate owned

Real estate owned represents real estate acquired through foreclosure or deeds-in-lieu and is stated at the lower of cost or fair value less estimated costs to sell. Expenses incurred related to real estate owned are reported on the Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

#### **HOME loans**

HOME loans are recorded at amounts drawn from the federal HOME program and subsequently loaned to the borrower. A liability is recorded to reflect the Authority's obligation to either re-loan or return to the federal government any HOME loan repayments. Because the obligation amount is dependent on the actual HOME loan repayments, no valuation reserve is recorded.

#### **American Recovery and Reinvestment Act Ioans**

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) loans are recorded at amounts drawn from the TCAP, TCEP, and HPRP programs and subsequently loaned to the borrower. Loans made to borrowers under such programs are subject to certain compliance regulations, which must be maintained during the term of the loan. A liability is recorded to reflect the Authority's obligation to return to the federal government any loan repayments which is included in refundable program grants on the Statements of Net Position.

#### Other loans receivable, net

Other loans receivable includes loans to various non-profits and municipalities as well as advances from loan service agreements and miscellaneous receivables.

#### Provision for possible loan losses

Approximately 90% of the Authority's mortgage loans are FHA insured, VA guaranteed, or USDA/RD guaranteed, and the remainder is largely covered by mortgage insurance and/or pool insurance. A small group of loans in the amount of approximately \$39,100,000 and \$35,700,000 are uninsured and dependent on the value of underlying real estate collateral as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. A provision for possible losses on delinquent loans is made when, in the opinion of management, the loan balance exceeds the net realizable value of the underlying collateral, including federal and mortgage pool insurance. Based on the Authority's experience, insured loans have not resulted in any significant losses to the Authority beyond the administrative costs of foreclosure. Collateralized loans historically have not resulted in significant losses. The allowance for possible losses on mortgage loans receivable as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 totaled \$4,500,000 and \$4,500,000, respectively. The allowance includes a provision for accrued interest on foreclosed loans. The allowance for possible losses on other loans receivable as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 totaled \$4,736,392 and \$4,736,392, respectively. The provision for possible losses recognized during the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 totaled \$2,841,161 and \$1,101,556, respectively.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets are stated at cost. Depreciation on property and equipment is calculated on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. In accordance with the Authority's capitalization policy, capital assets under \$25,000 are expensed.

Building 40 years
Capital Improvements 10 years
Vehicles 4 years
Equipment, Computers, and Software 2 - 5 years

#### Impairment of long-lived assets

The Authority reviews its long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. Management

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

evaluates possible impairment events on whether the service utility or use of the long-lived assets decline significantly and unexpectedly. No impairment loss has been recognized during the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

### Bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs and amortization

Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the term of the obligations using a method which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums and discounts are included in the net balance for bonds payable. Issuance costs are expensed when incurred. Accretion income for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$730,358 and \$322,040, respectively. Estimated accretion income for each of the next five ensuing years is approximately \$526,000.

#### **Arbitrage**

The Authority periodically monitors for the existence of any rebatable arbitrage interest, in accordance with IRS regulations, associated with its tax-exempt debt. The rebate is based on the differential between the interests earnings from the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds as compared to the interest expense associated with the respective bonds. Arbitrage rebates are expensed when paid or when, upon determination by management, an arbitrage rebate liability is estimated.

#### Revenue received in advance

Revenue received in advance represents fees received in connection with the LIHTC and Multi-Family (MF) program for compliance monitoring and asset management. The Authority, on behalf of the IRS, is responsible for monitoring compliance with IRS Section 42 by Georgia participants in the LIHTC and MF program. Such monitoring includes performing periodic site visits, property inspections, and tenant eligibility verifications, which are required to be performed annually over the compliance period. Participants are required to maintain compliance with Section 42 for a minimum of 15 years for the LIHTC program and a minimum of 30 years for the MF program. Participants are required to pay the entire amount of compliance monitoring fees at inception. The prepaid amount of fees received are deferred and amortized into income using the straight-line method over the applicable compliance periods.

Participants who receive ARRA funds are also required to pay an asset management fee to the Authority at inception for oversight services in connection with administering the funds over a 14.5 year term. These fees will be amortized into income, using the straight-line method over the service period.

Estimated amortization of all revenue received in advance over the next five years as follows:

Year	Amount				
2018	\$ 2,363,635				
2019	1,978,670				
2020	1,840,726				
2021	1,872,735				
2022	1,877,973				
Thereafter	12,984,818				
Total	\$ 22,918,557				

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

### Program funds received in advance

The Authority has a liability for program funds received in advance as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 of \$226,928,156 and \$184,158,144, respectively. The program funds received in advance are included in the balance of cash and cash equivalents and investments as shown on the Statements of Net Position. The liability will be recognized as revenue as the Authority expends the funds in accordance with the applicable programs requirements. Any program funds received in advance may be required to be returned to the granting authority under terms of the programs. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, the program funds received in advance are as follows:

Program Program	Source		2017	2016		
REBA	State of Georgia	\$	92,003,725	\$	86,569,309	
Hardest Hit Fund	US Department of Treasury		48,968,251		16,379,038	
Tax Credit Assistance Program	State of Georgia		31,789,390		30,988,907	
State Small Business Credit Initiative	US Department of Treasury		16,968,379		21,039,337	
HOME	State of Georgia		10,760,100		2,264,879	
Downtown Development	State of Georgia		9,789,452		9,985,937	
Housing Trust Fund	State of Georgia		8,721,742		9,410,346	
Life Science	State of Georgia		4,169,835		4,286,522	
Other	State of Georgia		3,757,282		3,233,869	
	· ·	\$	226,928,156	\$	184,158,144	

#### **Net position**

Net position is the amount of total assets plus deferred outflows of resources that exceed total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is classified and displayed in three categories in the financial statements.

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributions, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Unrestricted net position* consists of other net position that do not meet the definition of restricted or invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Authority's net position is classified into two categories which are invested in capital assets and unrestricted net position.

#### **Program revenues and expenses**

HOME loan program revenue and a corresponding expense are recognized at the time the HOME loan is closed.

Purchased servicing rights are related to mortgage loans and are received in advance and recognized over the estimated seven-year term that the mortgages are expected to be outstanding.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

Program funds received under grant awards are not recognized as revenue until the related program expenditures and eligibility requirements are incurred.

#### Income taxes

Income received or generated by the Authority is not subject to federal income tax, pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 115. The Authority is exempt from state and local property taxes. Interest paid on obligations issued by the Authority is excludable from the gross income of the recipients, pursuant to Section 103(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Contributions to the Authority are tax deductible contributions, pursuant to Sections 170(b)(1)(A)(v) and 170 (c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

#### Reclassifications

Reclassifications have been made to the prior year balances to conform to the current year presentation.

#### Note 4 - Cash and cash equivalents and investment securities

#### **Investment of funds**

The Act authorizes the Authority to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, its agencies, and instrumentalities; obligations of the State of Georgia; certificates of deposit of financial institutions within the State of Georgia insured by Federal or state depository insurance, interest-bearing time deposits, repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreements, or other similar banking arrangements; and any and all other obligations of investment grade quality, as defined.

The following assets, reporting at fair value and held by the Authority at June 30, 2017, and 2016, were evaluated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 40 for interest rate risk, custodial credit risk, credit risk and concentration of credit risk. All cash and cash equivalents are stated at their actual bank balance values and may differ from book balances and the balance of cash and cash equivalents presented on the Statements of Net Position.

Cash and cash equivalents and investments as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 are presented in the financial statements as follows:

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

	June	e 30,				
	2017	2016				
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Cash	\$ 15,693,626	\$ 8,453,864				
Georgia Fund 1	53,310,611	80,197,197				
Money market accounts	33,844,723	6,417,646				
Cash resticted under grant programs	67,729,104	40,107,852				
Assets restricted under revenue bond resolutions:						
Georgia Fund 1	96,187,960	72,016,243				
Money market accounts	2,911,833	11,561,058				
Total cash and cash equivalents	269,677,857	218,753,860				
Short-term investment securities:						
U.S. Government and agency securities	5,334,825	475,381				
Corporate bonds	3,577,551	248,021				
Foreign bonds	8,744,639	245,049				
Agency mortgage-backed securities	-	688,479				
Non-purpose investments	31,554,955	41,935,037				
Total short-term investment securties	49,211,970	43,591,967				
Long-term investment securities:						
Mortgage-backed securities	32,042,345	49,640,946				
U.S. Government and agency securities	90,803,984	80,889,054				
Corporate MBS/ABS	12,714,740	15,327,576				
Foreign bonds	4,306,803	2,982,437				
Municipal bonds	2,683,984	1,475,421				
Corporate bonds	18,268,034	18,192,502				
Fixed income fund	12,208,323	10,820,694				
Assets restricted under revenue bond resolutions:						
Investment agreements	22,661,370	23,588,022				
Agency mortgage-backed securities	39,066,917	47,886,635				
U.S.Government and agency securities	1,450,389	1,557,344				
GNMA MBS	5,617,962	2,601,212				
Total long-term investment securties	241,824,851	254,961,843				
Total cash and cash equivalents and investment securities	\$ 560,714,678	\$ 517,307,670				

### Investment fair value measurements

The Authority has adopted GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This statement establishes a hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 quoted market prices in active markets
- Level 2 inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 unobservable inputs

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

The Authority has investments in securities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis in the financial statements. The Authority uses a three level hierarchy for determining fair value and a financial asset or liability classification within the hierarchy is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The following table presents the financial assets that the Authority measured at fair value:

2017	1		2	3	Total
U.S. Government and agency securities	\$ 97,589,198	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 97,589,198
Mortgage-backed securities	76,727,224		-	· -	76,727,224
Corporate MBS/ABS	12,714,740		-	-	12,714,740
Foreign bonds	13,051,442		-	-	13,051,442
Investment agreements	-		-	22,661,370	22,661,370
Non-purpose investments	-		31,554,955	-	31,554,955
Fixed income fund	-		-	12,208,323	12,208,323
Municipal bonds	2,683,984		-	-	2,683,984
Corporate bonds	21,845,585		-		21,845,585
	\$ 224,612,173	\$	31,554,955	\$ 34,869,693	\$ 291,036,821
			Level		
2016	1		2	3	Total
	\$ 82.921.779	\$			
U.S. Government and agency securities	+,,	Ф	-	\$ -	+,,
Mortgage-backed securities Corporate MBS/ABS	100,817,272		-	-	100,817,272 15,327,576
Foreign bonds	15,327,576		-	-	3,227,486
Investment agreements	3,227,486		-	23,588,022	23,588,022
Non-purpose investments	-		41,935,037	23,300,022	41,935,037
Fixed income fund	1,475,421		41,933,037	10,820,694	12,296,115
Corporate bonds	18,440,523		_	10,020,094	18,440,523
Corporate borius					<del></del>
	\$ 222,210,057	\$	41,935,037	\$ 34,408,716	\$ 298,553,810

The fair value of the financial assets listed below was determined by using level 3 inputs (inputs that are unobservable, uninsured and unregistered investment for which the securities are held by the broker, dealer, or their agent but not in the Authority's name) as of June 30, 2017 and 2016.

The following table sets forth a summary of changes in the fair value of the Authority's level 3 assets for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

2017	Investr	ment Agreements	Fixe	d Income Fund	Total
Balance, beginning of year Realized gains (losses)	\$	23,588,022	\$	10,820,694	\$ 34,408,716 -
Unrealized gains (losses) relating to instruments still held at the reporting date Purchases		- (222.252)		1,387,629 -	1,387,629
Sales Transfers in and/or out of level 3		(926,652)		-	(926,652)
Balance, end of year	\$	22,661,370	\$	12,208,323	\$ 34,869,693

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

2016	Invest	ment Agreements	Fixe	d Income Fund	Total		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	25,671,695	\$	11,158,468	\$36,830,163		
Realized gains (losses)		-		-	-		
Unrealized gains (losses) relating to instruments							
still held at the reporting date		-		(337,774)	(337,774)		
Purchases		-		-	-		
Sales		(2,083,673)		-	(2,083,673)		
Transfers in and/or out of level 3		-		-			
Balance, end of year	\$	23,588,022	\$	10,820,694	\$34,408,716		

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Authority manages interest rate risk by attempting to match investment maturities and interest payment terms with expected cash requirements and maturities of the related bond series. Negative amounts represent net short position for securities purchased, but not yet settled. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, interest income from investments totals \$3,984,999 and \$10,728,846, respectively, and accrued interest outstanding totals \$964,255 and \$730,662, respectively. The maturities of investments as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

						Investment ma	turi	ties as of Jun	е 3	0, 2017		
		Total		Less than							More than	
		Fair Value		3 Months	4	4 - 12 Months		1 - 5 Years	6	6 - 10 Years		10 Years
Cash and cash equivalents:												
Cash	\$	15,693,626	\$	15,693,626	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Georgia Fund 1		53,310,611		53,310,611		-		-		-		-
Money market accounts		33,844,723		33,844,723		-		-		-		-
Cash resticted under State grant programs		67,729,104		67,729,104		-		-		-		-
Assets restricted under revenue bond resolutions:												
Georgia Fund 1		96,187,960		96,187,960		-		-		-		-
Money market accounts		2,911,833		2,911,833		-		-		-		-
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	269,677,857	\$	269,677,857	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Short-term investment securities:												
U.S. Government and agency securities	\$	5,334,825	Ф		\$	5,334,825	Φ		\$		\$	
Corporate bonds	φ	3,577,551	φ	-	φ	3,577,551	φ	-	φ	-	φ	-
Foreign bonds		8,744,639		-		8,744,639		-		-		-
Non-purpose investments		31,554,955		-		31,554,955		-		-		-
Total short-term investment securities	•	49,211,970	¢		\$	49,211,970	Φ		\$		\$	
Total Short-term investment securities	Ψ	49,211,970	φ		φ	49,211,970	φ	-	φ	-	φ	
Long-term investment securities:												
Mortgage-backed securities	\$	32,042,345	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,754	\$	1,057,839	\$	30,959,752
U.S. Government and agency securities		90,803,984		-		-		72,493,089		11,537,233		6,773,662
Corporate MBS/ABS		12,714,740		-		-		2,677,483		1,920,108		8,117,149
Foreign bonds		4,306,803		-		-		3,133,624		881,365		291,814
Bank CDs		2,683,984		-		-		2,683,984		-		-
Corporate bonds		18,268,034		-		-		10,358,398		7,249,310		660,326
Fixed income fund		12,208,323		-		-		12,208,323		-		-
Assets restricted under revenue bond resolutions:												
Investment agreements		22,661,370		-		-		2,808,226		5,013,988		14,839,156
Agency mortgage-backed securities		39,066,917		-		-		-		-		39,066,917
U.S. Government and agency securities		1,450,389		-		-		1,450,389		-		-
GNMA MBS		5,617,962		-		-		25,604		689,518		4,902,840
Total long-term investment securities	\$	241,824,851	\$	-	\$	-	\$	107,863,874	\$	28,349,361	\$	105,611,616

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

						Investment ma	turi	ties as of June	e 30	, 2016			
		Total		Less than			More than						
		Fair Value		3 Months		4 - 12 Months		1 - 5 Years	6	- 10 Years		10 Years	
Cash and cash equivalents Cash	\$	8,453,864	\$	8,453,864	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Georgia Fund 1		80,197,197		80,197,197		-		-		-		•	
Money market accounts  Cash restricted under State grant programs  Assets restricted under revenue bond resolutions		6,417,646 40,107,852		6,417,646 40,107,852				-		-		-	
Georgia Fund 1		72,016,243		72,016,243		_						_	
Money market accounts		11,561,058		11,561,058		_				-			
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	218,753,860	\$	218,753,860	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
				-,,									
Short-term investment securities	Φ.	475.004	•		•	475.004	•		•		r		
U.S. Government and agency securities	\$	475,381	Þ	•	\$	475,381	Þ	-	\$	-	\$	•	
Corporate bonds		248,021		-		248,021 245.049		•		•		-	
Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities		245,049 688,479		•		688,479		•		•		•	
Non-purpose investments		41,935,037		-		41,935,037		•		•		-	
Total short-term investment securities	\$	43,591,967	\$		\$	43,591,967	\$		\$		\$	<del></del>	
Long-term investment securities													
Mortgage-backed securities	\$	49,640,946	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,663	\$	408,489	\$	49,226,794	
U.S. Government and agency securities		80,889,054		-		-		71,892,114		6,928,980		2,067,960	
Corporate MBS/ABS		15,327,576		-		-		2,295,396		3,338,948		9,693,232	
Foreign bonds		2,982,437		-		-		2,497,045		308,087		177,305	
Municipal bonds		1,475,421		-		-		1,475,421		-		-	
Corporate bonds		18,192,502		-		-		10,567,383		6,897,466		727,653	
Fixed income bonds		10,820,694		•		-		10,820,694		-		-	
Assets restricted under revenue bond resolutions:													
Investment agreements		23,588,022		-		-		2,808,226		2,809,670		17,970,126	
Agency mortgage-backed securities		47,886,635		•		-				-		47,886,635	
U.S. Government and agency securities		1,557,344		•		-		1,557,344		-		4 707 000	
GNMA MBS	•	2,601,212	ŕ	•	r	-	Û	400 040 000	Φ	863,284	ď	1,737,928	
Total long-term investment securities	\$	254,961,843	Þ	-	\$	-	Þ	103,919,286	Þ	21,554,924	\$	129,487,633	

#### Custodial credit risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover all or a portion of the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, all of the Authority's investments were insured, registered, or for which the securities were held by the Authority or its agent in the Authority's name.

#### Credit risk and concentration of credit risk

Credit quality risk is the risk that the issuer or other guarantor of an investment will not fulfill its payment obligations. Some investments, such as U.S. Treasuries and GNMA securities, are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government and are considered to have minimal credit risk. Other investments are in government agency, corporate, money market funds and bank debt securities, which have been categorized based on the issuer's credit rating by Standard & Poor's. These debt securities are not typically collateralized except in the case of mortgage-backed securities. The Authority has selected high quality debt investments in order to minimize its exposure to loss due to credit risk. The Authority maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which at Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured financial institutions. Any deposits in excess of federally insured limits are collateralized by U.S. Government and Agency securities held by the Georgia Bankers Association in the State Treasurer's collateral pool for that

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

institution, as defined. The Authority has not experienced any losses in connection with its investments as a result of credit risk. The exposure of the Authority's debt securities to credit quality risk as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

Cach and ceath equivalence:   Cach			Total	Go	vernment					Stan	dard & Poor's (	Credi	t Rating as of	June :	30, 2017				
Case   Security   Se		F					AAA		AA								CCC	N	ot Rated
Control   Cont	Cash and cash equivalents:																		
Montain particular programs   Apaste statical under revolute resorute particular programs   Apaste statical under revolute particular particular programs   Apaste statical under revolute particular particula	Cash	\$	15,693,626	\$	-	\$	15,277,976	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	415,650
Cach incident under Stitle grant programs   1972   1965   1972	Georgia Fund 1		53,310,611		-		53,310,611		-		-		-		-		-		-
Accordance   Section   S	Money market accounts		33,844,723		-		30,136,059		-		-		-		-		-		3,708,664
Section   Sect	Cash resticted under State grant programs		67,729,104		-		67,729,104		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total cash and cache pulswintens   \$29118.38   \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Assets restricted under revenue bond resolutions	à:																	
Total term investment ecourities:	Georgia Fund 1		96,187,960		-				-		-		-		-		-		-
Standard Investment securities:					-						•		-		•		-		-
S.	Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	269,677,857	\$	-	\$	265,553,543	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,124,314
S.	Short-term investment securities:																		
Composite broads		\$	5.334.825	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4.337.925	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	996,900
Profession browshemeries   3,144,639   3, 241,970   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5	• •				-		-		-		1.013.626		2.563.925				-		-
Non-purpose investmentes			8,744,639		-		-		-				21,994		-		-		8,222,662
Total for the investment securities					-		-		-						-		-	3	1,554,955
Mortgage-banded securities   9,8043594	• •	\$	49,211,970	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,337,925	\$	1,513,609	\$	2,585,919	\$	-	\$	-		0,774,517
Mortgage-banded securities   9,8043594		_																	
U.S. agency securities	-									_									
Comporate MBS/ABS		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Pose   December   De	• •				-										-				-
Part   Comporate bands   18,288,984	•				-												120,945		158,441
Fixed Income fund   12,008,323	•				-				160,277		1,323,813		1,734,516		210,380		-		-
Copporate bronds			, ,		-				-		-		-		-		-		2,683,984
Agency mortgage-backed securities   Capacity   Capaci					-				-		-		-		-		-	1	2,208,323
Many memory	•		18,268,034		-		777,347		2,001,695		6,818,805		8,670,187		-		-		-
Segency accurities   30,666,917		ś.	00 004 070				F 000 000		7 404 745		0.074.500								
Section   Sect	· ·				-		5,268,062				9,971,593		-		•		-		-
CANNA MES   S.617.962   S.18.288,733   S.18.747.223   S.18.779.287   S.10.627.535   S.20.300   S.10.2945   S.10.					-		4 450 000		39,066,917		-		-		-		-		-
Total and cash equivalents   S					-						-		-		-		-		-
Total   Pair Value   Securities   AAA   AA   A   A   BBB   BB   CCC   N		_		¢	-	•		•		•		•	10 627 525	•	210 200	•	120.045	¢ 1	5,050,748
Fair Value   Securities   Sec	Total long-term investment securities	<u> </u>	241,824,831	ð		ð	18,288,733	à	178,747,223	Þ	18,779,287	à	10,027,030	ð	210,380	ð	120,945	)	5,050,748
Fair Value   Securities   Sec										_									
Cash and cash equivalents:   Cash   S										Stan		Credi		June :					
Cash   Sa,453,864   Sa,7,797,607   Sa,	Oach and each ambalante		Fair Value	S	ecurities		AAA		AA		A		BBB		BB		CCC	N	ot Rated
Georgia Fund 1		•	0.450.004	•		•	7 707 007	•		•				•		•		•	050 057
Money market accounts		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	-	\$	656,257
Assets restricted under State grant programs Assets restricted under revenue bond resolutions: Georgia Fund 1 7, 2,016,243 7,2	•				-				-		•		-		•		-		-
Assets restricted under revenue bond resolutions:   Georgia Fund 1	•				-		1,948,905		-		-		•		-		-		4,468,741
Georgia Fund 1			40,107,852				40 407 050										-		-
Money market accounts					-		40,107,852		-				•		-				
Short-term investment securities:   U.S. agency securities   \$475,381   \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$475,049   \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Cassis Fred 1	3:	70.040.040		-				-				-		-		-		-
Short-term investment securities:   U.S. agency securities   \$475,381 \$ - \$ - \$ 475,381 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	•	3:					72,016,243		-		-		-			¢			
U.S. agency securities \$475,381 \$ - \$ - \$ 475,381 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ Corporate bonds 248,021   - 2 - 2 70,153 177,868   - 3 - 3 - 5 - \$ Corporate bonds 248,049   - 2 245,049   - 3 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3	Money market accounts		11,561,058	¢	-	e	72,016,243 11,561,058	¢	-	e	-	e	-	¢	-	Ψ		Ф	- 5 124 009
U.S. agency securities \$475,381 \$ - \$ - \$ 475,381 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ Corporate bonds 248,021   - 2 - 2 70,153 177,868   - 3 - 3 - 5 - \$ Corporate bonds 248,049   - 2 245,049   - 3 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3	Money market accounts		11,561,058	\$	-	\$	72,016,243 11,561,058	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -		-	\$	- 5,124,998
Corporate bonds         248,021         -         -         -         70,153         177,868         -         -           Foreign bonds         245,049         -         245,049         -         245,049         - <td>Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents</td> <td></td> <td>11,561,058</td> <td>\$</td> <td>-</td> <td>\$</td> <td>72,016,243 11,561,058</td> <td>\$</td> <td>- - -</td> <td>\$</td> <td>- - -</td> <td>\$</td> <td>- - -</td> <td>\$</td> <td>- - - -</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>\$</td> <td>- 5,124,998</td>	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents		11,561,058	\$	-	\$	72,016,243 11,561,058	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - - -		-	\$	- 5,124,998
Foreign bonds   245,049   245,049	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents Short-term investment securities:	\$ :	11,561,058 218,753,860	·	-		72,016,243 11,561,058				- - -		- - -			¢	-		- 5,124,998
Agency mortgage-backed securities	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities	\$ :	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381	·	-		72,016,243 11,561,058				-		-			\$	-		- 5,124,998 -
Non-purpose investments	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds	\$ :	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021	·	-		72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862				-		-			\$	-		- 5,124,998 - -
Total short-term investment securities	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds	\$ :	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049	·	-		72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862 - - 245,049				- 70,153 -		- 177,868 -			\$	<u>-</u> - -		- 5,124,998 - - -
Long-term investment securities:   Mortgage-backed securities   \$49,640,946   \$ - \$ - \$ 49,640,946   \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ . \$ . \$	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities	\$ :	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049 688,479	·	-		72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862 - - 245,049				- 70,153 -		- 177,868 -		- - - - - - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	
Mortgage-backed securities \$ 49,640,946 \$ - \$ - \$ 49,640,946 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ U.S. agency securities 80,889,054	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities Non-purpose investments	\$ :	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049 688,479 41,935,037	\$	- - - - - -	\$	72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862 - - 245,049 517,049	\$	475,381 - - - -	\$	70,153 - 171,430	\$	- 177,868 - - -	\$	- - - - - - - -	Ť	- - - -	\$	- - - - - 1,935,037
Mortgage-backed securities         \$ 49,640,946         \$ - \$ 49,640,946         \$ - \$ 49,640,946         \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$           U.S. agency securities         80,889,054         - 80,889,054         - 80,889,054         - 10,222,372         1,666,114         2,151,254         809,965         164,708         313,163           Foreign bonds         2,982,437         - 10,945,507         - 11,105,352         563,232         219,346	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities Non-purpose investments	\$ :	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049 688,479 41,935,037	\$	- - - - - -	\$	72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862 - - 245,049 517,049	\$	475,381 - - - -	\$	70,153 - 171,430	\$	- 177,868 - - -	\$		Ť	- - - -	\$	
U.S. agency securities 80,889,054 - 80,889,054 - 80,889,054 - 10,222,372 1,666,114 2,151,254 809,965 164,708 313,163 Foreign bonds 2,982,437 - 1,094,507 - 1,105,352 563,232 219,346 - Fixed income funds 10,820,694  Corporate bonds 1,475,421 - 1,475,421  Corporate bonds 18,192,502 - 434,049 1,130,700 6,203,363 10,336,415 87,975  Assets restricted under revenue bond resolutions:  Investment agreements 23,588,022 - 15,239,662 8,348,360  Agency mortgage-backed securities 47,886,635 47,886,635  GNMA MBS 2,601,212 2,601,212	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities Non-purpose investments Total short-term investment securities	\$ :	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049 688,479 41,935,037	\$	- - - - - -	\$	72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862 - - 245,049 517,049	\$	475,381 - - - -	\$	70,153 - 171,430	\$	- 177,868 - - -	\$		Ť	- - - -	\$	- - - - - 1,935,037
Corporate MBS/ABS         15,327,576         -         10,222,372         1,666,114         2,151,254         809,965         164,708         313,163           Foreign bonds         2,982,437         -         1,094,507         -         1,105,352         563,232         219,346         -           Fixed income funds         10,820,694         -	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities Non-purpose investments Total short-term investment securities  Long-term investment securities:	\$ :	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049 688,479 41,935,037 43,591,967	\$	- - - - - -	\$	72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862 - - 245,049 517,049	\$	475,381 - - - - - 475,381	\$	70,153 - 171,430	\$	- 177,868 - - -	\$		\$	- - - -	\$ 4	- - - - - 1,935,037
Foreign bonds         2,982,437         -         1,094,507         -         1,105,352         563,232         219,346         -           Fixed income funds         10,820,694         -	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities Non-purpose investments Total short-term investment securities  Long-term investment securities: Mortgage-backed securities	\$ :	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049 41,935,037 43,591,967	\$	- - - - - -	\$	72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862 - - 245,049 517,049 - 762,098	\$	475,381 - - - - - 475,381 49,640,946	\$	70,153 - 171,430	\$	- 177,868 - - -	\$		\$	- - - -	\$ 4	- - - - - 1,935,037
Fixed income funds         10,820,694         -<	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities Non-purpose investments Total short-term investment securities  Long-term investment securities: Mortgage-backed securities U.S. agency securities	\$ :	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049 688,479 41,935,037 43,591,967 49,640,946 80,889,054	\$	- - - - - -	\$	72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862 245,049 517,049 - 762,098	\$	475,381 - - - - - 475,381 49,640,946 80,889,054	\$	70,153 - 171,430 - 241,583	\$	- 177,868 - - - - 177,868	\$	- - - - - -	\$	- - - - - - -	\$ 4	- - - - - 1,935,037
Municipal bonds         1,475,421         -         1,475,421         - <t< td=""><td>Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities Non-purpose investments Total short-term investment securities  Long-term investment securities: Mortgage-backed securities U.S. agency securities Corporate MBS/ABS</td><td>\$ :</td><td>11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049 688,479 41,935,037 43,591,967 49,640,946 80,889,054 15,327,576</td><td>\$</td><td>- - - - - -</td><td>\$</td><td>72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862  245,049 517,049 - 762,098</td><td>\$</td><td>475,381 - - - - - 475,381 49,640,946 80,889,054</td><td>\$</td><td>70,153 - 171,430 - 241,583</td><td>\$</td><td>177,868 - - - 177,868 - - - - 809,965</td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td>- - - - - - -</td><td>\$ 4</td><td>- - - - - 1,935,037</td></t<>	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities Non-purpose investments Total short-term investment securities  Long-term investment securities: Mortgage-backed securities U.S. agency securities Corporate MBS/ABS	\$ :	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049 688,479 41,935,037 43,591,967 49,640,946 80,889,054 15,327,576	\$	- - - - - -	\$	72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862 245,049 517,049 - 762,098	\$	475,381 - - - - - 475,381 49,640,946 80,889,054	\$	70,153 - 171,430 - 241,583	\$	177,868 - - - 177,868 - - - - 809,965	\$		\$	- - - - - - -	\$ 4	- - - - - 1,935,037
Corporate bonds         18,192,502         -         434,049         1,130,700         6,203,363         10,336,415         87,975         -           Assets restricted under revenue bond resolutions:         Investment agreements         23,588,022         -         15,239,662         8,348,360         -	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities Non-purpose investments Total short-term investment securities  Long-term investment securities: Mortgage-backed securities U.S. agency securities Corporate MBS/ABS Foreign bonds	\$ :	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049 688,479 41,935,037 43,591,967 49,640,946 80,889,054 15,327,576 2,982,437	\$	- - - - - -	\$	72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862 245,049 517,049 - 762,098	\$	475,381 - - - - - 475,381 49,640,946 80,889,054	\$	70,153 - 171,430 - 241,583 - 2,151,254 1,105,352	\$	177,868 177,868 177,868 809,965 563,232	\$		\$	- - - - - - -	\$ 4 4 4 4 5 4 4	1,935,037 1,935,037
Assets restricted under revenue bond resolutions:       23,588,022       -       15,239,662       8,348,360       -       -       -       -         Agency mortgage-backed securities       47,886,635       -       47,886,635       -       -       -       -         U.S. agency securities       1,557,344       -       1,557,344       -       -       -       -         GNMA MBS       2,601,212       -       2,601,212       -	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities Non-purpose investments Total short-term investment securities  Long-term investment securities: Mortgage-backed securities U.S. agency securities Corporate MBS/ABS Foreign bonds Fixed income funds	\$ :	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049 688,479 41,935,037 43,591,967 49,640,946 80,889,054 15,327,576 2,982,437 10,820,694	\$	- - - - - -	\$	72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862 	\$	475,381 - - - - - 475,381 49,640,946 80,889,054	\$	70,153 - 171,430 - 241,583 	\$	177,868 - - - 177,868 - - - - - - 809,965 563,232	\$	- - - - 164,708 219,346	\$	- - - - - - -	\$ 4 4 4 4 5 4 4	- - - - - 1,935,037
Investment agreements         23,588,022         -         15,239,662         8,348,360         -	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities Non-purpose investments Total short-term investment securities  Long-term investment securities: Mortgage-backed securities U.S. agency securities Corporate MBS/ABS Foreign bonds Fixed income funds Municipal bonds	\$ :	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049 688,479 41,935,037 43,591,967 49,640,946 80,889,054 15,327,576 2,982,437 10,820,694 1,475,421	\$	- - - - - -	\$	72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862 - - 245,049 517,049 - 762,098 - 10,222,372 1,094,507 - 1,475,421	\$	475,381 	\$	70,153 171,430 241,583 - 2,151,254 1,105,352	\$	177,868 - 177,868 - 177,868 - 1809,965 - 1809,965 - 1809,965	\$	- - - - 164,708 219,346	\$	- - - - - - -	\$ 4 4 4 4 5 4 4	1,935,037 1,935,037
Agency mortgage-backed securities       47,886,635       -       -       47,886,635       -	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities Non-purpose investments Total short-term investment securities  Long-term investment securities: Mortgage-backed securities U.S. agency securities Corporate MBS/ABS Foreign bonds Fixed income funds Municipal bonds Corporate bonds	\$ \$	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049 688,479 41,935,037 43,591,967 49,640,946 80,889,054 15,327,576 2,982,437 10,820,694 1,475,421	\$	- - - - - -	\$	72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862 - - 245,049 517,049 - 762,098 - 10,222,372 1,094,507 - 1,475,421	\$	475,381 	\$	70,153 171,430 241,583 - 2,151,254 1,105,352	\$	177,868 - 177,868 - 177,868 - 1809,965 - 1809,965 - 1809,965	\$	- - - - 164,708 219,346	\$	- - - - - - -	\$ 4 4 4 4 5 4 4	1,935,037 1,935,037
U.S. agency securities 1,557,344 - 1,557,344 GNMA MBS 2,601,212 2,601,212	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities Non-purpose investments Total short-term investment securities  Long-term investment securities: Mortgage-backed securities U.S. agency securities U.S. agency securities Corporate MBS/ABS Foreign bonds Fixed income funds Municipal bonds Corporate bonds Assets restricted under revenue bond resolutions	\$ \$	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049 688,479 41,935,037 43,591,967 49,640,946 80,889,054 15,327,576 2,982,437 10,820,694 1,475,421 18,192,502	\$	- - - - - -	\$	72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862 245,049 517,049 - 762,098 10,222,372 1,094,507 - 1,475,421 434,049	\$	475,381 	\$	70,153 171,430 241,583 - 2,151,254 1,105,352	\$	177,868 - 177,868 - 177,868 - 1809,965 - 1809,965 - 1809,965	\$	- - - - 164,708 219,346	\$	- - - - - - -	\$ 4 4 4 4 5 4 4	1,935,037 1,935,037
GNMA MBS 2,601,212 2,601,212	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities Non-purpose investments Total short-term investment securities  Long-term investment securities: Mortgage-backed securities U.S. agency securities U.S. agency securities Corporate MBS/ABS Foreign bonds Fixed income funds Municipal bonds Corporate bonds Assets restricted under revenue bond resolutions Investment agreements	\$ \$	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049 688,479 41,935,037 43,591,967 49,640,946 80,889,054 15,327,576 2,982,437 10,820,694 1,475,421 18,192,502 23,588,022	\$	- - - - - -	\$	72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862 245,049 517,049 - 762,098 10,222,372 1,094,507 - 1,475,421 434,049	\$	475,381 	\$	70,153 171,430 241,583 - 2,151,254 1,105,352	\$	177,868 - 177,868 - 177,868 - 1809,965 - 1809,965 - 1809,965	\$	- - - - 164,708 219,346	\$	- - - - - - -	\$ 4 4 4 4 5 4 4	1,935,037 1,935,037
	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities Non-purpose investments Total short-term investment securities  Long-term investment securities: Mortgage-backed securities U.S. agency securities Corporate MBS/ABS Foreign bonds Fixed income funds Municipal bonds Corporate bonds Assets restricted under revenue bond resolutions Investment agreements Agency mortgage-backed securities	\$ \$	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049 688,479 41,935,037 43,591,967 49,640,946 80,889,054 15,327,576 2,982,437 10,820,694 1,475,421 18,192,502 23,588,022 47,886,635	\$	- - - - - -	\$	72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862 245,049 517,049 - 762,098 10,222,372 1,094,507 - 1,475,421 434,049	\$	475,381 49,640,946 80,889,054 1,666,114 1,130,700 8,348,360 47,886,635	\$	70,153 171,430 241,583 - 2,151,254 1,105,352	\$	177,868 - 177,868 - 177,868 - 1809,965 - 1809,965 - 1809,965	\$	- - - - 164,708 219,346	\$	- - - - - - -	\$ 4 4 4 4 5 4 4	1,935,037 1,935,037
10/an ining-term investment securities \$ 204,301,040 \$ - \$ 204,001 \$ 133,120,300 \$ 9,409,300 \$ 11,709,012 \$ 472,029 \$ 313,103 \$	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities Non-purpose investments Total short-term investment securities  Long-term investment securities: Mortgage-backed securities U.S. agency securities Corporate MBS/ABS Foreign bonds Fixed income funds Municipal bonds Corporate bonds Assets restricted under revenue bond resolutions Investment agreements Agency mortgage-backed securities U.S. agency securities	\$ \$	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049 688,479 41,935,037 43,591,967 49,640,946 80,889,054 15,327,576 2,982,437 10,820,694 1,475,421 18,192,502 47,886,635 1,557,344	\$	- - - - - -	\$	72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862 245,049 517,049 - 762,098 10,222,372 1,094,507 - 1,475,421 434,049	\$	475,381 	\$	70,153 171,430 241,583 - 2,151,254 1,105,352	\$	177,868 - 177,868 - 177,868 - 1809,965 - 1809,965 - 1809,965	\$	- - - - 164,708 219,346	\$	- - - - - - -	\$ 4 4 4 4 5 4 4	1,935,037 1,935,037
	Money market accounts Total cash and cash equivalents  Short-term investment securities: U.S. agency securities Corporate bonds Foreign bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities Non-purpose investments Total short-term investment securities  Long-term investment securities: Mortgage-backed securities U.S. agency securities Corporate MBS/ABS Foreign bonds Fixed income funds Municipal bonds Corporate bonds Assets restricted under revenue bond resolutions Investment agreements Agency mortgage-backed securities U.S. agency securities U.S. agency securities	\$ :	11,561,058 218,753,860 475,381 248,021 245,049 688,479 41,935,037 43,591,967 49,640,946 80,889,054 15,327,576 2,982,437 10,820,694 1,475,421 18,192,502 47,886,635 1,557,344 2,601,212	\$		\$	72,016,243 11,561,058 213,628,862 245,049 517,049 - 762,098 - 10,222,372 1,094,507 1,475,421 434,049 15,239,662 	\$	475,381 	\$	70,153 171,430 - 241,583 - - 2,151,254 1,105,352 - - 6,203,363	\$ \$	177,868 	\$ \$	164,708 219,346 - 87,975	\$	313,163	\$ \$ 4	1,935,037 1,935,037

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

### Note 5 - Mortgage loans receivable

The Authority's single-family bond programs are designed to provide mortgage loans to qualified home-buyers within the State of Georgia. The Authority's guidelines generally require the mortgage loans to be either FHA insured, guaranteed by the Department of Veterans Affairs or conventionally financed with traditional primary mortgage insurance; and, in the case of pre-1987 single-family programs, insured with mortgage pool policies. A small portion of the Authority's mortgage loans are uninsured. However, uninsured loans are collateralized with a first mortgage on the underlying real estate. Interest on mortgage loans receivable range from 2.875% to 10.750% per annum as of June 30, 2017. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, interest income from mortgage loans receivable totals \$46,914,906 and \$45,202,388, respectively, and accrued interest outstanding totals \$8,936,239 and \$9,795,820, respectively. Mortgage loans receivable, net consist of the following at June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	June	e 30,
	2017	2016
Single-family mortgage loans (2.875% to 10.750%):		
FHA insured	\$ 934,150,151	\$ 879,651,477
Conventional insured	46,631,955	53,486,021
VA insured	9,222,776	11,174,485
Conventional uninsured	39,071,435	35,658,756
	1,029,076,317	979,970,739
Less allowance for loan losses	(4,500,000)	(4,500,000)
	1,024,576,317	975,470,739
Less current portion of mortgage loan receivable	(31,755,354)	(19,840,301)
	992,820,963	955,630,438
Less real estate owned	(3,072,579)	(4,086,540)
Long-term portion of mortgage loans receivable, net	\$ 989,748,384	\$ 951,543,898

In connection with the mortgage loans, the Authority holds various trustee bank accounts on behalf of the mortgagors which consist of escrow deposits for taxes and insurance, replacement reserves, and operating deficit reserves. A corresponding liability is recorded upon receipt by the Authority of the mortgagors' escrow deposits. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, amount held in such escrows total \$22,760,872 and \$19,461,163, respectively, which are included in mortgage escrow deposits on the Statements of Net Position. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, real estate owned properties in the amount of \$3,072,579 and \$4,086,540, respectively, are included in other current assets on the Statements of Net Position.

#### Note 6 - HOME loans receivable and refundable home grant proceeds

The Authority acts as an intermediary on behalf of the federal government under the HOME Program provisions of the 1990 National Affordable Housing Act. Applicants include entities developing multifamily low-income housing properties. Qualified applicants are issued loans using grant proceeds the Authority receives from the federal government. These loans generally do not have required scheduled payments of principal or interest. Instead, the loans require payment of interest to the extent of a portion of net cash flows, as defined, of the borrowers. These loans generally are nonrecourse and are collateralized by a subordinated mortgage on the underlying property of the borrower. Any repayments the Authority receives on these loans are required to be

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

repaid to the federal government or used to fund new HOME loans. The Authority accounts for the loans receivable at the face value of the loans. A corresponding liability is recorded in the same amount to reflect the Authority's obligation to the federal government. In the event the loans receivable are not repaid, the Authority will not incur any loss and the refundable grant proceeds liability will not be required to be repaid. In the event the borrower fails to comply with the affordability requirements of the HOME Program, any HOME funds invested must be repaid. During the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Authority made HOME loans to applicants totaling \$29,019,330 and \$49,739,060, respectively, which are included with the Federal and State grant income and expense on the statements of revenues, expense and changes in net position. HOME loans and the corresponding refundable HOME grant proceeds obligation outstanding as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, totaled \$635,376,357 and \$633,449,922, respectively.

In connection with the mortgage loans, the Authority holds various trustee bank accounts on behalf of the mortgagors which consist of escrow deposits for taxes and insurance, replacement reserves, and operating deficit reserves. A corresponding liability is recorded upon receipt by the Authority of the mortgagors' escrow deposits. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, amount held in such escrows total \$34,531,999 and \$30,877,434, respectively, which are included in mortgage escrow deposits on the Statement on Net Position.

#### **ARRA** loans receivable

The Authority has received a total of \$56,481,680 under the Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP) funding award from HUD pursuant to the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA). By statute, projects eligible to receive TCAP assistance are rental housing projects that received an award of LIHTCs under Section 42(h) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, (IRC) (26 U.S.C. 42), during the period from October 1, 2006 to September 30, 2009 (federal fiscal years 2007, 2008 or 2009). The Authority expended 100% of TCAP funds by February 16, 2012. As of June 30, 2017, no committed funds are undrawn.

TCAP loan payments are based on projected cash flow, as defined. The permanent loans are non-recourse and collateralized by a subordinated mortgage on the underlying property of the borrower. Per HUD guidance, any program income earned after the grant period must be used to develop or operate affordable housing.

The Authority has also received a total of \$195,011,506 in Tax Credit Exchange Program (TCEP) grant awards from the US Department of Treasury under Section 1602 of the Act. The TCEP funds are to finance construction or acquisition and rehabilitation of qualified low-income projects. The Authority disbursed grant funds to subawardees in 2010 and 2011. Any funds not disbursed to the subawardee by December 31, 2011 had to be returned to the U.S. Department of Treasury on January 1, 2012. The Authority spent \$194,985,130 by December 31, 2011 and \$26,376 was returned to Treasury. As of June 30, 2017, no committed funds are undrawn.

There is no principal and interest payment on TCEP funds. However a compliance reserve account will be established for each TCEP subaward by generally requiring each subawardee to contribute 50% of a project's annual net cash flow, as defined, throughout the 15-year compliance period. Such compliance reserve will be used to pay the US Treasury if a recapture event occurs or to replenish the operating deficit reserve and/or replacement reserve account. Any funds remaining in the compliance reserve account will be returned to the subawardee after the compliance period ends.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

The subawards are not required to be repaid unless a recapture event occurs during the 15 year compliance period with respect to a qualified low-income building. In the event of a recapture event, the debt is owed to the US Department of Treasury.

#### Hardest Hit Fund loans receivable

During 2011, AHI received an award from the U.S. Treasury in the amount of \$339,255,819 for the HHF program of which \$47,410,693 can be used for administrative expenses. During 2016, AHI received an additional award from the U.S. Treasury in the amount of \$30,880,575 for the HHF program of which \$441,423 can be used for administrative expenses. Loans made under the HHF program bear no interest and are secured by a deed on the property. The loans are forgivable 20% a year, until maturity, five years from date of the last monthly payment. The unforgiven portion of the loan is required to be repaid if the borrower sells or refinances the property before the five year period. At maturity, the loan will be considered satisfied and the lien will be released. If the property is sold before maturity, and does not generate net proceeds sufficient to repay the remaining loan balance, the unpaid portion will be forgiven. Any amounts recaptured from the program activities are to be remitted back to the U.S. Treasury upon termination of the program. Accordingly, AHI does not bear the risk of loss in connection with the HHF program lending activities and as such. records loans receivable, which are fully offset by a corresponding liability of the same amount payable to the U.S. Treasury. During the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, HHF loans funded were \$39,014,434 and \$32,028,590, and repayments received were \$781,475 and \$782,622, respectively. During 2017 and 2016, repayments received were utilized to reduce program expenditures. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, HHF loans receivable and its corresponding liability of the same amount payable to the U.S. Treasury were \$136,553,081 and \$123,601,271, respectively.

#### Note 7 - Capital assets

Capital assets consisted of the following as of June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	J	uly 1, 2016	 Additions	De	eletions	June 30, 2017		
Land Building	\$	800,000 3,865,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	800,000 3,865,000	
Capital improvements		4,076,601	127,992		-		4,204,593	
Vehicles		378,755	-		-		378,755	
Equipment, computers and software		438,177			-		438,177	
		9,558,533	127,992		-		9,686,525	
Less accumulated depreciation		(5,946,056)	(267,737)		-		(6,213,793)	
Capital assets, net	\$	3,612,477	\$ (139,745)	\$	-	\$	3,472,732	

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

	July 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2016
Land	\$ 800,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 800,000
Building Capital improvements	3,865,000 3,486,550	- 590,051	- -	3,865,000 4,076,601
Vehicles Equipment, computers and software	378,755 438,177	-	-	378,755 438,177
	8,968,482	590,051	-	9,558,533
Less accumulated depreciation	(5,547,185)	(398,871)	-	(5,946,056)
Capital assets, net	\$ 3,421,297	\$ 191,180	\$ -	\$ 3,612,477

#### Note 8 - Credit facility

The Authority has a credit facility with the Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta (FHLB), which allows collateralized borrowings up to \$200,000,000. Borrowings, or advances under the facility are used to purchase single family mortgages. Advances are repayable from the proceeds of single family mortgage bonds issued by the Authority. Each advance bears a fixed rate of interest dependent upon maturity of the advance, as determined by FHLB. Outstanding advances under the facility are set to mature on the expected closing date of the next issuance of single-family mortgage bonds. Advances are collateralized by the market value of pledged investment securities held in safekeeping at FHLB. During the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Authority utilized advances from the FHLB which totaled \$56,522,917 and \$60,448,059, respectively. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, there were no advances outstanding, respectively.

#### Note 9 - Mortgage bonds payable

The principal long-term obligations of the Authority are single-family mortgage bonds payable out of the Authority's revenue, monies, or assets legally available there from. The bonds are issued to finance the purchase of single-family mortgage loans for eligible persons and families of low and moderate income within the State of Georgia.

As provided in the bond resolutions, the bonds are secured by certain assets authorized for that purpose and any interest earned thereon. These assets include mortgage loans purchased and certain cash and cash equivalents and investment securities in mortgage bond accounts restricted in prescribed amounts as required by Revenue Bond Resolutions. Reserve balances included in the assets restricted under revenue bond resolutions investment accounts which are included in investments on the Statements of Net Position were as follows at June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	2017	2016
Capital reserve for debt service  Mortgage reserve for debt service and potential	\$ 44,669,164	\$ 37,807,347
loan losses	1,019,366	960,361
Total	\$ 45,688,530	\$ 38,767,708
Total	Ψ +3,000,330	Ψ 30,707,70

2017

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## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

Tables reflecting Mortgage Bond activity during fiscal years 2017 and 2016 as well as general information about each bond issue follow:

	Net bonds outstanding June 30, 2015		Less Matured called, or redeemed		Issued	u bo	let change namortized nd premium (discount)		Net bonds outstanding June 30, 2016		Less Matured called, or redeemed		Issued	u bo	let change namortized and premium (discount)		Net bonds outstanding June 30, 2017
Resolution 1 Series:	<b>4.0.70</b>	o)		•		•		•	(40.700)	•		•		•		•	(40.700)
1999A	\$ (10,76	,	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(10,769)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(10,769)
1999B	9,41		-		-		-		9,413		-		-		-		9,413
2000D	3,44		-		-		-		3,448		-		-		-		3,448
2006A	57,605,00		57,605,000		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
2006B	25,140,00		25,140,000		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
2006C	48,130,00		48,130,000		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
2007A	44,003,53		8,570,000		-		-		35,433,539		35,410,000		-		-		23,539
2007C	33,120,00		2,330,000		-		-		30,790,000		30,790,000		-		-		7 220 000
2007D	11,440,00		1,070,000		-		-		10,370,000		3,040,000		-		-		7,330,000
2009A	3,280,00		380,000		-		-		2,900,000		405,000		-		-		2,495,000
2009B	25,500,00		3,240,000		-		-		22,260,000		5,020,000		-		-		17,240,000
2010A	46,172,01		6,560,000		-		-		39,612,011		13,140,000		-		-		26,472,011
2010B	50,095,58		3,300,000		-		-		46,795,582		3,920,000		-		-		42,875,582
2011A	48,151,18		5,520,000		-		-		42,631,181		5,640,000		-		-		36,991,181
2011B	60,446,03		4,570,000		-		-		55,876,038		5,765,000		-		-		50,111,038
2011C	71,553,58		5,590,000		-		-		65,963,582		9,505,000		-		-		56,458,582
2012A	86,555,00		5,790,000		-		-		80,765,000		5,630,000		-		-		75,135,000
2013A	142,039,22		8,315,000		-		-		133,724,225		7,625,000		-		-		126,099,225
2014A	155,632,59		15,595,000		-		-		140,037,598		13,240,000		-		-		126,797,598
2014B	102,255,00		2,005,000		-		-		100,250,000		2,095,000		-		-		98,155,000
2015A	104,865,60	3	1,985,000		-		-		102,880,603		3,415,000		-		-		99,465,603
2015B	-		705,000		111,555,000		-		110,850,000		5,005,000		-		-		105,845,000
2016A	-		-		107,400,000		2,846,410		110,246,410		2,375,000		-		-		107,871,410
2016B	-		-		-		-		-		1,110,000		117,600,000		872,149		117,362,149
2017A	-		-		-		-		-		-		80,000,000		1,345,415		81,345,415
Total Resolution 1	1,115,986,45	1	206,400,000		218,955,000		2,846,410	_	1,131,387,861		153,130,000		197,600,000		2,217,564		1,178,075,425
Total all series	\$ 1,115,986,45	1 \$	206,400,000	\$	218,955,000	\$	2,846,410	\$	1,131,387,861	\$	153,130,000	\$	197,600,000	\$	2,217,564	\$	1,178,075,425

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

Original issue amounts, interest rates, and amounts outstanding as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 follow:

		Original issue amount	Interest rates	C	2017 Amount outstanding		2016 Amount outstanding
Resolution 1 Series:	•			•		•	
2007A	\$	50,000,000	3.7000 - 4.850%	\$	=	\$	35,410,000
2007C		60,000,000	3.7500 - 5.150%		-		30,790,000
2007D		60,000,000	3.2500 - 5.250%		7,330,000		10,370,000
2009A		25,000,000	0.9500 - 5.375%		2,495,000		2,900,000
2009B		30,000,000	0.3500 - 4.625%		17,240,000		22,260,000
2010A		118,070,000	0.4000 - 5.000%		26,230,000		39,370,000
2010B		96,000,000	0.4500 - 5.000%		42,420,000		46,340,000
2011A		105,600,000	0.3750 - 5.000%		36,595,000		42,235,000
2011B		98,000,000	0.3000 - 4.000%		49,720,000		55,485,000
2011C		116,200,000	0.3500 - 4.125%		56,220,000		65,725,000
2012A		47,955,000	0.5300 - 4.050%		75,135,000		80,765,000
2013A		149,395,000	0.2000 - 3.900%		125,495,000		133,120,000
2014A		156,110,000	0.1500 - 4.700%		124,340,000		137,580,000
2014B		103,000,000	0.1500 - 3.650%		98,155,000		100,250,000
2015A		103,445,000	0.3500 - 3.800%		98,045,000		101,460,000
2015B		111,555,000	0.5000 - 3.100%		105,845,000		110,850,000
2016A		107,400,000	0.6500 - 2.800%		105,025,000		107,400,000
2016B		117,600,000	1.0000 - 3.500%		116,490,000		-
2017A		80,000,000	0.9400 - 4.000%		80,000,000		-
Total Resolution 1		1,735,330,000		1	,166,780,000		1,122,310,000
Total Bonds	\$	1,735,330,000		1	,166,780,000		1,122,310,000
Plus Unamortized Premium (Dis	count	)			11,295,425		9,077,861
Net Bonds Payable				\$ 1	,178,075,425	\$	1,131,387,861

Future debt service requirements are set forth below:

	Future Debt Service Required										
Year ending		Resolu	1								
June 30,		Principal Interest				Total					
2018	\$	31,520,000	\$	38,292,113	\$	69,812,113					
2019 2020		33,860,000 34,705,000		37,723,150 37,001,424		71,583,150 71,706,424					
2021 2022		35,350,000 36,390,000		36,179,580 35,233,640		71,529,580 71,623,640					
2023-2027 2027-2032		181,105,000 204,330,000		159,903,583 128,107,042		341,008,583 332,437,042					
2032-2037		254,635,000		88,150,763		342,785,763					
2037-2042 2042-2047		234,010,000 120,875,000		44,079,412 10,203,823		278,089,412 131,078,823					
Totals	\$	1,166,780,000	\$	614,874,530	\$	1,781,654,530					

Various series of bonds issued under Resolution 1 include capital appreciation bonds which require no payments of principal or interest until maturity. Interest is payable on all other bonds on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Capital appreciation bonds accrete to their maturity values at effective yield of 8%. Various issues of bonds outstanding are all subject to mandatory redemptions. All bonds are callable by the Authority without penalty prior to their scheduled

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

maturity under certain conditions. The Authority's management believes that they are in compliance as of June 30, 2017 and 2016.

#### Note 10 - Related party transactions

The Authority leases office space to DCA, a related party. This leasing agreement is renewable every year and is applicable for the date of July 1 through June 30. Rental income for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were \$1,288,873 and \$1,288,865, respectively.

Costs incurred by DCA for the administration of all Authority programs are reimbursed monthly by the Authority. The Authority has no employees and contracts DCA for all staffing needs. The Authority reimburses DCA for the services provided that include the cost of salaries, related benefits including pension, and other program expenses. For the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, reimbursement to DCA for the above described costs incurred on behalf of the Authority totaled \$21,398,181 and \$19,936,102, respectively.

#### Note 11 - Commitments and contingencies

The Authority participated in a number of Federal and State financial assistance programs. These programs are subject to independent financial and compliance audits by grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Authority expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

In addition to specific program compliance requirements, the Authority is also required to comply with general compliance requirements and is subject to the provisions of Uniform Guidance.

#### **Bond resolution**

The Georgia Housing and Finance Authority is empowered to issue tax-exempt bonds under the 1976 General Resolution. The Authority's debt is serviced by the cash flow streams generated by the mortgages held in its portfolio, or if necessary, the Authority's revenues, money or assets legally available. The use of assets of the program is restricted by the resolution. Certain amounts in the program are restricted to the financing of housing or to the retirement of bonds according to established agreements. Bonds issued by GHFA do not constitute a debt of the State or a pledge of the faith or credit of the State, and are solely the obligations of the Authority. GHFA's bond rating on the 1976 Resolution is currently AAA.

## Financial contingencies

The Authority's business operations include significant lending and borrowing arrangements. Borrowings are made in the form of bonds. Proceeds from these bonds are mainly used to finance home mortgage loans to qualifying borrowers. The ultimate source of repayment of these borrowings and the related interest is return of principal and interest on the loans. The Authority invests proceeds from borrowings prior to their use. It also invests funds from repayments received on its loans. These investments usually consist of money market funds and various debt securities. The Authority generally does not invest in equity securities. Approximately 96% of the Authority's loans are insured and approximately 4% are uninsured. The Authority is subject to credit risks related to its cash balances and its investments in debt securities. It is also subject to the risk that the underlying value of the collateral on its uninsured loans declines. The Authority maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts that, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. Currently, the Authority has cash balances with financial institutions that are either insured by FDIC or collateralized by government securities held at Georgia Bankers bank and the state of Georgia's

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

collateral pool. Any deposits in excess of federally insured limits are collateralized by U.S. Government and Agency securities held by the Georgia Bankers Association in the State Treasurer's collateral pool for that institution, as defined. As of June 30, 2017, the Authority has not experience any losses associated with these deposits. If the Authority were to incur significant losses in connection with the above cash balances and debt investments, it would impair the Authority's ability to service its debt obligations as they become due.

Additionally, as described above, the Authority has uninsured single-family mortgage loans of approximately \$39,100,000 and \$35,700,000 as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. All of these loans are for home mortgages in the state of Georgia. Current economic conditions in Georgia have a direct impact on foreclosures and the higher rate of loss on foreclosed loans. If the economy declines, one impact of these conditions could be a decline in housing values and an increase in unemployment and underemployment. The Authority could incur a higher rate of foreclosure and a higher rate of loss on foreclosed loans as a result of the impact of their economic factors and the decline in the value of its underlying collateral on uninsured loans. If the economy declines and, as a result, the Authority could experience a dramatic increase in foreclosures, it is possible that the combination of such an increase combined with lower housing prices could result in increased losses of loan assets that could have adverse impacts on the Authority's ability to repay its outstanding bonds.

#### Note 12 - Segment information

The Authority issued revenue bonds to finance the purchase of single-family mortgage loans for eligible persons and families of low and moderate income within the State. Investors in the revenue bonds rely solely on the revenue generated by the individual activities for repayment. Summary financial information for the single-family program is included in the Supplemental Information.

#### Note 13 - Insured mortgages and net worth requirement

A significant portion of the Authority's mortgage loans are insured by FHA/VA. The Authority acts as a nonsupervised mortgagee in connection with these loans and, as such, is required to comply with certain mortgage lending guidelines as set forth in the applicable HUD regulations. Included in these guidelines is the requirement to maintain a minimum net worth requirement of \$2,500,000 plus 0.2% of the total effective outstanding obligations. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Authority was in compliance with these requirements.

#### Note 14 - Subsequent events

Events that occur after the statement of net position date but before the financial statements were available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the statement of net position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the statement of net position date, require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management evaluated the activity of the Authority through September 12, 2017 and concluded that the following subsequent event has occurred that would require recognition in the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

The Authority is currently in the process off issuing 2017 Series B Single-Family Mortgage Bonds. The issue is estimated to be \$94.7 million and is expected to close on September 14, 2017.



# Schedule of Program Net Position June 30, 2017

		Single Family				Federal &			
	Administrative	Mortgage Revenue				State Assistance			
	Program	Programs	AHI	EDFI				Total	
ASSETS		 				<u> </u>			
CURRENT ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,419,478	\$ 99,099,793	\$ 49,849,275	\$ 16,982,515	\$	89,326,796	\$	269,677,857	
Short-term investments	17,657,015	31,554,955	-	-		-		49,211,970	
Mortgage loans receivable, current portion	-	31,755,354	-	-		-		31,755,354	
Accrued interest receivable	537,541	9,216,150	7,994	-		138,809		9,900,494	
Mortgage escrow deposits	57,292,871	-	-	-		-		57,292,871	
Interfund receivable (payable)	(4,037,139)	778,076	(141,753)	208,278		3,192,538		-	
Other current assets	12,873,965	 3,074,361	 38,913	 -		12,500		15,999,739	
Total current assets	98,743,731	175,478,689	 49,754,429	 17,190,793		92,670,643		433,838,285	
NONCURRENT ASSETS									
Long-term investments, net	109,293,826	68,796,638	2,462,520	-		61,271,867		241,824,851	
Mortgage loans receivable, net	1,554,530	987,625,217	-	-		568,637		989,748,384	
HOME program loans receivable	-	-	-	-		635,376,357		635,376,357	
Other loans receivable, net	58,659	-	854,166	-		12,809,533		13,722,358	
Capital assets, net	3,472,732	 -	 <u>-</u>	 -		-		3,472,732	
Total noncurrent assets	114,379,747	 1,056,421,855	 3,316,686	 		710,026,394		1,884,144,682	
Total assets	\$ 213,123,478	\$ 1,231,900,544	\$ 53,071,115	\$ 17,190,793	\$	802,697,037	\$	2,317,982,967	

# Schedule of Program Net Position June 30, 2017

Program         Programs         AHI         EDFI         Programs           LIABILITIES         CURRENT LIABILITIES           Mortgage bonds payable, current maturities         \$ -         \$ 31,520,000         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -           Accrued interest on bonds         -         \$ 3,202,402         -         -         -         -           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         3,059,443         970,632         428,993         14,211         28,320           Mortgage escrow deposits held         57,292,871         -         -         -         -           Revenue received in advance, current maturities         2,363,635         -         -         -         -           Program funds received in advance         2,523,813         -         48,968,251         17,176,657         158,259,435           Total current liabilities         65,239,762         35,693,034         49,397,244         17,190,868         158,287,755           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES           Mortgage bonds payable, net         -         1,146,555,425         -         -         -           Refundable program grants         -         -         -         -         635,376,357	Total		
Mortgage bonds payable, current maturities         \$ -         \$ 31,520,000         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -           Accrued interest on bonds         -         3,202,402         -         -         -         -           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         3,059,443         970,632         428,993         14,211         28,320           Mortgage escrow deposits held         57,292,871         -         -         -         -         -           Revenue received in advance, current maturities         2,363,635         -         -         -         -         -         -           Program funds received in advance         2,523,813         -         48,968,251         17,176,657         158,259,435           Total current liabilities         65,239,762         35,693,034         49,397,244         17,190,868         158,287,755           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES           Mortgage bonds payable, net         -         1,146,555,425         -			
Mortgage bonds payable, current maturities         \$ -         \$ 31,520,000         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -           Accrued interest on bonds         -         3,202,402         -         -         -         -           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         3,059,443         970,632         428,993         14,211         28,320           Mortgage escrow deposits held         57,292,871         -         -         -         -         -           Revenue received in advance, current maturities         2,363,635         -         -         -         -         -         -           Program funds received in advance         2,523,813         -         48,968,251         17,176,657         158,259,435           Total current liabilities         65,239,762         35,693,034         49,397,244         17,190,868         158,287,755           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES           Mortgage bonds payable, net         -         1,146,555,425         -			
Accrued interest on bonds         -         3,202,402         -	\$ 31,520,000		
Mortgage escrow deposits held         57,292,871         -	3,202,402		
Mortgage escrow deposits held         57,292,871         -	4,501,599		
Program funds received in advance         2,523,813         -         48,968,251         17,176,657         158,259,435           Total current liabilities         65,239,762         35,693,034         49,397,244         17,190,868         158,287,755           NONCURRENT LIABILITIES           Mortgage bonds payable, net         -         1,146,555,425         -         -         -         -	57,292,871		
Total current liabilities 65,239,762 35,693,034 49,397,244 17,190,868 158,287,755  NONCURRENT LIABILITIES  Mortgage bonds payable, net - 1,146,555,425	2,363,635		
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES  Mortgage bonds payable, net  - 1,146,555,425	226,928,156		
Mortgage bonds payable, net - 1,146,555,425	325,808,663		
Mortgage bonds payable, net - 1,146,555,425			
	1,146,555,425		
, ,	635,376,357		
Revenue received in advance, net	20,554,922		
Total non-current liabilities 20,554,922 1,146,555,425 635,376,357	1,802,486,704		
Total liabilities 85,794,684 1,182,248,459 49,397,244 17,190,868 793,664,112	2,128,295,367		
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets 3,472,732	3,472,732		
Unrestricted 123,856,062 49,652,085 3,673,871 (75) 9,032,925	186,214,868		
Total net position 127,328,794 49,652,085 3,673,871 (75) 9,032,925	189,687,600		
Total liabilities and net position \$ 213,123,478 \$ 1,231,900,544 \$ 53,071,115 \$ 17,190,793 \$ 802,697,037	\$ 2,317,982,967		

## Schedule of Program Revenues, Expenses, and Changes In Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Administrative	S	ingle Family Mortgage Revenue		Federal & State Assistance						
	Program		Programs	 AHI		EDFI		Programs		Total	
OPERATING REVENUES											
Interest on loans	\$ 49,503	\$	46,635,839	\$ -	\$	-	\$	229,564	\$	46,914,906	
Interest on investment	4,100,790		4,408,061	98,619		-		1,081,709		9,689,179	
Net decrease in fair value of investments	(2,331,642)		(2,331,095)	(31,131)		-		(1,010,312)		(5,704,180)	
Administrative fees:											
Federal and state assistance programs	15,776,753		157,279	5,229,852		295,454		618,023		22,077,361	
Single family trustee	2,528,163		-	-		-		-		2,528,163	
Federal and state grant income	1,777,725		-	36,180,935		6,347,813		47,311,228		91,617,701	
Other miscellaneous income	1,476,541			 2,052,023		12,250				3,540,814	
Total operating revenues	23,377,833		48,870,084	 43,530,298		6,655,517		48,230,212		170,663,944	
OPERATING EXPENSES											
Interest on bonds	-		39,177,445	-		-		-		39,177,445	
Mortgage servicing	1,901,502		5,952,758	-		-		176,951		8,031,211	
Administrative	16,007,269		2,545,984	4,504,635		289,841		557,225		23,904,954	
Federal and state grant expense	-		-	38,810,759		6,347,813		47,239,224		92,397,796	
Professional fees	539,010		1,091,566	40,000		-		7,662		1,678,238	
Other	2,342,992		-	 159,990		17,863		11,206		2,532,051	
Total operating expenses	20,790,773		48,767,753	 43,515,384		6,655,517		47,992,268		167,721,695	
Change in net position	2,587,060		102,331	14,914		-		237,944		2,942,249	
Net position at beginning of year	124,741,538		49,549,729	 3,658,957		(75)		8,795,202		186,745,351	
Operating transfers	196		25	 <u> </u>				(221)		<u>-</u>	
Net position at end of year	\$ 127,328,794	\$	49,652,085	\$ 3,673,871	\$	(75)	\$	9,032,925	\$	189,687,600	

## Schedule of Adjusted Net Worth and Ginnie Mae Required Net Worth June 30, 2017

Adjusted net work calculation:		
Total net position per financial statements at June 30, 2017	\$	189,687,600
Less unacceptible assets for computation of adjusted net		
worth as set forth in Attachment A of the Audit Guide		-
Adjusted net worth at June 30, 2017 as defined		
by the Audit Guide	\$	189,687,600
Required net worth calculation:		
Unpaid principal balance and securities outstanding	\$	-
Outstanding balance and commitments authority		
issued and requested		-
Total outstanding portfolio and authority		-
Required net worth		2,879,375
Total required net worth	\$	2,879,375
Excess (deficit) net worth	_	
(Adjusted net worth - required net worth)		186,808,225

## Schedule of Required Insurance Calculation June 30, 2017

### **Identification of Affiliated Ginnie Mae Issuers**

Affiliated Ginnie Mae Issuers:

Georgia Housing and Finance Authority 58-1222605

Affiliated Issuers on same Insurance Policies:

None

### **Required Insurance Calculation**

Servicing portfolio:	
Ginnie Mae	\$ -
Fannie Mae	53,966,064
Conventional (other)	973,225,395
Ginnie Mae subservicing	 -
Total servicing portfolio	\$ 1,027,191,459
Required Fidelity Bond Coverage	\$ 1,552,191
Required Mortgage Servicing Errors and Omissions Coverage	\$ 1,552,191
Verification of Insurance Coverage	
Fidelity Bond Coverage	\$ 1,543,000
Mortgage Servicing Errors and Omissions Coverage	\$ 1,543,000
Excess Insurance Coverage	
Fidelity Bond Coverage	\$ (9,191)
Mortgage Servicing Errors and Omissions Coverage	\$ (9,191)
Ginnie Mae Loss Payable Endorsement	
Fidelity Bond Coverage	 NO
Mortgage Servicing Errors and Omissions Coverage	NO



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