John Wall and Associates

Market Analysis

Gateway Village Family

Tax Credit (Sec. 42) Apartments

Cleveland, Georgia White County

Prepared For: Affordable Housing Solutions, Inc.

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PCN: 21-067



Formerly known as National Council of Affordable Housing Market Analysts

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Foreword

Qualifications Statement

John Wall and Associates specializes in market analysis, data mapping, and analysis of troubled properties. The firm began in 1983 concentrating on work in the Southeastern United States. In 1990, the office expanded its work to the entire United States.

John Wall and Associates has done over 2,800 market analyses, the majority of these being for apartment projects (both conventional and affordable). However, the firm is equipped for, and has done many other types of real estate market analyses, data mapping, troubled property analysis, shopping center master plans, industrial park master plans, housing and demographic studies, land planning projects, site analysis, location analysis and GIS projects. Clients include private developers, government officials, syndicators lending and institutions.

John Wall and Associates is a charter member of the National Council of Housing Market Analysts (NCHMA). All market analysts in our office have successfully passed the NCHMA peer review process and possess their HUD MAP certificates.

Bob Rogers has a Bachelor of Science degree in Business from Penn State University, and a Master of Business Administration degree from the University of Tennessee. He has been a market analyst with John Wall and Associates since 1992. He has served as Vice Chair and Co-Chair of the NCHMA Standards Committee (from 2004 to 2010). As Co-Chair, he led the revision of the NCHMA market study model content and market study terms. He was lead author for "Selecting **NCHMA's** Comparable Properties" best practices paper and also NCHMA's "Field Work" white paper. In 2007, he wrote "Ten Things Developers Should Know About Market Studies" for Affordable Housing Finance Magazine. In 2014 Mr. Rogers authored the draft NCHMA paper "Senior Housing Options".

Joe Burriss has a Bachelor of Science degree in Marketing from Clemson University, and has been a market analyst with John Wall and Associates since 1999. He has successfully completed the National Council of Housing Market Analysts (NCHMA) peer review process, and has served as a member of the council's membership committee. In addition to performing market analysis, Mr. Burriss maintains many of the firm's client relationships and is responsible for business development.

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This report shall not be released by John Wall and Associates to persons other than the client and his/her designates for a period of at least sixty (60) days. Other arrangements can be made upon the client's request.

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It is hereby attested to that the information contained in this report is true and accurate. The report can be relied upon as a true assessment of the low income housing rental market. However, no assumption of liability is being made or implied.

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The market analyst will receive no fees contingent upon approval of the development by any agency or lending institution, before or after the fact, and the market analyst will have no interest in the housing development.

Certifications

Certification of Physical Inspection

I affirm that I, or an individual employed by my company, have made a physical inspection of the market area and that information has been used in the full assessment of the need and demand for new rental units.

Required Statement

I affirm that I have made a physical inspection of the market area and the subject property and that information has been used in the full study of the need and demand for the proposed units. The report was written according to DCA's market study requirements, the information included is accurate and the report can be relied upon by DCA as a true assessment of the lowincome housing rental market.

To the best of my knowledge, the market can support the development as shown in the study. I understand that any misrepresentation of this statement may result in the denial of further participation in DCA's rental housing programs. I also affirm that I have no interest in the development or relationship with the ownership entity and my compensation is not contingent on this development being funded

DCA may rely on the representation made in the market study provided, and the document is assignable to other lenders that are parties to the DCA loan transaction.

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This market study has been prepared by John Wall and Associates, a member in good standing of the National Council of Housing Market Analysts (NCHMA). This study has been prepared in conformance with the standards adopted by NCHMA for the market analysts' industry. These standards include the Standard Definitions of Key Terms Used in Market Studies, and Model Content Standards for the Content of Market Studies. These standards are designed to enhance the quality of market studies and to make them easier to prepare, understand, and use by market analysts and by the end users. These Standards are voluntary only, and no legal responsibility regarding their use is assumed by the National Council of Housing Market Analysts.

John Wall and Associates is duly qualified and experienced in providing market

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(Note: Information on the National Council of Housing Market Analysts may be obtained by calling

202-939-1750, or by visiting www.housingonline.com)

Submitted and attested to by:

Joe Burriss, Principal <u>5-16-21</u> Date

Bob Rogers, Principal

<u>5-16-21</u> Date

Table of Contents

| A. | Executive Summary8 |
|------------|---|
| A.1 | Development Description |
| A.2 | Site Description/Evaluation9 |
| A.3 | Market Area Definition 10 |
| A.4 | Community Demographic Data 10 |
| A.5 | Economic Data 11 |
| A.6 | Development Specific Affordability and Demand Analysis 12 |
| A.7 | Competitive Rental Analysis |
| A.8 | Absorption/Stabilization Estimate |
| A.9 | Overall Conclusion |
| A.10 | DCA Summary Table 16 |
| A.11 | Demand |
| A.12 | NCHMA Capture Rate |
| В. | Development Description |
| в. В.1 | Development Location |
| B.2 | Construction Type |
| B.3 | Occupancy |
| В.3 В.4 | Target Income Group |
| B.5 | |
| | Special Population |
| B.6 | Structure Type |
| B.7 | Unit Sizes, Rents and Targeting |
| B.8 | Development Amenities |
| B.9 | Unit Amenities |
| B.10 | Rehab |
| B.11 | Utilities Included 20 |
| B.12 | Projected Certificate of Occupancy Date 20 |
| С. | Site Evaluation |
| C.1 | Date of Site Visit |
| C.2 | Physical Features of Site and Adjacent Parcels |
| C.3 | Surrounding Roads, Transportation, Shopping, Employment, |
| | Community Services |
| C.4 | Site and Neighborhood Photos |
| C.5 | Site Location Map 29 |
| C.6 | Land Uses of the Immediate Area 31 |
| C.7 | Public Safety Issues |
| C.8 | Multifamily Residential Developments |
| C.9 | Road and infrastructure Improvements |
| C.10 | Ingress, Egress, and Visibility |
| C.11 | Observed Visible Environmental or Other Concerns |
| C.12 | Conclusion |
| D. | Market Area35 |
| D.1 | Market Area Determination |
| D.2 | Driving Times and Place of Work |
| D.3 | Market Area Definition |
| Е. | Demographic Analysis |
| E.1 | Population |
| E.2 | Households |
| F. | Employment Trends44 |
| F.1 | Total Jobs |
| F.2 | Jobs by Industry and Occupation 45 |
| F.3 | Major Employers |
| F.4 | Employment (Civilian Labor Force) 47 |
| F.5 | Employment Concentrations Map 48 |
| F.6 | Economic Summary |
| G. | Development-Specific Affordability & Demand Analysis51 |
| G.1 | Income Restrictions |
| G.2 | Affordability |
| G.3 | Demand |
| G.4 | Demand for New Units |
| G.5 | Capture Rate Analysis Chart |
| H. | Competitive Analysis (Existing Competitive Rental |
| | Environment) |
| H.1 | Survey of Apartments |
| H.2 | Additional information on competitive environment |
| H.3 | Apartment Locations Map |
| H.4 | Amenity Analysis |
| | |

| H.5 | Selection of Comps69 |
|------|--|
| H.6 | Long Term Occupancy69 |
| H.7 | New "Supply"69 |
| H.8 | Achievable Market Rent and Rent Differential70 |
| H.9 | Information on Other DCA properties71 |
| H.10 | Rental Trends in the Market Area71 |
| H.11 | Impact of Foreclosed, Abandoned, etc. Properties73 |
| H.12 | Long Term Impact73 |
| H.13 | Building Permits Issued73 |
| I. | Absorption & Stabilization Rates75 |
| J. | Interviews76 |
| J.1 | Apartment Managers |
| J.2 | Economic Development |
| К. | Conclusions and Recommendations77 |
| L. | Signed Statement Requirements78 |
| М. | Market Study Representation79 |
| N. | Project Narrative Appendix80 |
| 0. | Crime Appendix82 |
| Р. | NCHMA Market Study Index/Checklist83 |
| Q. | Business References |
| R. | Résumés |

Table of Tables

| Table 1—Unit Mix8 |
|---|
| Table 2—Percent of Renter Households in Appropriate Income |
| Ranges for the Market Area |
| Table 3—Number of Renter Households in Appropriate Income |
| Ranges for the Market Area |
| Table 4—Capture Rates by AMI Targeting |
| Table 4a—Capture Rates by Bedroom Targeting |
| Table 5—DCA Summary Table |
| Table 6—Demand |
| Table 7—Market Bedroom Mix |
| Table 9—NCHMA Capture Rate 17 18 18 |
| Table 9—Unit Sizes, Rents and Targeting |
| Table 10—Community Amenities 30 |
| Table 10—Community Finitemes 30 Table 11—Crimes Reported to Police |
| Table 12—Workers' Travel Time to Work for the Market Area (Time |
| in Minutes) |
| Table 13—Population Trends |
| Table 19–10pulation Trends 57 Table 14–Persons by Age |
| Table 15—Race and Hispanic Origin 38 |
| Table 15—Race and Hispanic Origin 56 Table 16—Household Trends |
| Table 10—Household Hends 39 Table 17—Occupied Housing Units by Tenure 39 |
| Table 19—Occupied Housing Onits by Tenure 59 Table 18—Population 40 |
| Table 19—Households |
| Table 20—Population and Household Projections |
| Table 20—Fopulation and Flockenou Flockuous 40 Table 21—Housing Units by Persons in Unit |
| Table 22—Number of Households in Various Income Ranges |
| Table 23—Covered Employment |
| Table 24—Occupation of Employed Persons Age 16 Years And Over 45 |
| Table 25—Industry of Employed Persons Age 16 Years And Over |
| Table 26—Major Employers |
| Table 27—Employees 47 |
| Table 28—Median Wages by Industry |
| Table 29—Maximum Income Limit (HUD FY 2021) |
| Table 29—Maximum Income Limit (1101) 11 2021) 52 Table 30—Minimum Incomes Required and Gross Rents 52 |
| Table 31—Qualifying Income Ranges by Bedrooms and Persons Per |
| Household |
| Table 32—Qualifying and Proposed and Programmatic Rent |
| Summary |
| Summary |

| Table 33—Number of Specified Households in Various Income | |
|--|--|
| Ranges by Tenure56 | |
| Table 34—Percent of Renter Households in Appropriate Income | |
| Ranges for the Market Area57 | |
| Table 35—New Renter Households in Each Income Range for the | |
| Market Area59 | |
| Table 36—Percentage of Income Paid For Gross Rent (Renter | |
| Households in Specified Housing Units)60 | |
| Table 37—Rent Overburdened Households in Each Income Range | |
| for the Market Area61 | |
| Table 38—Substandard Occupied Units62 | |
| Table 39—Substandard Conditions in Each Income Range for the | |
| Market Area62 | |
| Table 40—Demand for New Units | |
| Table 41—Capture Rate by Unit Size (Bedrooms) and Targeting64 | |
| Table 42—List of Apartments Surveyed65 | |
| Table 43—Comparison of Comparables to Subject | |
| Table 44—Schedule of Rents, Number of Units, and Vacancies for | |
| Apartment Units | |
| Table 45—Apartment Units Built or Proposed Since the Base Year69 | |
| Table 46—Market Rent Advantage70 | |
| Table 47—Tenure by Bedrooms71 | |
| Table 48—Building Permits Issued73 | |
| | |

Table of Maps

| Regional Locator Map | 6 |
|---|----|
| Area Locator Map | 7 |
| Site and Neighborhood Photos and Adjacent Land Uses Map | |
| Site Location Map | |
| Neighborhood Map | |
| Apartment Locations Map | |
| Market Area Map | |
| Tenure Map | 41 |
| Employment Concentrations Map | |
| Median Household Income Map | |
| Apartment Locations Map | 68 |
| Median Home Value Map | 72 |
| Median Gross Rent Map | 74 |
| | |

Introduction

Purpose

The purpose of this report is to analyze the apartment market for a specific site in Cleveland, Georgia.

Scope

Considered in this report are market depth, bedroom mix, rental rates, unit size, and amenities. These items are investigated principally through a field survey conducted by John Wall and Associates. Unless otherwise noted, all charts and statistics are the result of this survey.

In general, only complexes of 30 units or more built since 1980 are considered in the field survey. Older or smaller developments are sometimes surveyed when it helps the analysis. Developments with rent subsidized units are included, if relevant, and noted.

Methodology

Three separate approaches to the analysis are used in this report; each is a check on the other. By using three generally accepted approaches, reasonable conclusions can be drawn. The three approaches used are:

- (1) Statistical
- (2) Like-Kind Comparison
- (3) Interviews



Regional Locator Map

The Statistical approach uses Census data and local statistics; 2010 is used as a base year. The population that would qualify for the proposed units is obtained from these figures.

The Like-Kind Comparison approach collects data on developments similar in nature to that which is being proposed and analyzes how they are doing. This approach assesses their strong points, as well as weak points, and compares them with the subject.

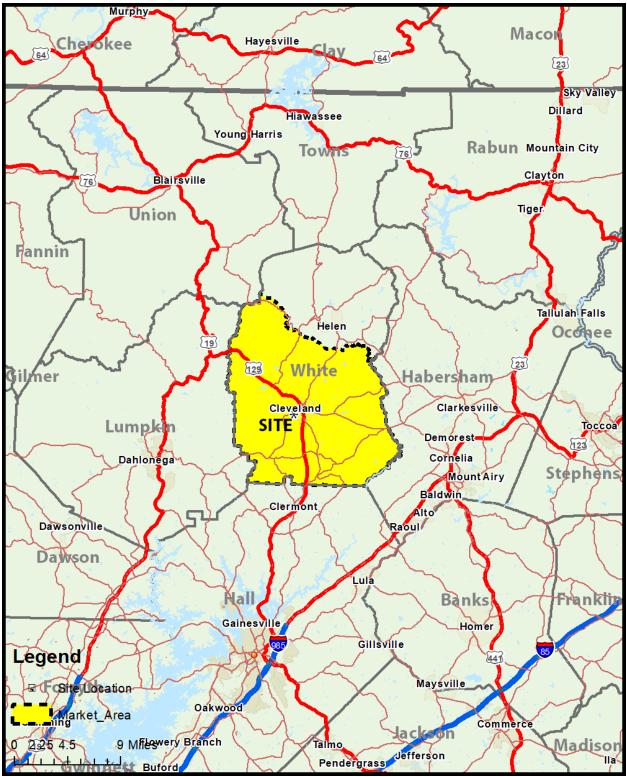
The last section, Interviews, assesses key individuals' special knowledge about the market area. While certainly subjective and limited in perspective, their collective knowledge, gathered and assessed, can offer valuable information.

Taken individually, these three approaches give a somewhat restricted view of the market. However, by examining them together, knowledge sufficient to draw reasonable conclusions can be achieved.

Limitations

This market study was written according to the Client's *Market Study Guide*. To the extent this guide differs from the NCHMA *Standard Definitions of Key Terms or Model Content Standards*, the client's guide has prevailed.

Area Locator Map



A. Executive Summary

The projected completion date of the proposed development is on or before 12/31/2023.

The market area consists of Census tracts 9502.01, 9502.02, 9502.03, and 9503 in White County.

The proposed development consists of 30 units of rehabilitation.

The proposed development is for family households with incomes at 50% and 60% of AMI. Net rents range from \$427 to \$540, and 16 of the units will continue to have project-based rental assistance.

A.1 Development Description

• Address:

1000 Campbell Street

• Construction and occupancy types:

Rehabilitation

Garden

Family

• Unit mix including bedrooms, bathrooms, square footage, income targeting, rents, and utility allowance:

| | | | Number | Square | Net | Utility | Gross | Target |
|-----|------------------|-------|----------|--------|------|---------|-------|------------|
| AMI | Bedrooms | Baths | of Units | Feet | Rent | Allow. | Rent | Population |
| 50% | 1 | 1 | 3 | 650 | 427 | 78 | 505 | PBRA |
| 60% | 1 | 1 | 3 | 650 | 540 | 78 | 618 | PBRA |
| 60% | 2 | 1 | 3 | 895 | 540 | 105 | 645 | PBRA |
| 60% | 2 | 2 | 7 | 895 | 540 | 105 | 645 | PBRA |
| 50% | 1 | 1 | 2 | 650 | 427 | 78 | 505 | Tax Credit |
| 50% | 2 | 2 | 4 | 895 | 491 | 105 | 596 | Tax Credit |
| 60% | 2 | 2 | 1 | 895 | 491 | 105 | 596 | Tax Credit |
| 60% | 2 | 1-2 | 7 | 895 | 540 | 105 | 645 | Tax Credit |
| | Total Units | | 30 | | | | | |
| | Tax Credit Units | | 30 | | | | | |
| | PBRA Units | | 16 | | | | | |
| | Mkt. Rate Units | | 0 | | | | | |

Table 1—Unit Mix

• Any additional subsidies available including project based rental assistance:

There are 16 units with project based rental assistance.

- Brief description of proposed amenities and how they compare to existing properties:
 - Development Amenities (shared with Valley Manor):

Community room, exterior gathering area, on-site laundry, covered pavilion with picnic/BBQ facility, fenced community garden, and equipped playground

• Unit Amenities:

High efficiency water heating and appliances (refrigerator, range/oven, and HVAC), updated counter-tops and cabinets, and low flow plumbing fixtures

• Utilities Included:

Water, sewer, and trash

The subject's amenities are very basic and, on average, are inferior to those of other properties in the market area.

A.2 Site Description/Evaluation

- A brief description of physical features of the site and adjacent parcels: The site is currently an existing Section 515 family apartment complex. Adjacent parcels are residential or undeveloped.
- A brief overview of the neighborhood land composition (residential, commercial, industrial, agricultural):

The neighborhood is mostly residential and undeveloped, as it is on the outskirts of town.

• A discussion of site access and visibility:

Access to the site is from Campbell Street, and there are no problems with ingress and egress. The site has good visibility from Campbell Street, a connector street that runs between Georgia Highway 115 and US Highway 129/Georgia Highway 11.

- Any significant positive or negative aspects of the subject site:
 A positive aspect of the site is that it is already developed as affordable housing, and there are no negative aspects of the site.
- A brief summary of the site's proximity to neighborhood services including shopping, medical care, employment concentrations, public transportation, etc.

The site is convenient to goods and services in Cleveland.

• Discussion of public safety, including comments on local perceptions, maps, or statistics of crime in the area:

See section C.7. The site does not appear to be in a problematic area.

• An overall conclusion of the site's appropriateness for the proposed development:

The site is well-suited for the proposed rehabilitation.

A.3 Market Area Definition

• A brief definition of the primary market area including boundaries of the market area and their approximate distance from the subject property:

The market area consists of Census tracts 9502.01, 9502.02, 9502.03, and 9503 in White County.

N: Highway 348—9 miles

E: County line—8 miles

S: County line—6 miles

W: County line—5 miles

A.4 Community Demographic Data

• Current and projected overall household and population counts for the primary market area:

2010 population = 24,432; 2020 population = 27,926 2023 population = 29,072 2010 households = 9,405; 2020 households = 10,215

- 2023 households = 10,074
- Household tenure:

25.7% of the households in the market area rent.

• Household income:

| AMI | | | PBRA | | PBRA | | <u>50%</u> | | <u>60%</u> | | Tx. Cr. | | Overall |
|----------------------|------------|------|--------|------|--------|------|------------|------|------------|------|---------|------|---------|
| Lower Limit | | | 0 | | 0 | | 17,310 | | 22,110 | | 17,310 | | 0 |
| Upper Limit | | | 21,750 | | 31,320 | | 26,100 | | 31,320 | | 31,320 | | 31,320 |
| | Mkt. Area | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Renter occupied: | Households | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # |
| Less than \$5,000 | 133 | 1.00 | 133 | 1.00 | 133 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | 1.00 | 133 |
| \$5,000 to \$9,999 | 126 | 1.00 | 126 | 1.00 | 126 | _ | 0 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | 1.00 | 126 |
| \$10,000 to \$14,999 | 203 | 1.00 | 203 | 1.00 | 203 | _ | 0 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | 1.00 | 203 |
| \$15,000 to \$19,999 | 246 | 1.00 | 246 | 1.00 | 246 | 0.54 | 132 | — | 0 | 0.54 | 132 | 1.00 | 246 |
| \$20,000 to \$24,999 | 110 | 0.35 | 39 | 1.00 | 110 | 1.00 | 110 | 0.58 | 64 | 1.00 | 110 | 1.00 | 110 |
| \$25,000 to \$34,999 | 385 | _ | 0 | 0.63 | 243 | 0.11 | 42 | 0.63 | 243 | 0.63 | 243 | 0.63 | 243 |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999 | 567 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999 | 493 | — | 0 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999 | 194 | — | 0 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 |
| \$100,000 to | 72 | — | 0 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 |
| \$149,999 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$150,000 or more | 36 | — | 0 | — | 0 | — | 0 | — | 0 | — | 0 | — | 0 |
| Total | 2,565 | | 747 | | 1,061 | | 285 | | 307 | | 486 | | 1,061 |
| Percent in Range | | | 29.1% | | 41.4% | | 11.1% | | 12.0% | | 18.9% | | 41.4% |

Table 2—Percent of Renter Households in Appropriate IncomeRanges for the Market Area

• Impact of foreclosed, abandoned and vacant, single and multifamily homes, and commercial properties in the PMA on the proposed development:

There are no signs of any abandonment or foreclosure that would impact the subject.

A.5 Economic Data

- Trends in employment for the county and/or region: Employment has been stable over the past few years and has continued to be so over the past 12 months despite the pandemic.
- Employment by sector:

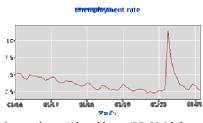
The largest sector of employment is:

Educational services, and health care and social assistance — 20.6%

• Unemployment trends:

Over the last 12 months, the unemployment rate has been between 2.6% and 11.4%. For 2020, the average rate was 4.4% while for 2019 the average rate was 2.8%.

The graph below shows the county unemployment rate for the past five years.



Source: https://data.bls.gov/PDQWeb/la

• Recent or planned major employment contractions or expansions:

If there are any, they will be discussed in the Interviews section of the report. Because of the Covid-19 lockdown, many businesses have been negatively impacted. At the current time, it is unclear how many businesses will not re-open.

• Overall conclusion regarding the stability of the county's overall economic environment:

The current economic environment will not negatively impact the demand for additional or renovated rental housing.

A.6 Development Specific Affordability and Demand Analysis

• Number renter households income qualified for the proposed development:

| AMI | | | PBRA | | PBRA | | 50% | | 60% | | Tx. Cr. | | Overall |
|----------------------|------------|------|--------|------|--------|------|------------|------|--------|------|---------|------|---------|
| Lower Limit | | | 0 | | 0 | | 17,310 | | 22,110 | | 17,310 | | 0 |
| Upper Limit | | | 21,750 | | 31,320 | | 26,100 | | 31,320 | | 31,320 | | 31,320 |
| | Mkt. Area | | | | | | | | | _ | | | |
| Renter occupied: | Households | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # |
| Less than \$5,000 | 133 | 1.00 | 133 | 1.00 | 133 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | - | 0 | 1.00 | 133 |
| \$5,000 to \$9,999 | 126 | 1.00 | 126 | 1.00 | 126 | _ | 0 | — | 0 | — | 0 | 1.00 | 126 |
| \$10,000 to \$14,999 | 203 | 1.00 | 203 | 1.00 | 203 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | 1.00 | 203 |
| \$15,000 to \$19,999 | 246 | 1.00 | 246 | 1.00 | 246 | 0.54 | 132 | _ | 0 | 0.54 | 132 | 1.00 | 246 |
| \$20,000 to \$24,999 | 110 | 0.35 | 39 | 1.00 | 110 | 1.00 | 110 | 0.58 | 64 | 1.00 | 110 | 1.00 | 110 |
| \$25,000 to \$34,999 | 385 | — | 0 | 0.63 | 243 | 0.11 | 42 | 0.63 | 243 | 0.63 | 243 | 0.63 | 243 |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999 | 567 | — | 0 | — | 0 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999 | 493 | — | 0 | — | 0 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999 | 194 | — | 0 | — | 0 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 |
| \$100,000 to | 72 | — | 0 | — | 0 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 |
| \$149,999 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$150,000 or more | 36 | | 0 | — | 0 | — | 0 | — | 0 | — | 0 | _ | 0 |
| Total | 2,565 | | 747 | | 1,061 | | 285 | | 307 | | 486 | | 1,061 |
| Percent in Range | | | 29.1% | | 41.4% | | 11.1% | | 12.0% | | 18.9% | | 41.4% |

Table 3—Number of Renter Households in Appropriate IncomeRanges for the Market Area

• Overall estimate of demand:

Overall demand is 877.

- Capture rates
 - o Overall:
 - 3.4%
 - o LIHTC units:

3.4%

Table 4—Capture Rates by AMI Targeting

| | Income | | Total | | Net | Capture |
|---------|-------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| | Range | Units | Demand | Supply | Demand | Rate |
| 50% AMI | \$0-\$21,750 | 3 | 650 | 0 | 650 | 0.5% |
| 60% AMI | \$0-\$31,320 | 13 | 877 | 0 | 877 | 1.5% |
| 50% AMI | \$17,310-\$26,100 | 6 | 224 | 0 | 224 | 2.7% |
| 60% AMI | \$22,110-\$31,320 | 8 | 186 | 0 | 186 | 4.3% |
| All TC | \$17,310-\$31,320 | 14 | 330 | 0 | 330 | 4.2% |
| Overall | \$0-\$31,320 | 30 | 877 | 0 | 877 | 3.4% |

Table 4a—Capture Rates by Bedroom Targeting

| | - | | | | 0 0 | | |
|---------|------|-------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| | | Income | | Total | | Net | Capture |
| | | Range | Units | Demand | Supply | Demand | Rate |
| 50% AMI | 1 BR | \$0-\$21,750 | 3 | 195 | 0 | 195 | 1.5% |
| 60% AMI | 1 BR | \$0-\$26,100 | 3 | 263 | 0 | 263 | 1.1% |
| | 2 BR | \$0-\$31,320 | 10 | 439 | 0 | 439 | 2.3% |
| 50% AMI | 1 BR | \$17,310-\$21,750 | 2 | 67 | 0 | 67 | 3.0% |
| | 2 BR | \$20,430-\$26,100 | 4 | 112 | 0 | 112 | 3.6% |
| 60% AMI | 2 BR | \$22,110-\$31,320 | 8 | 93 | 0 | 93 | 8.6% |

• Conclusion regarding the achievability of these capture rates:

The capture rates are achievable.

• Effective Capture Rate

The effective capture rate is the number of units that will actually need to be leased divided by the demand. Since the subject has five vacant units, the effective capture rate is 0.6%

A.7 Competitive Rental Analysis

- Analysis of the competitive properties in or near the PMA
- Number of properties:

7 properties were surveyed.

• Rent bands for each bedroom type proposed:

1BR = \$505 to \$550

2BR = \$493 to \$825

• Achievable market rents:

1BR = \$725 2BR = \$825

A.8 Absorption/Stabilization Estimate

• Number of units expected to be leased per month:

The subject should be able to lease units as the renovations to them are done.

• Number of units to be leased by AMI targeting:

```
50% AMI = 9
```

```
60% AMI = 21
```

• Number of months required for the development to reach 93% occupancy:

The subject should be able to lease units as the renovations to them are done.

A.9 Overall Conclusion

Narrative detailing key conclusions of the report:

- The **site** appears suitable for the development. It is currently developed as an affordable family apartment complex.
- The **neighborhood** is compatible with the development. The immediate neighborhood is residential and undeveloped.
- The **location** is well suited to the development.
- The **population** growth in the market area is strong, but **household growth** in the market area is slightly negative.
- The **economy** seems to be stable and had been growing prior to recent disruptions from Covid-19. The county lost 1,783 jobs in April 2020, but gained 2,561 from May 2020 through March 2021.
- The calculated **demand** for the development is good.
- The **capture rates** for the development are reasonable. The overall LIHTC capture rate is 3.4%.
- The **most comparable** apartments are Gateway Village (existing subject), Hillside (affordable property with project-based rental assistance) and Whitehall Commons (family LIHTC).
- Total vacancy rates of the most comparable developments are 13.3% (Gateway Village—Not counting the down unit), 3.1% (Hillside) and 0.0% (Whitehall Commons).
- The **average vacancy rate** reported at comparable developments is 4.0%.
- The average LIHTC vacancy rate is 0.0%.

- The overall **vacancy rate** among apartments surveyed is 5.5%.
- There are no **concessions** in the market.
- The net **rents**, given prevailing rents, vacancy rates, and concessions in the market area, are reasonable for the non-PBRA units and fit well in the market; in fact, they are the same rents or lower as the subject is currently charging.
- The proposed **bedroom mix** is reasonable for the market.
- The **unit sizes** are reasonable for the proposal.
- The subject's **amenities** are very basic and mostly inferior to other apartments in the market area.
- The subject's **value** should be perceived as good.
- The subject's **affordability** is good from a programmatic gross rent standpoint.
- The proposal would have no long term **impact** on existing LIHTC developments as it is already an existing affordable apartment complex.
- A.9.1 Recommendations

None

A.9.2 Notes

None

- A.9.2.1 Strengths
 - Preservation of existing affordable housing
 - Good population growth in the market area
 - Zero LIHTC vacancies in the market
 - 16 units of project-based rental assistance
- A.9.2.2 Weaknesses

Current vacancy rate of 13.3% at the subject (not counting the down unit) – mitigated by units just needing to be turned over to be rentable again and six households on the waiting list. The proposed rehab will address this weakness.

A.9.3 Conclusion

The development, as proposed, should be successful.

A.10 DCA Summary Table

Table 5—DCA Summary Table

| Table 5—1 | DCA Sul | innai y l | laule | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|-------------|--------------|-------------|------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------------|---------|--|--|
| | | | | | ummary | | | | | | | |
| | (m | hust be co | ompleted | by the ana | alyst and | inclu | ded in the | executive | e summary) | | | |
| De | evelopmer | nt C | Gateway Vi | llage | | Total # Units: | | | | | | |
| Lo | cation: | (| leveland | | | | | | # LIHTC Units: | 30 | | |
| PN | 1A Bounda | arv: S | ee map or | n page 35 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | F | arthe | st Boundary | Distance | to Subiect [.] | 9 miles | | |
| | | DEN | | NG STOCK († | | | | | to Subject. | 5 miles | | |
| | | REN | IAL HOUSI | NG STOCK (| iouna in | Apan # | Tota | | cant | Average | | |
| Туре | | | | | Proper | | Units | | | cupancy | | |
| All Rental I | Housing | | | | Порсі | 7 | 261 | | 6 | 97.7% | | |
| Market-Ra | <u> </u> | n | | | | 2 | 63 | | 1 | 98.4% | | |
| Assisted/S | | | not to inclu | ide LIHTC | | 3 | 86 | | 5 | 94.2% | | |
| LIHTC | abstatzea | riousingr | | | | 2 | 112 | | 0 | 100% | | |
| Stabilized | Comps | | | | | 3 | 126 | | 5 | 96.0% | | |
| Properties | | uction & Lo | ease Up | | | 0 | n/a | | n/a | n/a | | |
| • | | | | | | | | | Highest | Comp | | |
| | Subje | ect Develo | opment | | Ac | Achievable Market Rent | | | | Rent | | |
| | | | Size | Proposed | 1 L | | | | | | | |
| # Units | # BR's | # Baths | (SF) | Ren | t Per | Unit | Per SF | Advtg. | Per Unit | Per SF | | |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 650 | \$42 | 7 | \$725 | \$1.12 | 69.8% | | \$1.15 | | |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 650 | \$540 | 0 | \$725 | \$1.12 | 34.3% | \$550 | \$1.15 | | |
| 3 | 2 | 1 | 895 | \$540 | 0 | \$825 | \$0.92 | 52.8% | \$825 | \$0.72 | | |
| 7 | 2 | 2 | 895 | \$540 | 0 | \$825 | \$0.92 | 52.8% | \$825 | \$0.72 | | |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 650 | \$427 | 7 | \$725 | \$1.12 | 69.8% | \$550 | \$1.15 | | |
| 4 | 2 | 2 | 895 | \$49 | 1 | \$825 | \$0.92 | 68.0% | \$825 | \$0.72 | | |
| 1 | 2 | 2 | | \$49 | | \$825 | \$0.92 | 68.0% | \$825 | \$0.72 | | |
| 7 | 2 | 1-2 | 895 | \$540 | 0 | \$825 | \$0.92 | 52.8% | \$825 | \$0.72 | | |
| | | | | <u> </u> | _ | | | | | | | |
| | | | <u> </u> | | (f | | | | | | | |
| Townstor | Demular | | CAPT | URE RATES (| | | | 4 | Other | 0 | | |
| Targeted | | 11 | | 30% | 50% | | | t-rate | Other | Overall | | |
| Capture Ra | ale | | | | 2.7% | 4.: | 3% | | | 3.4% | | |

A.11 Demand

Table 6—Demand

| | 50% AMI: \$0 to \$21,750 | 60% AMI: \$0 to \$31,320 | 50% AMI: \$17,310 to \$26,100 | 60% AMI: \$22,110 to \$31,320 | Overall Tax Credit: \$17,310 to \$31,320 | Overall Project: \$0 to \$31,320 |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| New Housing Units Required | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rent Overburden Households | 622 | 838 | 213 | 175 | 312 | 838 |
| Substandard Units | 28 | 39 | 11 | 11 | 18 | 39 |
| Demand | 650 | 877 | 224 | 186 | 330 | 877 |
| Less New Supply | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Net Demand | 650 | 877 | 224 | 186 | 330 | 877 |

A.11.1 Market Bedroom Mix

The following bedroom mix will keep the market in balance over the long term. Diversity among projects is necessary for a healthy market.

Table 7—Market Bedroom Mix

| Bedrooms | Mix |
|----------|------|
| 1 | 30% |
| 2 | 50% |
| 3 | 20% |
| 4 | 0% |
| Total | 100% |

A.11.2 Absorption

Given reasonable marketing and management, the development should be able to rent up to 93% occupancy within 1 month, assuming units are leased as the renovations are completed. The absorption rate determination considers such factors as the overall estimate of new household growth, the available supply of competitive units, observed trends in absorption of comparable units, and the availability of subsidies and rent specials. The absorption period is considered to start as soon as the first units are released for occupancy. With advance marketing and preleasing, the absorption period could be less.

A.12 NCHMA Capture Rate

NCHMA defines capture rate as:

The percentage of age, size, and income qualified renter households in the primary market area that the property must capture to achieve the stabilized level of occupancy. Funding agencies may require restrictions to the qualified households used in the calculation including age, income, living in substandard housing, mover-ship and other comparable factors. The capture rate is calculated by dividing the total number of units at the property by the total number of age, size and income qualified renter households in the primary market area. See penetration rate for rate for entire market area.

This definition varies from the capture rate used above.

Table 8—NCHMA Capture Rate

| | Income Qualified Renter Households | Proposal | Capture Rate |
|--|---|----------|-----------------|
| 50% AMI: \$0 to \$21,750 | 747 | 3 | 0.4% |
| 60% AMI: \$0 to \$31,320 | 1,061 | 13 | 1.2% |
| 50% AMI: \$17,310 to \$26,100 | 285 | 6 | 2.1% |
| 60% AMI: \$22,110 to \$31,320 | 307 | 8 | 2.6% |
| Overall Tax Credit: \$17,310 to \$31,320 | 486 | 14 | 2.9% |
| Overall Project: \$0 to \$31,320 | 1,061 | 30 | 2.8% |

B. Development Description

The development description is provided by the developer.

B.1 Development Location

The site is on the west side of Cleveland, Georgia. It is located at 1000 Campbell Street.

B.2 Construction Type

Rehabilitation

B.3 Occupancy

The proposal is for occupancy by family households.

B.4 Target Income Group

Low income

B.5 Special Population

None

B.6 Structure Type

Garden; the subject has one community and four residential buildings.

Floor plans and elevations were not available at the time the study was conducted.

B.7 Unit Sizes, Rents and Targeting

Table 9—Unit Sizes, Rents and Targeting

| | | | | U | U | | | |
|-----|------------------|-------|----------|--------|------|---------|-------|------------|
| | | | Number | Square | Net | Utility | Gross | Target |
| AMI | Bedrooms | Baths | of Units | Feet | Rent | Allow. | Rent | Population |
| 50% | 1 | 1 | 3 | 650 | 427 | 78 | 505 | PBRA |
| 60% | 1 | 1 | 3 | 650 | 540 | 78 | 618 | PBRA |
| 60% | 2 | 1 | 3 | 895 | 540 | 105 | 645 | PBRA |
| 60% | 2 | 2 | 7 | 895 | 540 | 105 | 645 | PBRA |
| 50% | 1 | 1 | 2 | 650 | 427 | 78 | 505 | Tax Credit |
| 50% | 2 | 2 | 4 | 895 | 491 | 105 | 596 | Tax Credit |
| 60% | 2 | 2 | 1 | 895 | 491 | 105 | 596 | Tax Credit |
| 60% | 2 | 1-2 | 7 | 895 | 540 | 105 | 645 | Tax Credit |
| | Total Units | | 30 | | | | | |
| | Tax Credit Units | | 30 | | | | | |
| | PBRA Units | | 16 | | | | | |
| | Mkt. Rate Units | | 0 | | | | | |

These *pro forma* rents will be evaluated in terms of the market in the Supply section of the study.

B.8 Development Amenities

Shared with Valley Manor

Community room, exterior gathering area, on-site laundry, covered pavilion with picnic/BBQ facility, fenced community garden, and equipped playground

B.9 Unit Amenities

High efficiency water heating and appliances (refrigerator, range/oven, and HVAC), updated counter-tops and cabinets, and low flow plumbing fixtures

B.10 Rehab

Current occupancy: 83.3%

Current rents: \$505 (1BR) & \$540 (2BR)

Tenant incomes: all the existing tenants are income qualified

Scope of work: see the project narrative appendix

B.11 Utilities Included

Water, sewer, and trash

B.12 Projected Certificate of Occupancy Date

It is anticipated that the subject will have its final certificates of occupancy on or before 12/31/2023.

C. Site Evaluation

C.1 Date of Site Visit

Bob Rogers visited the site on May 3, 2021.

C.2 Physical Features of Site and Adjacent Parcels

• Physical features:

The site is currently a Section 515 family apartment complex.

- Adjacent parcels:
 - N: Woods and single family home
 - E: Apartments and undeveloped land
 - S: Apartments
 - W: Campbell Street then undeveloped land
- Condition of surrounding land uses:

The surrounding land uses are mostly reasonable, though some of the surrounding apartments are not in great condition.

- Positive and negative attributes:
 Positive: already developed as an affordable apartment complex
 Negative: none
- C.3 Surrounding Roads, Transportation, Shopping, Employment, Community Services Campbell Street is the only road adjacent to the subject. Campbell Street connects to Kytle Street in the north and Main Street in the east. Kytle and Main Streets are the two primary streets through Cleveland.

There is no fixed route public transportation in White County.

- N: Walgreens and Ingles are about a mile north of the site.
- E: Downtown Cleveland is about a mile east of the site. Truett McConnell University is on the east side of town, about 2 miles away.
- S: Walmart is about 2 miles south of the site on the south side of town.
- W: Rural



Site and Neighborhood Photos and Adjacent Land Uses Map

C.4 Site and Neighborhood Photos



Photo 1 - entrance and Campbell Street



Photo 2 - entrance



Photo 3 - Gateway Village



Photo 4 - Gateway Village



Photo 5 - Gateway Village



Photo 6 - Valley Manor



Photo 7 - Valley Manor



Photo 8 - Valley Manor



Photo 9 - Sunny Ridge (adjacent to the site to the east)



Photo 10 - Looking south on Campbell Street



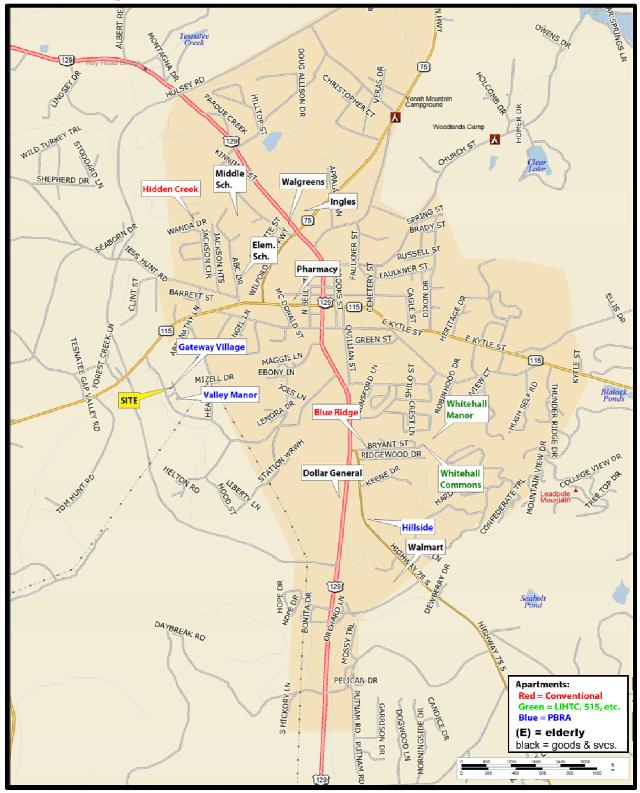
Photo 11 - looking north on Campbell Street



Photo 12 Laurel Ridge Apartments (adjacent to the site to the south)

C.5 Site Location Map

Site Location Map



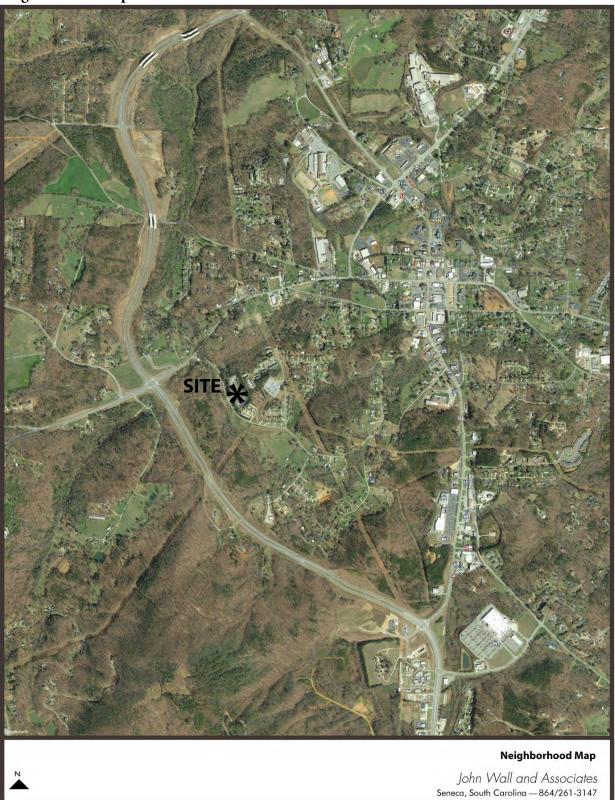
• Listing of closest shopping areas, schools, employment centers, medical facilities and other important amenities with distance to site:

Table 10—Community Amenities

| Amenity | Distance |
|-------------------|-----------|
| Pharmacy | 1 mile |
| Elementary School | 1 mile |
| Middle School | 1 mile |
| Walgreens | 1 mile |
| Ingles | 1 mile |
| Dollar General | 1 ½ miles |
| Walmart | 1 ¾ miles |

C.6 Land Uses of the Immediate Area

Neighborhood Map



Cleveland, Georgia

C.7 Public Safety Issues

According to the FBI, in 2019 the following crimes were reported to police:

Table 11—Crimes Reported to Police

| | County |
|---------------------|--------|
| Violent Crime | 22 |
| Murder | 0 |
| Rape | 1 |
| Robbery | 1 |
| Assault | 20 |
| Property Crime | 136 |
| Burglary | 51 |
| Larceny | 77 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 8 |
| Arson | 1 |

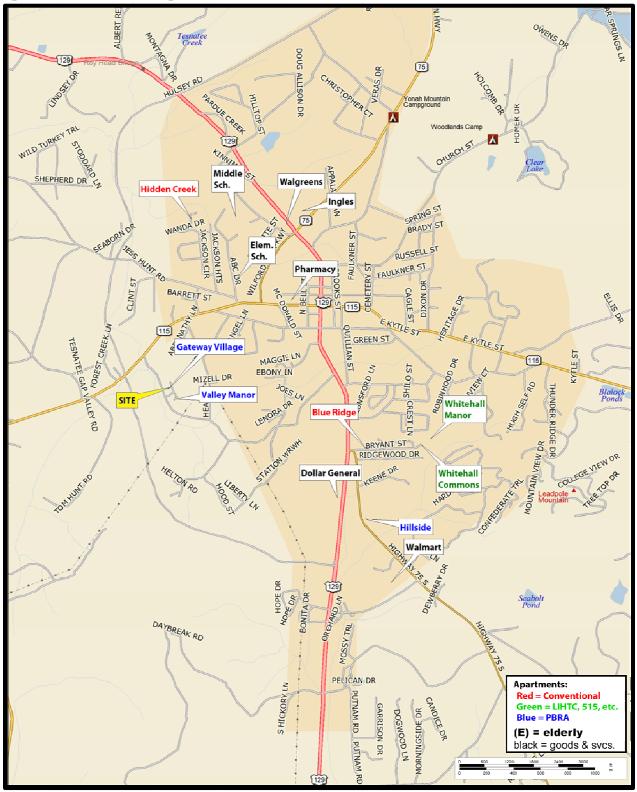
Source: 2019 Crime in the United States

https://ucr.fbi.gov/crime-in-the-u.s/2019/crime-in-the-u.s.-2019/topic-pages/tables/table-10/table-10.xls/view

A crime map is in the appendix. The site does not appear to be in a problematic area.

C.8 Multifamily Residential Developments

Apartment Locations Map



C.9 Road and infrastructure Improvements

No major road or infrastructure projects were noted in the immediate area that would have direct impact on the subject.

C.10 Ingress, Egress, and Visibility

Access to the site is from Campbell Street, and there are no problems with ingress and egress. The site has good visibility from Campbell Street, a connector street that runs between Georgia Highway 115 and US Highway 129/Georgia Highway 11.

C.11 Observed Visible Environmental or Other Concerns

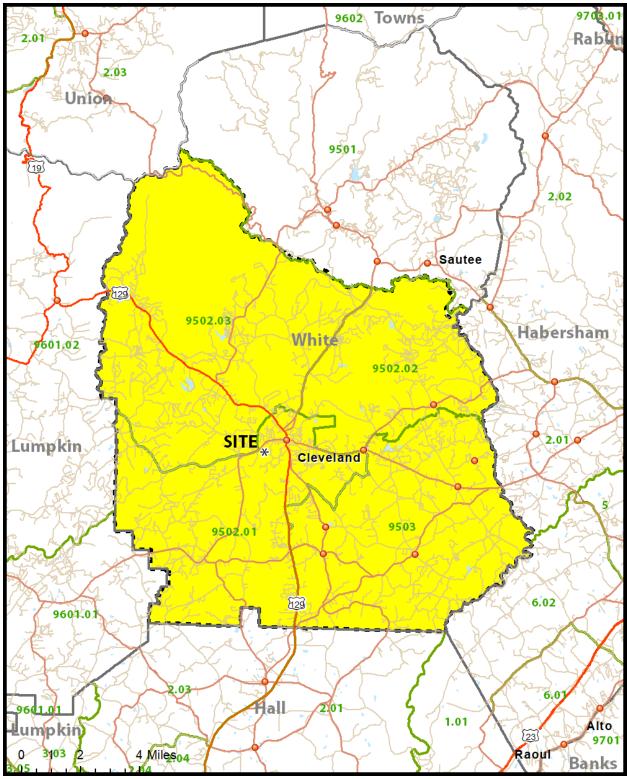
There were no other visible environmental or other concerns.

C.12 Conclusion

The site is well-suited for the proposed rehabilitation.

D. Market Area

Market Area Map



D.1 Market Area Determination

The market area is the community where the development will be located and only those outlying rural areas that will be significantly impacted by the development, generally excluding other significant established communities. The market area is considered to be the area from which most of the prospective tenants will be drawn. Some people will move into the market area from nearby towns, while others will move away. These households are accounted for in the "Household Trends" section. The border of the market area is based on travel time, commuting patterns, the gravity model, physical boundaries, and the distribution of renters in the area. The analyst visits the area before the market area definition is finalized.

Housing alternatives and local perspective will be presented in the Development Comparisons section of this report.

D.2 Driving Times and Place of Work

Commuter time to work is shown below:

Table 12—Workers' Travel Time to Work for the Market Area (Time in Minutes)

| | State | % | County | % | Market Area | % | City | % |
|---------------------|-----------|-------|--------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Total: | 4,502,437 | | 11,880 | | 10,913 | | 1,777 | |
| Less than 5 minutes | 93,182 | 2.1% | 636 | 5.4% | 548 | 5.0% | 39 | 2.2% |
| 5 to 9 minutes | 339,955 | 7.6% | 1,598 | 13.5% | 1,527 | 14.0% | 547 | 30.8% |
| 10 to 14 minutes | 557,697 | 12.4% | 1,093 | 9.2% | 1,033 | 9.5% | 277 | 15.6% |
| 15 to 19 minutes | 672,907 | 14.9% | 1,585 | 13.3% | 1,439 | 13.2% | 113 | 6.4% |
| 20 to 24 minutes | 641,094 | 14.2% | 1,476 | 12.4% | 1,309 | 12.0% | 267 | 15.0% |
| 25 to 29 minutes | 277,292 | 6.2% | 514 | 4.3% | 505 | 4.6% | 119 | 6.7% |
| 30 to 34 minutes | 648,386 | 14.4% | 1,205 | 10.1% | 1,143 | 10.5% | 250 | 14.1% |
| 35 to 39 minutes | 149,659 | 3.3% | 424 | 3.6% | 398 | 3.6% | 11 | 0.6% |
| 40 to 44 minutes | 179,550 | 4.0% | 397 | 3.3% | 393 | 3.6% | 0 | 0.0% |
| 45 to 59 minutes | 444,833 | 9.9% | 1,295 | 10.9% | 1,160 | 10.6% | 127 | 7.1% |
| 60 to 89 minutes | 354,825 | 7.9% | 1,185 | 10.0% | 1,072 | 9.8% | 23 | 1.3% |
| 90 or more minutes | 143,057 | 3.2% | 472 | 4.0% | 386 | 3.5% | 4 | 0.2% |

Source: 2019-5yr ACS (Census)

D.3 Market Area Definition

The market area for this report has been defined as Census tracts 9502.01, 9502.02, 9502.03, and 9503 in White County (2010 Census). The market area is defined in terms of standard US Census geography so it will be possible to obtain accurate, verifiable information about it. The Market Area Map highlights this area.

D.3.1 Secondary Market Area

The secondary market area for this report has been defined as White County. Demand will neither be calculated for, nor derived from, the secondary market area.

E. Demographic Analysis

E.1 Population

E.1.1 Population Trends

The following table shows the population in the state, county, market area, and city for several years that the Census Bureau provides data.

| | r | | | |
|------|------------|--------|-------------|-------|
| Year | State | County | Market Area | City |
| 2008 | 9,468,815 | 26,498 | 23,769 | 3,254 |
| 2009 | 9,600,612 | 26,840 | 24,159 | 3,335 |
| 2010 | 9,714,569 | 27,141 | 24,503 | 3,477 |
| 2011 | 9,810,417 | 27,400 | 24,783 | 3,566 |
| 2012 | 9,907,756 | 27,594 | 24,844 | 3,624 |
| 2013 | 10,006,693 | 27,791 | 25,037 | 3,689 |
| 2014 | 10,099,320 | 28,140 | 25,397 | 3,750 |
| 2015 | 10,201,635 | 28,509 | 26,035 | 3,779 |
| 2016 | 10,297,484 | 28,928 | 26,576 | 3,834 |
| 2017 | 10,403,847 | 29,489 | 26,826 | 3,920 |

Table 13—Population Trends

Sources: 2010 through 2019 5yr ACS (Census)

E.1.2 Age

Population is shown below for several age categories. The percent figures are presented in such a way as to easily compare the market area to the state, which is a "norm." This will point out any peculiarities in the market area.

Table 14—Persons by Age

| | | | U | | | | | |
|----------|-----------|-------|--------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | State | % | County | % | Market Area | % | City | % |
| Total | 9,687,653 | | 27,144 | | 24,432 | | 3,410 | |
| Under 20 | 2,781,629 | 28.7% | 6,935 | 25.5% | 6,466 | 26.5% | 1,069 | 31.3% |
| 20 to 34 | 2,015,640 | 20.8% | 4,223 | 15.6% | 3,947 | 16.2% | 797 | 23.4% |
| 35 to 54 | 2,788,792 | 28.8% | 7,378 | 27.2% | 6,752 | 27.6% | 715 | 21.0% |
| 55 to 61 | 783,421 | 8.1% | 2,659 | 9.8% | 2,291 | 9.4% | 246 | 7.2% |
| 62 to 64 | 286,136 | 3.0% | 1,195 | 4.4% | 998 | 4.1% | 103 | 3.0% |
| 65 plus | 1,032,035 | 10.7% | 4,754 | 17.5% | 3,978 | 16.3% | 480 | 14.1% |
| 55 plus | 2,101,592 | 21.7% | 8,608 | 31.7% | 7,267 | 29.7% | 829 | 24.3% |
| 62 plus | 1,318,171 | 13.6% | 5,949 | 21.9% | 4,976 | 20.4% | 583 | 17.1% |

Source: 2010 Census

E.1.3 Race and Hispanic Origin

The racial composition of the market area does not factor into the demand for units; the information below is provided for reference.

Note that "Hispanic" is not a racial category. "White," "Black," and "Other" represent 100% of the population. Some people in each of those categories also consider themselves "Hispanic." The percent figures allow for a comparison between the state ("norm") and the market area.

| | - | U | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|--------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | State | % | County | % | Market Area | % | City | % |
| Total | 9,687,653 | | 27,144 | | 24,432 | | 3,410 | |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 8,833,964 | 91.2% | 26,497 | 97.6% | 23,818 | 97.5% | 3,261 | 95.6% |
| White | 5,413,920 | 55.9% | 25,453 | 93.8% | 22,905 | 93.8% | 2,897 | 85.0% |
| Black or African American | 2,910,800 | 30.0% | 454 | 1.7% | 387 | 1.6% | 235 | 6.9% |
| American Indian | 21,279 | 0.2% | 120 | 0.4% | 110 | 0.5% | 18 | 0.5% |
| Asian | 311,692 | 3.2% | 124 | 0.5% | 90 | 0.4% | 35 | 1.0% |
| Native Hawaiian | 5,152 | 0.1% | 9 | 0.0% | 7 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Some Other Race | 19,141 | 0.2% | 12 | 0.0% | 12 | 0.0% | 4 | 0.1% |
| Two or More Races | 151,980 | 1.6% | 325 | 1.2% | 307 | 1.3% | 72 | 2.1% |
| Hispanic or Latino | 853,689 | 8.8% | 647 | 2.4% | 614 | 2.5% | 149 | 4.4% |
| White | 373,520 | 3.9% | 371 | 1.4% | 343 | 1.4% | 96 | 2.8% |
| Black or African American | 39,635 | 0.4% | 3 | 0.0% | 3 | 0.0% | 1 | 0.0% |
| American Indian | 10,872 | 0.1% | 11 | 0.0% | 11 | 0.0% | 3 | 0.1% |
| Asian | 2,775 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Native Hawaiian | 1,647 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| Some Other Race | 369,731 | 3.8% | 218 | 0.8% | 213 | 0.9% | 41 | 1.2% |
| Two or More Races | 55,509 | 0.6% | 44 | 0.2% | 44 | 0.2% | 8 | 0.2% |

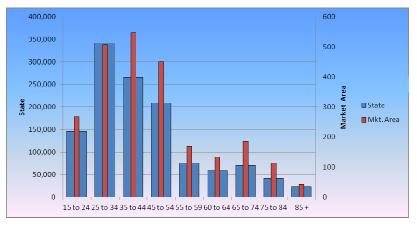
Table 15—Race and Hispanic Origin

Source: 2010 Census

Note that the "Native Hawaiian" category above also includes "Other Pacific Islander" and the "American Indian" category also includes "Alaska Native."

E.2 Households

Renter Households by Age of Householder



Source: 2010 Census

The graph above shows the relative distribution of households by age in the market area as compared to the state.

E.2.1 Household Trends

The following table shows the number of households in the state, county, market area, and city for several years that the Census Bureau provides data.

Table 16—Household Trends

| Year | State | County | Market Area | City |
|------|-----------|--------|-------------|-------|
| 2008 | 3,468,704 | 12,063 | 10,750 | 1,541 |
| 2009 | 3,490,754 | 12,459 | 11,109 | 1,478 |
| 2010 | 3,508,477 | 12,154 | 10,902 | 1,511 |
| 2011 | 3,518,097 | 11,788 | 10,489 | 1,398 |
| 2012 | 3,540,690 | 11,507 | 10,187 | 1,410 |
| 2013 | 3,574,362 | 11,316 | 10,052 | 1,349 |
| 2014 | 3,611,706 | 11,016 | 9,723 | 1,169 |
| 2015 | 3,611,706 | 11,250 | 10,014 | 1,143 |
| 2016 | 3611706 | 11588 | 10379 | 1260 |
| 2017 | 3611706 | 11695 | 10357 | 1276 |

Sources: 2010 through 2019 5yr ACS (Census)

E.2.2 Household Tenure

The table below shows how many units are occupied by owners and by renters. The percent of the households in the market area that are occupied by renters will be used later in determining the demand for new rental housing.

Table 17—Occupied Housing Units by Tenure

| | - | | U | | | | | |
|------------|-----------|-------|--------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | State | % | County | % | Market Area | % | City | % |
| Households | 3,585,584 | _ | 10,646 | _ | 9,405 | _ | 1,300 | _ |
| Owner | 2,354,402 | 65.7% | 7,935 | 74.5% | 6,990 | 74.3% | 598 | 46.0% |
| Renter | 1,231,182 | 34.3% | 2,711 | 25.5% | 2,415 | 25.7% | 702 | 54.0% |

Source: 2010 Census

From the table above, it can be seen that 25.7% of the households in the market area rent. This percentage will be used later in the report to calculate the number of general occupancy units necessary to accommodate household growth.

E.2.3 Projections

Population projections are based on the average trend from the most recent Census data. First the percent change in population is calculated for each pair of years.

| Table | 18-Po | pulation |
|-------|-------|----------|
|-------|-------|----------|

| ACS Year | Market Area | Change | Percent Change |
|----------|-------------|--------|----------------|
| 2010 | 23,769 | _ | _ |
| 2011 | 24,159 | 390 | 1.6% |
| 2012 | 24,503 | 344 | 1.4% |
| 2013 | 24,783 | 280 | 1.1% |
| 2014 | 24,844 | 61 | 0.2% |
| 2015 | 25,037 | 193 | 0.8% |
| 2016 | 25,397 | 360 | 1.4% |
| 2017 | 26,035 | 638 | 2.5% |
| 2018 | 26,576 | 541 | 2.1% |
| 2019 | 26,826 | 250 | 0.9% |

Sources: 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, and 2016 5yr ACS (Census)

As seen in the table above, the percent change ranges from 0.2% to 2.5%. Excluding the highest and lowest observed values, the average is 1.3%. This value will be used to project future changes.

Household projections are based on the average trend from the most recent Census data. First the percent change in population is calculated for each pair of years.

| ACS Year | Market Area | Change | Percent Change |
|----------|-------------|--------|----------------|
| 2010 | 10,750 | _ | _ |
| 2011 | 11,109 | 359 | 3.3% |
| 2012 | 10,902 | -207 | -1.9% |
| 2013 | 10,489 | -413 | -3.8% |
| 2014 | 10,187 | -302 | -2.9% |
| 2015 | 10,052 | -135 | -1.3% |
| 2016 | 9,723 | -329 | -3.3% |
| 2017 | 10,014 | 291 | 3.0% |
| 2018 | 10,379 | 365 | 3.6% |
| 2019 | 10,357 | -22 | -0.2% |

Sources: 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, and 2016 5yr ACS (Census)

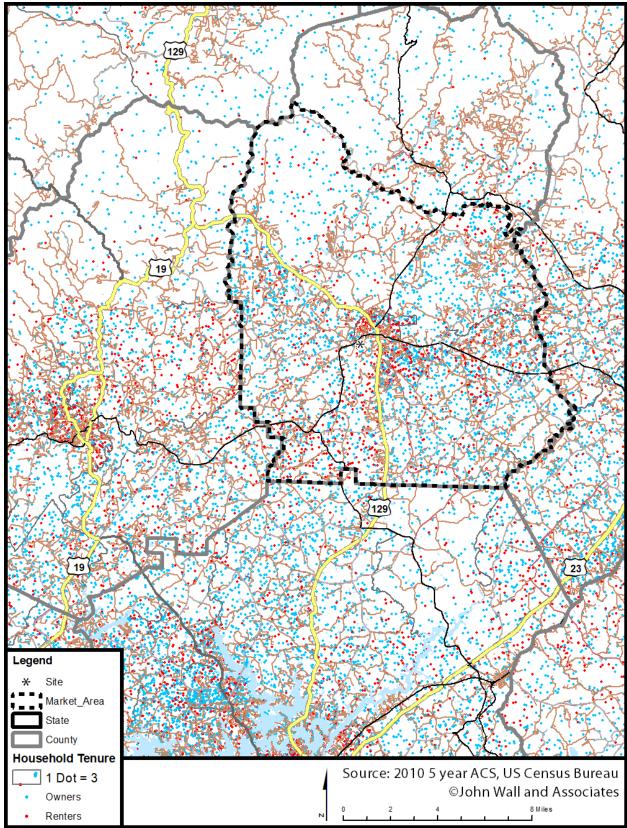
As seen in the table above, the percent change ranges from -3.8% to 3.6%. Excluding the highest and lowest observed values, the average is -0.5%. This value will be used to project future changes.

The average percent change figures calculated above are used to generate the projections that follow.

| | 1 | , | | | |
|--------------|------------|---------------|------------|---------------|--|
| Projections | Population | Annual Change | Households | Annual Change | |
| 2020 | 27,926 | 1,027 | 10,215 | 9 | |
| 2021 | 28,303 | 377 | 10,168 | -47 | |
| 2022 | 28,685 | 382 | 10,121 | -47 | |
| 2023 | 29,072 | 387 | 10,074 | -47 | |
| 2020 to 2023 | 1,146 | 382 | -141 | -47 | |
| | | | | | |

Source: John Wall and Associates from figures above

Tenure Map



E.2.4 Household Size

Household size is another characteristic that needs to be examined. The household size of those presently renting can be used as a strong indicator of the bedroom mix required. Renters and owners have been shown separately in the tables below because the make-up of owner-occupied units is significantly different from that of renters. A comparison of the percent figures for the market area and the state ("norm") is often of interest.

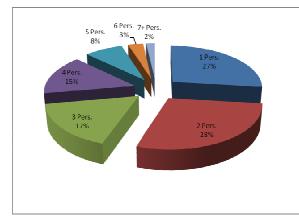
| | State | | County | | Market Area | | City | |
|------------------|-----------|-------|--------|-------|-------------|-------|------|-------|
| Owner occupied: | 2,354,402 | _ | 7,935 | _ | 6,990 | _ | 598 | _ |
| 1-person | 498,417 | 21.2% | 1,650 | 20.8% | 1,412 | 20.2% | 169 | 28.3% |
| 2-person | 821,066 | 34.9% | 3,418 | 43.1% | 2,937 | 42.0% | 228 | 38.1% |
| 3-person | 417,477 | 17.7% | 1,242 | 15.7% | 1,141 | 16.3% | 83 | 13.9% |
| 4-person | 360,504 | 15.3% | 969 | 12.2% | 887 | 12.7% | 64 | 10.7% |
| 5-person | 159,076 | 6.8% | 433 | 5.5% | 406 | 5.8% | 33 | 5.5% |
| 6-person | 60,144 | 2.6% | 148 | 1.9% | 136 | 1.9% | 18 | 3.0% |
| 7-or-more | 37,718 | 1.6% | 75 | 0.9% | 71 | 1.0% | 3 | 0.5% |
| Renter occupied: | 1,231,182 | _ | 2,711 | _ | 2,415 | _ | 702 | _ |
| 1-person | 411,057 | 33.4% | 774 | 28.6% | 648 | 26.8% | 195 | 27.8% |
| 2-person | 309,072 | 25.1% | 771 | 28.4% | 686 | 28.4% | 213 | 30.3% |
| 3-person | 203,417 | 16.5% | 459 | 16.9% | 410 | 17.0% | 116 | 16.5% |
| 4-person | 155,014 | 12.6% | 380 | 14.0% | 363 | 15.0% | 104 | 14.8% |
| 5-person | 84,999 | 6.9% | 198 | 7.3% | 188 | 7.8% | 49 | 7.0% |
| 6-person | 37,976 | 3.1% | 82 | 3.0% | 77 | 3.2% | 17 | 2.4% |
| 7-or-more | 29,647 | 2.4% | 47 | 1.7% | 43 | 1.8% | 8 | 1.1% |

Table 21—Housing Units by Persons in Unit

Source: 2010 Census

The percent and number of large (5 or more persons) households in the market is an important fact to consider in developments with a significant number of 3 or 4 bedroom units. In such cases, this fact has been taken into account and is used to refine the analysis. It also helps to determine the upper income limit for the purpose of calculating demand. In the market area, 12.8% of the renter households are large, compared to 12.4% in the state.

Renter Persons Per Unit For The Market Area



E.2.5 Household Incomes

The table below shows the number of households (both renter and owner) that fall within various income ranges for the market area.

| | | | | | | 0 | | |
|------------------------|-----------|-------|--------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | State | % | County | % | Market Area | % | City | % |
| Total: | 3,758,798 | | 11,695 | | 10,357 | | 1,276 | |
| Less than \$10,000 | 256,027 | 6.8% | 639 | 5.5% | 576 | 5.6% | 109 | 8.5% |
| \$10,000 to \$14,999 | 167,485 | 4.5% | 480 | 4.1% | 435 | 4.2% | 65 | 5.1% |
| \$15,000 to \$19,999 | 174,868 | 4.7% | 576 | 4.9% | 500 | 4.8% | 121 | 9.5% |
| \$20,000 to \$24,999 | 180,334 | 4.8% | 465 | 4.0% | 381 | 3.7% | 41 | 3.2% |
| \$25,000 to \$29,999 | 178,396 | 4.7% | 653 | 5.6% | 542 | 5.2% | 211 | 16.5% |
| \$30,000 to \$34,999 | 181,342 | 4.8% | 839 | 7.2% | 807 | 7.8% | 13 | 1.0% |
| \$35,000 to \$39,999 | 165,233 | 4.4% | 598 | 5.1% | 493 | 4.8% | 101 | 7.9% |
| \$40,000 to \$44,999 | 165,385 | 4.4% | 725 | 6.2% | 665 | 6.4% | 76 | 6.0% |
| \$45,000 to \$49,999 | 154,356 | 4.1% | 687 | 5.9% | 658 | 6.4% | 8 | 0.6% |
| \$50,000 to \$59,999 | 289,741 | 7.7% | 909 | 7.8% | 840 | 8.1% | 127 | 10.0% |
| \$60,000 to \$74,999 | 375,873 | 10.0% | 1,235 | 10.6% | 1,097 | 10.6% | 66 | 5.2% |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999 | 473,216 | 12.6% | 1,793 | 15.3% | 1,553 | 15.0% | 219 | 17.2% |
| \$100,000 to \$124,999 | 325,385 | 8.7% | 814 | 7.0% | 729 | 7.0% | 13 | 1.0% |
| \$125,000 to \$149,999 | 208,013 | 5.5% | 501 | 4.3% | 451 | 4.4% | 69 | 5.4% |
| \$150,000 to \$199,999 | 219,647 | 5.8% | 468 | 4.0% | 383 | 3.7% | 0 | 0.0% |
| \$200,000 or more | 243,497 | 6.5% | 313 | 2.7% | 247 | 2.4% | 37 | 2.9% |

Table 22—Number of Households in Various Income Ranges

Source: 2019-5yr ACS (Census)

F. Employment Trends

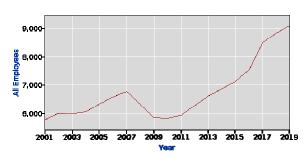
The economy of the market area will have an impact on the need for apartment units.

F.1 Total Jobs

The following table shows how many people were employed in the county. These employed persons do not necessarily live in the county, so the trends are useful to determining the economic health of the area.

| Year | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Annual |
|------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| 2001 | 5,468 | 5,412 | 5,674 | 5,812 | 5,768 | 5,843 | 5,804 | 5,736 | 5,816 | 6,119 | 5,915 | 5,993 | 5,780 |
| 2002 | 5,795 | 5,737 | 5,875 | 6,037 | 5,932 | 5,935 | 6,153 | 6,163 | 6,193 | 6,160 | 6,030 | 6,076 | 6,007 |
| 2003 | 5,874 | 5,796 | 5,995 | 6,049 | 5,944 | 5,976 | 6,072 | 6,044 | 5,975 | 6,049 | 6,004 | 5,916 | 5,975 |
| 2004 | 5,756 | 5,787 | 5,884 | 6,117 | 6,144 | 6,198 | 6,249 | 6,242 | 6,128 | 6,216 | 6,056 | 5,994 | 6,064 |
| 2005 | 6,034 | 6,038 | 6,082 | 6,383 | 6,447 | 6,464 | 6,500 | 6,592 | 6,478 | 6,416 | 6,371 | 6,241 | 6,337 |
| 2006 | 6,246 | 6,218 | 6,277 | 6,588 | 6,615 | 6,639 | 6,689 | 6,833 | 6,856 | 6,773 | 6,746 | 6,457 | 6,578 |
| 2007 | 6,418 | 6,506 | 6,417 | 6,746 | 6,864 | 6,960 | 6,891 | 6,910 | 7,049 | 6,960 | 6,884 | 6,623 | 6,769 |
| 2008 | 6,097 | 6,133 | 6,217 | 6,354 | 6,450 | 6,531 | 6,529 | 6,390 | 6,404 | 6,332 | 6,203 | 6,036 | 6,306 |
| 2009 | 5,687 | 5,699 | 5,647 | 5,771 | 5,830 | 5,873 | 6,074 | 6,070 | 5,980 | 5,907 | 5,899 | 5,677 | 5,843 |
| 2010 | 5,436 | 5,517 | 5,471 | 5,669 | 5,909 | 5,923 | 5,899 | 5,858 | 6,053 | 6,120 | 6,064 | 5,914 | 5,819 |
| 2011 | 5,500 | 5,703 | 5,664 | 5,885 | 6,043 | 6,105 | 6,093 | 6,156 | 6,193 | 6,139 | 5,989 | 5,958 | 5,952 |
| 2012 | 5,864 | 5,965 | 6,085 | 6,176 | 6,358 | 6,359 | 6,336 | 6,494 | 6,431 | 6,569 | 6,557 | 6,324 | 6,293 |
| 2013 | 6,108 | 6,247 | 6,305 | 6,477 | 6,676 | 6,790 | 6,752 | 6,719 | 6,743 | 6,877 | 6,952 | 6,812 | 6,622 |
| 2014 | 6,467 | 6,531 | 6,510 | 6,735 | 6,959 | 7,050 | 7,055 | 7,005 | 7,030 | 7,146 | 7,080 | 6,961 | 6,877 |
| 2015 | 6,716 | 6,812 | 6,888 | 6,994 | 7,097 | 7,143 | 7,240 | 7,262 | 7,378 | 7,359 | 7,261 | 7,248 | 7,117 |
| 2016 | 7,143 | 7,268 | 7,381 | 7,571 | 7,609 | 7,622 | 7,728 | 7,610 | 7,695 | 7,780 | 7,702 | 7,601 | 7,559 |
| 2017 | 8,023 | 8,262 | 8,394 | 8,461 | 8,438 | 8,632 | 8,530 | 8,459 | 8,672 | 8,829 | 8,676 | 8,595 | 8,498 |
| 2018 | 8,429 | 8,582 | 8,743 | 8,779 | 8,843 | 8,908 | 8,723 | 8,739 | 8,974 | 9,116 | 9,052 | 8,996 | 8,824 |
| 2019 | 8,769 | 8,801 | 8,934 | 9,013 | 9,157 | 9,177 | 9,134 | 9,158 | 9,338 | 9,382 | 9,248 | 9,193 | 9,109 |
| 2020 | 9,101 (P) | 9,195 (P) | 9,088 (P) | 7,536 (P) | 7,973 (P) | 8,708 (P) | 8,781 (P) | 8,905 (P) | 8,934 (P) | | | | |

Table 23—Covered Employment



Source: http://data.bls.gov/pdq/querytool.jsp?survey=en

F.2 Jobs by Industry and Occupation

Table 24—Occupation of Employed Persons Age 16 Years And Over

| | State | % | County | % | Market Area | % | City | % |
|--|-----------|-----|--------|-----|-------------|-----|-------|-----|
| Total | 4,834,622 | | 12,767 | | 11,635 | | 1,815 | |
| Management, business, science, and arts occupations: | 1,819,005 | 38% | 4,383 | 34% | 3,882 | 33% | 615 | 34% |
| Management, business, and financial occupations: | 766,883 | 16% | 2,029 | 16% | 1,772 | 15% | 324 | 18% |
| Management occupations | 503,555 | 10% | 1,363 | 11% | 1,154 | 10% | 294 | 16% |
| Business and financial operations occupations | 263,328 | 5% | 666 | 5% | 618 | 5% | 30 | 2% |
| Computer, engineering, and science occupations: | 270,099 | 6% | 566 | 4% | 511 | 4% | 46 | 3% |
| Computer and mathematical occupations | 157,777 | 3% | 334 | 3% | 297 | 3% | 33 | 2% |
| Architecture and engineering occupations | 75,498 | 2% | 155 | 1% | 137 | 1% | 9 | 0% |
| Life, physical, and social science occupations | 36,824 | 1% | 77 | 1% | 77 | 1% | 4 | 0% |
| Education, legal, community service, arts, and media | 517,986 | 11% | 1,097 | 9% | 958 | 8% | 138 | 8% |
| occupations: | | | | | | | | |
| Community and social service occupations | 75,167 | 2% | 172 | 1% | 164 | 1% | 50 | 3% |
| Legal occupations | 47,617 | 1% | 107 | 1% | 96 | 1% | 0 | 0% |
| Education, training, and library occupations | 307,123 | 6% | 735 | 6% | 657 | 6% | 77 | 4% |
| Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media | 88,079 | 2% | 83 | 1% | 41 | 0% | 11 | 1% |
| occupations | | | | | | | | |
| Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations: | 264,037 | 5% | 691 | 5% | 641 | 6% | 107 | 6% |
| Health diagnosing and treating practitioners and | 173,471 | 4% | 416 | 3% | 375 | 3% | 14 | 1% |
| other technical occupations | | | | | | | | |
| Health technologists and technicians | 90,566 | 2% | 275 | 2% | 266 | 2% | 93 | 5% |
| Service occupations: | 788,398 | 16% | 2,566 | 20% | 2,305 | 20% | 503 | 28% |
| Healthcare support occupations | 109,160 | 2% | 294 | 2% | 277 | 2% | 85 | 5% |
| Protective service occupations: | 106,471 | 2% | 438 | 3% | 403 | 3% | 57 | 3% |
| Fire fighting and prevention, and other protective | 53,799 | 1% | 53 | 0% | 27 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| service workers including supervisors | | | | | | | | |
| Law enforcement workers including supervisors | 52,672 | 1% | 385 | 3% | 376 | 3% | 57 | 3% |
| Food preparation and serving related occupations | 271,840 | 6% | 1,051 | 8% | 965 | 8% | 238 | 13% |
| Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance | 180,341 | 4% | 544 | 4% | 542 | 5% | 94 | 5% |
| occupations | | | | | | | | |
| Personal care and service occupations | 120,586 | 2% | 239 | 2% | 118 | 1% | 29 | 2% |
| Sales and office occupations: | 1,074,412 | 22% | 2,836 | 22% | 2,642 | 23% | 450 | 25% |
| Sales and related occupations | 524,492 | 11% | 1,219 | 10% | 1,101 | 9% | 231 | 13% |
| Office and administrative support occupations | 549,920 | 11% | 1,617 | 13% | 1,541 | 13% | 219 | 12% |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance | 434,576 | 9% | 1,098 | 9% | 1,022 | 9% | 122 | 7% |
| occupations: | | | | | | | | |
| Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations | 25,419 | 1% | 42 | 0% | 42 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| Construction and extraction occupations | 242,154 | 5% | 522 | 4% | 469 | 4% | 108 | 6% |
| Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations | 167,003 | 3% | 534 | 4% | 511 | 4% | 14 | 1% |
| Production, transportation, and material moving | 718,231 | 15% | 1,884 | 15% | 1,784 | 15% | 125 | 7% |
| occupations: | | | | | | | | |
| Production occupations | 301,260 | 6% | 953 | 7% | 898 | 8% | 0 | 0% |
| Transportation occupations | 208,119 | 4% | 632 | 5% | 612 | 5% | 50 | 3% |
| Material moving occupations | 208,852 | 4% | 299 | 2% | 274 | 2% | 75 | 4% |

Source: 2019-5yr ACS (Census)

Occupation for the State and Market Area

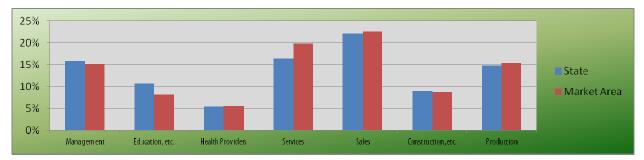


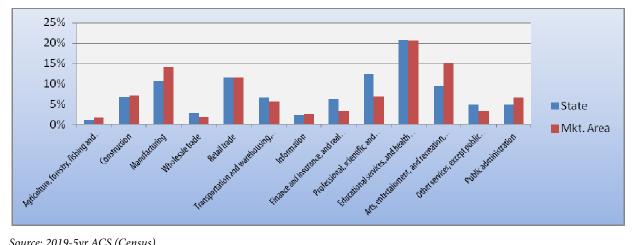
Table 25—Industry of Employed Persons Age 16 Years And Over

| | State | % | County | % | Market Area | % | City | % |
|---|-----------|-----|--------|-----|-------------|-----|-------|-----|
| Total: | 4,834,622 | | 12,767 | | 11,635 | | 1,815 | |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining: | 51,378 | 1% | 243 | 2% | 191 | 2% | 0 | 0% |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting | 45,487 | 1% | 243 | 2% | 191 | 2% | 0 | 09 |
| Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction | 5,891 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 09 |
| Construction | 322,629 | 7% | 895 | 7% | 808 | 7% | 83 | 5% |
| Manufacturing | 516,354 | 11% | 1,730 | 14% | 1,642 | 14% | 153 | 89 |
| Wholesale trade | 135,693 | 3% | 243 | 2% | 216 | 2% | 0 | 09 |
| Retail trade | 554,257 | 11% | 1,477 | 12% | 1,335 | 11% | 159 | 99 |
| Transportation and warehousing, and utilities: | 319,046 | 7% | 693 | 5% | 667 | 6% | 81 | 49 |
| Transportation and warehousing | 275,339 | 6% | 587 | 5% | 561 | 5% | 81 | 49 |
| Utilities | 43,707 | 1% | 106 | 1% | 106 | 1% | 0 | 09 |
| Information | 113,365 | 2% | 303 | 2% | 287 | 2% | 126 | 79 |
| Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and | 300,552 | 6% | 419 | 3% | 385 | 3% | 88 | 59 |
| leasing: | | | | | | | | |
| Finance and insurance | 204,008 | 4% | 278 | 2% | 261 | 2% | 41 | 29 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 96,544 | 2% | 141 | 1% | 124 | 1% | 47 | 39 |
| Professional, scientific, and management, and | 595,308 | 12% | 886 | 7% | 800 | 7% | 63 | 3 |
| administrative and waste management services: | | | | | | | | |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 354,029 | 7% | 476 | 4% | 413 | 4% | 0 | 09 |
| Management of companies and enterprises | 6,834 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 09 |
| Administrative and support and waste management | 234,445 | 5% | 410 | 3% | 387 | 3% | 63 | 39 |
| services | | | | | | | | |
| Educational services, and health care and social | 1,002,203 | 21% | 2,653 | 21% | 2,399 | 21% | 392 | 229 |
| assistance: | | | | | | | | |
| Educational services | 445,758 | 9% | 1,198 | 9% | 1,087 | 9% | 74 | 49 |
| Health care and social assistance | 556,445 | 12% | 1,455 | 11% | 1,312 | 11% | 318 | 189 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and | 454,119 | 9% | 1,947 | 15% | 1,762 | 15% | 555 | 319 |
| accommodation and food services: | | | | | | | | |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 77,898 | 2% | 357 | 3% | 272 | 2% | 100 | 69 |
| Accommodation and food services | 376,221 | 8% | 1,590 | 12% | 1,490 | 13% | 455 | 259 |
| Other services, except public administration | 234,783 | 5% | 494 | 4% | 380 | 3% | 39 | 29 |
| Public administration | 234,935 | 5% | 784 | 6% | 763 | 7% | 76 | 49 |

Source: 2019-5yr ACS (Census)

Note: Bold numbers represent category totals and add to 100%

Industry for the State and Market Area



Source: 2019-5yr ACS (Census)

F.3 Major Employers

Table 26—Major Employers

The following is a list of major employers in the county:

Company Blue Creek Cabins Cleveland Furniture Factory Outlet Creekside Deli HEMC PowerGuard Security Experience Northeast Georgia Travel Guide Frogtown Cellars Georgia State Parks Habersham EMC Hardman Farm State Historic Site Haves of Baldwin Kaya Vineyard & Winery Mountain Education Charter HS, Cleveland Oliver & Weidner, LLC State Farm Insurance, Tim Hunt Smithgall Woods State Park Truett McConnell University

Source: Chamber of Commerce

F.3.1 New or Planned Changes in Workforce

If there are any, they will be discussed in the Interviews section of the report.

F.4 Employment (Civilian Labor Force)

In order to determine how employment affects the market area and whether the local economy is expanding, declining, or stable, it is necessary to inspect employment statistics for several years. The table below shows the increase or decrease in employment and the percentage of unemployed at the county level. This table also shows the change in the size of the labor force, an indicator of change in housing requirements for the county.

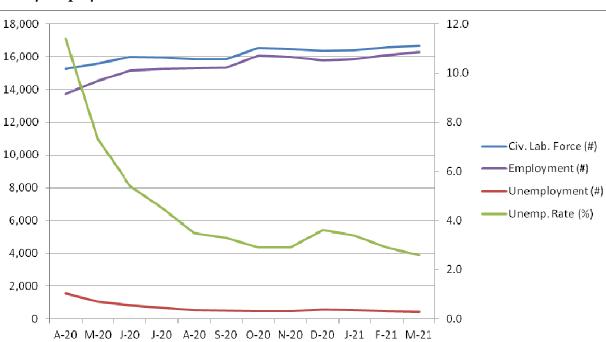
Table 27—Employment Trends Employment Civilian Labor Year Force Unemployment Rate (%) Employment Number 2000 10/757 364 3.5 10/393 —

| | Labor | | | | | | | |
|------|--------|--------------|----------|------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| Year | Force | Unemployment | Rate (%) | Employment | Number | Pct. | Number | Pct. |
| 2000 | 10,757 | 364 | 3.5 | 10,393 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 2018 | 16,175 | 486 | 3.1 | 15,689 | 5,296 | 51.0% | 294 | 1.9% |
| 2019 | 16,564 | 451 | 2.8 | 16,113 | 424 | 2.7% | 424 | 2.7% |
| 2020 | 16,173 | 682 | 4.4 | 15,491 | -622 | -3.9% | -622 | -3.9% |
| A-20 | 15,271 | 1,563 | 11.4 | 13,708 | -1,783 | -11.5% | | |
| M-20 | 15,592 | 1,061 | 7.3 | 14,531 | 823 | 6.0% | | |
| J-20 | 15,983 | 819 | 5.4 | 15,164 | 633 | 4.4% | | |
| J-20 | 15,931 | 686 | 4.5 | 15,245 | 81 | 0.5% | | |
| A-20 | 15,823 | 535 | 3.5 | 15,288 | 43 | 0.3% | | |
| S-20 | 15,846 | 506 | 3.3 | 15,340 | 52 | 0.3% | | |
| O-20 | 16,514 | 465 | 2.9 | 16,049 | 709 | 4.6% | | |
| N-20 | 16,454 | 464 | 2.9 | 15,990 | -59 | -0.4% | | |
| D-20 | 16,334 | 568 | 3.6 | 15,766 | -224 | -1.4% | | |
| J-21 | 16,382 | 539 | 3.4 | 15,843 | 77 | 0.5% | | |
| F-21 | 16,574 | 467 | 2.9 | 16,107 | 264 | 1.7% | | |
| M-21 | 16,692 | 423 | 2.6 | 16,269 | 162 | 1.0% | | |

Source: State Employment Security Commission

Annual

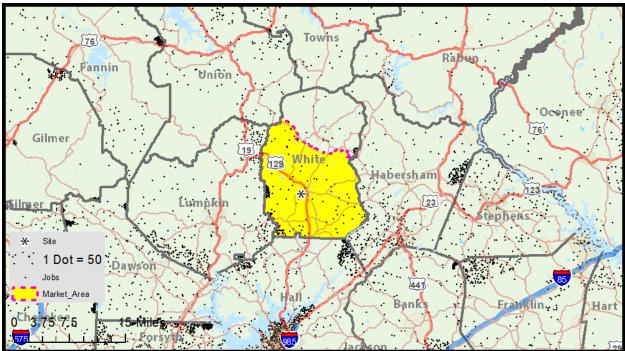
Change



County Employment Trends

Source: State Employment Security Commission

F.5 Employment Concentrations Map



Employment Concentrations Map

F.6 Economic Summary

The largest number of persons in the market area is employed in the "Management, professional, and related occupations" occupation category and in the "Educational services, and health care and social assistance" industry category.

A change in the size of labor force frequently indicates a corresponding change in the need for housing. The size of the labor force has been stable over the past several years and has continued to be so despite the pandemic.

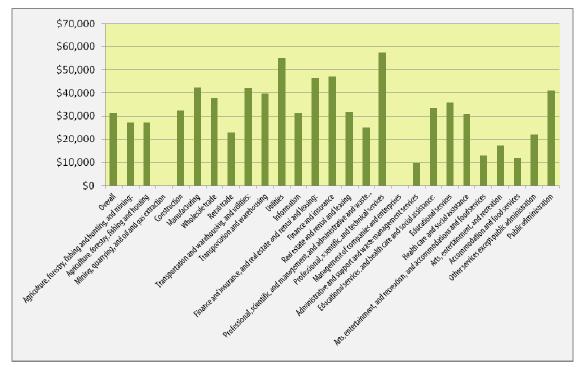
Employment has also been stable over the past several years and also continues to be so despite the pandemic.

| Table 28—Median | Wages b | y Industry |
|-----------------|---------|------------|
|-----------------|---------|------------|

| | State | County | City |
|---|----------|----------|----------|
| Overall | \$36,061 | \$31,361 | \$22,362 |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining: | \$30,806 | \$27,332 | _ |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting | \$28,883 | \$27,332 | _ |
| Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction | \$51,234 | _ | _ |
| Construction | \$34,303 | \$32,417 | \$14,617 |
| Manufacturing | \$40,954 | \$42,372 | \$14,263 |
| Wholesale trade | \$47,502 | \$37,768 | _ |
| Retail trade | \$24,403 | \$22,866 | \$16,250 |
| Transportation and warehousing, and utilities: | \$44,690 | \$42,279 | \$80,199 |
| Transportation and warehousing | \$42,720 | \$39,740 | \$80,199 |
| Utilities | \$59,296 | \$55,054 | _ |
| Information | \$60,548 | \$31,183 | \$27,500 |
| Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing: | \$51,915 | \$46,488 | \$27,188 |
| Finance and insurance | \$56,594 | \$47,024 | _ |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | \$42,137 | \$31,696 | _ |
| Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services: | \$46,504 | \$24,881 | _ |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | \$65,069 | \$57,557 | _ |
| Management of companies and enterprises | \$70,266 | _ | _ |
| Administrative and support and waste management services | \$26,209 | \$9,773 | _ |
| Educational services, and health care and social assistance: | \$38,228 | \$33,585 | \$21,471 |
| Educational services | \$40,610 | \$36,011 | \$15,400 |
| Health care and social assistance | \$36,510 | \$30,820 | \$27,988 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodations and food services | \$16,086 | \$13,004 | \$14,944 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | \$21,029 | \$17,122 | \$16,513 |
| Accommodation and food services | \$15,605 | \$11,915 | \$13,228 |
| Other services except public administration | \$25,660 | \$22,188 | \$23,625 |
| Public administration | \$47,855 | \$41,119 | \$48,556 |

Source: 2019-5yr ACS (Census)

Note: Dashes indicate data suppressed by Census Bureau; no data is available for the market area.

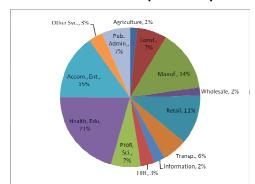


Wages by Industry for the County

2019-5yr ACS (Census)

A downturn in the economy and thus a corresponding increase in unemployment will impact LIHTC properties without rental assistance. LIHTC properties without rental assistance require tenants who either earn enough money to afford the rent or have a rent subsidy voucher. When there is an increase in unemployment, there will be households where one or more employed persons become unemployed. Some households that could afford to live in the proposed units will no longer have enough income. By the same token, there will be other households that previously had incomes that were too high to live in the proposed units that will now be income qualified.

Percent of Workers by Industry for the Market Area



Source: 2019-5yr ACS (Census)

G. Development-Specific Affordability & Demand Analysis

Several economic factors need to be examined in a housing market study. Most important is the number of households that would qualify for apartments on the basis of their incomes. A variety of circumstances regarding restrictions and affordability are outlined below.

These minimum and maximum incomes are used to establish the income *range* for households entering the development. Only households whose incomes fall within the range are considered as a source of demand.

Income data have been shown separately for owner and renter households. Only the renter household income data are used for determining demand for rental units.

Gross rent includes utilities, but it excludes payments of rental assistance by federal, state, and local entities. In this study, gross rent is always monthly.

G.1 Income Restrictions

G.1.1 Establishing Tax Credit Qualifying Income Ranges

It is critical to establish the number of households that qualify for apartments under the tax credit program based on their incomes. The income ranges are established in two stages. First, the maximum incomes allowable are calculated by applying the tax credit guidelines. Then, minimum incomes required are calculated. According to United States Code, either 20% of the units must be occupied by households who earn under 50% of the area median gross income (AMI), OR 40% of the units must be occupied by households who earn under 50% of the area median gross income (AMI), OR 40% of the analy cases, the developer has chosen to restrict the rents for 100% of the units to be for low income households.

| Pers. | VLIL | 50% | 60% |
|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1 | 20,300 | 20,300 | 24,360 |
| 2 | 23,200 | 23,200 | 27,840 |
| 3 | 26,100 | 26,100 | 31,320 |
| 4 | 29,000 | 29,000 | 34,800 |
| 5 | 31,350 | 31,350 | 37,620 |
| 6 | 33,650 | 33,650 | 40,380 |
| 7 | 36,000 | 36,000 | 43,200 |
| 8 | 38,300 | 38,300 | 45,960 |

Table 29—Maximum Income Limit (HUD FY 2021)

Source: Very Low Income (50%) Limit and 60% limit: HUD, Low and Very-Low Income Limits by Family Size Others: John Wall and Associates, derived from HUD figures

The table above shows the maximum tax credit allowable incomes for households moving into the subject based on household size and the percent of area median gross income (AMI).

After establishing the maximum income, the lower income limit will be determined. The lower limit is the income a household must have in order to be able to afford the rent and utilities. The realistic lower limit of the income range is determined by the following formula:

Gross rent ÷ 35% [or 30% or 40%, as described in the subsections above] x 12 months = annual income

This provides for up to 35% [*or 30% or 40%*] of adjusted annual income (AAI) to be used for rent plus utilities.

The proposed gross rents, as supplied by the client, and the minimum incomes required to maintain 35% [or 30% or 40%] or less of income spent on gross rent are:

| | | | | | Minimum | |
|-----|----------|----------|------|-------|----------|------------|
| | | Number | Net | Gross | Income | Target |
| | Bedrooms | of Units | Rent | Rent | Required | Population |
| 50% | 1 | 3 | 427 | 505 | \$0 | PBRA |
| 60% | 1 | 3 | 540 | 618 | \$0 | PBRA |
| 60% | 2 | 3 | 540 | 645 | \$0 | PBRA |
| 60% | 2 | 7 | 540 | 645 | \$0 | PBRA |
| 50% | 1 | 2 | 427 | 505 | \$17,314 | Tax Credit |
| 50% | 2 | 4 | 491 | 596 | \$20,434 | Tax Credit |
| 60% | 2 | 1 | 491 | 596 | \$20,434 | Tax Credit |
| 60% | 2 | 7 | 540 | 645 | \$22,114 | Tax Credit |

 Table 30—Minimum Incomes Required and Gross Rents

Source: John Wall and Associates from data provided by client

From the tables above, the practical lower income limits for units *without* rental assistance can be established. Units *with* rental assistance will use \$0 as their lower income limit.

When the minimum incomes required are combined with the maximum tax credit limits, the income *ranges* for households entering the development can be established. Only households whose incomes fall

within the ranges can be considered as a source of demand. Note that *both* the income limits *and* the amount of spread in the ranges are important.

G.1.2 Households Not Receiving Rental Assistance

Most households do not receive rental assistance. With respect to estimating which households may consider the subject a possible housing choice, we will evaluate the gross rent as a percent of their income according to the following formula:

gross rent \div X% x 12 months = annual income

X% in the formula will vary, depending on the circumstance, as outlined in the next two sections.

G.1.3 Households Receiving Rental Assistance

The lower limit of the acceptable income range for units with rental assistance is zero income. The upper limit of the acceptable income range for units with rental assistance is established by the guidelines For the purpose of this study, the tax credit set aside will be used to compute the income limits.

G.1.4 Households Qualifying for Tax Credit Units

Households who earn less than a defined percentage (usually 50% or 60%) of the county or MSA median income as adjusted by HUD (AMI) qualify for low income housing tax credit (LIHTC) units. Therefore, feasibility for developments expecting to receive tax credits will be based in part on the incomes required to support the tax credit rents.

For those tax credit units occupied by low income households, the monthly gross rent should not realistically exceed 35% of the household income.

G.2 Affordability

The most important information from the tables above is summarized in the table below. Income requirements for any PBRA units will be calculated for the contract rent.

| Table 31—Qualifying | Income | Ranges | by | Bedrooms | and | Persons | Per |
|---------------------|--------|--------|----|----------|-----|---------|-----|
| Household | | - | • | | | | |

| | | | | Income | | |
|-----|----------|---------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| | | | | Based | Spread | |
| | | | Gross | Lower | Between | Upper |
| AMI | Bedrooms | Persons | Rent | Limit | Limits | Limit |
| 50% | 1 | 1 | 505 | 17,310 | 2,990 | 20,300 |
| 50% | 1 | 2 | 505 | 17,310 | 5,890 | 23,200 |
| 60% | 1 | 1 | 618 | 21,190 | 3,170 | 24,360 |
| 60% | 1 | 2 | 618 | 21,190 | 6,650 | 27,840 |
| 60% | 2 | 2 | 645 | 22,110 | 5,730 | 27,840 |
| 60% | 2 | 3 | 645 | 22,110 | 9,210 | 31,320 |
| 60% | 2 | 4 | 645 | 22,110 | 12,690 | 34,800 |
| 50% | 1 | 1 | 505 | 17,310 | 2,990 | 20,300 |
| 50% | 1 | 2 | 505 | 17,310 | 5,890 | 23,200 |
| 50% | 2 | 2 | 596 | 20,430 | 2,770 | 23,200 |
| 50% | 2 | 3 | 596 | 20,430 | 5,670 | 26,100 |
| 50% | 2 | 4 | 596 | 20,430 | 8,570 | 29,000 |
| 60% | 2 | 2 | 645 | 22,110 | 5,730 | 27,840 |
| 60% | 2 | 3 | 645 | 22,110 | 9,210 | 31,320 |
| 60% | 2 | 4 | 645 | 22,110 | 12,690 | 34,800 |

Sources: Gross rents: client; Limits: tables on prior pages; Spread: calculated from data in table

G.2.1 Upper Income Determination

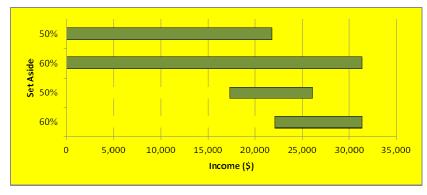
DCA requires using 1.5 persons per bedroom, rounded up to the nearest whole person for the upper income limit determination.

G.2.2 Programmatic and Pro Forma Rent Analysis

The table below shows a comparison of programmatic rent and *pro forma* rent.

| | 1-BR | 2-BR | 2-BR |
|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| 50% Units | | | |
| Number of Units | 3 | | |
| Max Allowable Gross Rent | \$543 | | |
| Pro Forma Gross Rent | \$505 | | |
| Difference (\$) | \$38 | | |
| Difference (%) | 7.0% | | |
| 60% Units | | | |
| Number of Units | 3 | 3 | 7 |
| Max Allowable Gross Rent | \$652 | \$783 | \$783 |
| Pro Forma Gross Rent | \$618 | \$645 | \$645 |
| Difference (\$) | \$34 | \$138 | \$138 |
| Difference (%) | 5.2% | 17.6% | 17.6% |
| 50% Units | | | |
| Number of Units | 2 | 4 | |
| Max Allowable Gross Rent | \$543 | \$652 | |
| Pro Forma Gross Rent | \$505 | \$596 | |
| Difference (\$) | \$38 | \$56 | |
| Difference (%) | 7.0% | 8.6% | |
| 60% Units | | | |
| Number of Units | | 1 | 7 |
| Max Allowable Gross Rent | | \$783 | \$783 |
| Pro Forma Gross Rent | | \$596 | \$645 |
| Difference (\$) | | \$187 | \$138 |
| Difference (%) | | 23.9% | 17.6% |

Note: Rental assistance does not count towards the maximum allowable rent; only the portion of the rent that the tenant pays.



Targeted Income Ranges

An income range of \$0 to \$21,750 is reasonable for the 50% AMI PBRA units. An income range of \$0 to \$31,320 is reasonable for the 60% AMI PBRA units.

An income range of \$17,310 to \$26,100 is reasonable for the 50% AMI units.

An income range of \$22,110 to \$31,320 is reasonable for the 60% AMI units.

G.2.3 Households with Qualified Incomes

The table below shows income levels for renters and owners separately. The number and percent of income qualified *renter* households is calculated from this table.

Table 33—Number of Specified Households in Various Income Ranges by Tenure

| | State | % | County | % | Market Area | % | City | % |
|------------------------|-----------|-------|--------|-------|-------------|-------|------|-------|
| Owner occupied: | 2,377,773 | | 8,872 | | 7,792 | | 590 | |
| Less than \$5,000 | 53,401 | 2.2% | 203 | 2.3% | 194 | 2.5% | 0 | 0.0% |
| \$5,000 to \$9,999 | 38,735 | 1.6% | 149 | 1.7% | 123 | 1.6% | 0 | 0.0% |
| \$10,000 to \$14,999 | 69,357 | 2.9% | 263 | 3.0% | 232 | 3.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| \$15,000 to \$19,999 | 77,116 | 3.2% | 323 | 3.6% | 254 | 3.3% | 0 | 0.0% |
| \$20,000 to \$24,999 | 83,675 | 3.5% | 314 | 3.5% | 271 | 3.5% | 11 | 1.9% |
| \$25,000 to \$34,999 | 177,625 | 7.5% | 1,031 | 11.6% | 964 | 12.4% | 101 | 17.1% |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999 | 267,122 | 11.2% | 1,436 | 16.2% | 1,249 | 16.0% | 85 | 14.4% |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999 | 424,095 | 17.8% | 1,623 | 18.3% | 1,444 | 18.5% | 78 | 13.2% |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999 | 339,152 | 14.3% | 1,555 | 17.5% | 1,359 | 17.4% | 196 | 33.2% |
| \$100,000 to \$149,999 | 431,885 | 18.2% | 1,230 | 13.9% | 1,108 | 14.2% | 82 | 13.9% |
| \$150,000 or more | 415,610 | 17.5% | 745 | 8.4% | 594 | 7.6% | 37 | 6.3% |
| Renter occupied: | 1,381,025 | | 2,823 | | 2,565 | | 686 | |
| Less than \$5,000 | 85,177 | 6.2% | 135 | 4.8% | 133 | 5.2% | 60 | 8.7% |
| \$5,000 to \$9,999 | 78,714 | 5.7% | 152 | 5.4% | 126 | 4.9% | 49 | 7.1% |
| \$10,000 to \$14,999 | 98,128 | 7.1% | 217 | 7.7% | 203 | 7.9% | 65 | 9.5% |
| \$15,000 to \$19,999 | 97,752 | 7.1% | 253 | 9.0% | 246 | 9.6% | 121 | 17.6% |
| \$20,000 to \$24,999 | 96,659 | 7.0% | 151 | 5.3% | 110 | 4.3% | 30 | 4.4% |
| \$25,000 to \$34,999 | 182,113 | 13.2% | 461 | 16.3% | 385 | 15.0% | 123 | 17.9% |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999 | 217,852 | 15.8% | 574 | 20.3% | 567 | 22.1% | 100 | 14.6% |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999 | 241,519 | 17.5% | 521 | 18.5% | 493 | 19.2% | 115 | 16.8% |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999 | 134,064 | 9.7% | 238 | 8.4% | 194 | 7.6% | 23 | 3.4% |
| \$100,000 to \$149,999 | 101,513 | 7.4% | 85 | 3.0% | 72 | 2.8% | 0 | 0.0% |
| \$150,000 or more | 47,534 | 3.4% | 36 | 1.3% | 36 | 1.4% | 0 | 0.0% |

Source: 2019-5yr ACS (Census)

The percent of renter households in the appropriate income ranges will be applied to the renter household growth figures to determine the number of new renter households that will be income qualified to move into each of the different unit types the subject will offer.

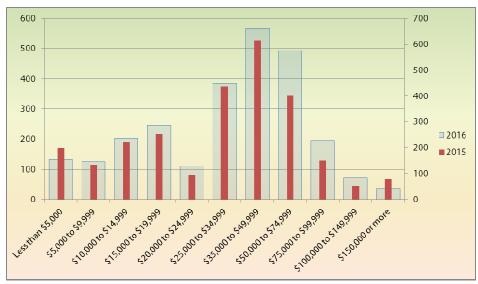
| AMI | | | PBRA | | PBRA | | <u>50%</u> | | <u>60%</u> | | Tx. Cr. | | Overall |
|------------------------|------------|------|--------|------|--------|------|------------|------|------------|------|---------|------|---------|
| Lower Limit | | | 0 | | 0 | | 17,310 | | 22,110 | | 17,310 | | 0 |
| Upper Limit | | | 21,750 | | 31,320 | | 26,100 | | 31,320 | | 31,320 | | 31,320 |
| | Mkt. Area | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Renter occupied: | Households | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # | % | # |
| Less than \$5,000 | 133 | 1.00 | 133 | 1.00 | 133 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | 1.00 | 133 |
| \$5,000 to \$9,999 | 126 | 1.00 | 126 | 1.00 | 126 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | 1.00 | 126 |
| \$10,000 to \$14,999 | 203 | 1.00 | 203 | 1.00 | 203 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | 1.00 | 203 |
| \$15,000 to \$19,999 | 246 | 1.00 | 246 | 1.00 | 246 | 0.54 | 132 | _ | 0 | 0.54 | 132 | 1.00 | 246 |
| \$20,000 to \$24,999 | 110 | 0.35 | 39 | 1.00 | 110 | 1.00 | 110 | 0.58 | 64 | 1.00 | 110 | 1.00 | 110 |
| \$25,000 to \$34,999 | 385 | _ | 0 | 0.63 | 243 | 0.11 | 42 | 0.63 | 243 | 0.63 | 243 | 0.63 | 243 |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999 | 567 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999 | 493 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999 | 194 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 |
| \$100,000 to \$149,999 | 72 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 |
| \$150,000 or more | 36 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 |
| Total | 2,565 | | 747 | | 1,061 | | 285 | | 307 | | 486 | | 1,061 |
| Percent in Range | | | 29.1% | | 41.4% | | 11.1% | | 12.0% | | 18.9% | | 41.4% |

 Table 34—Percent of Renter Households in Appropriate Income Ranges

 for the Market Area

Source: John Wall and Associates from figures above

The table above shows how many renter households are in each income range. The number and percent are given in the last two rows (e.g., 747, or 29.1% of the renter households in the market area are in the PBRA range.)

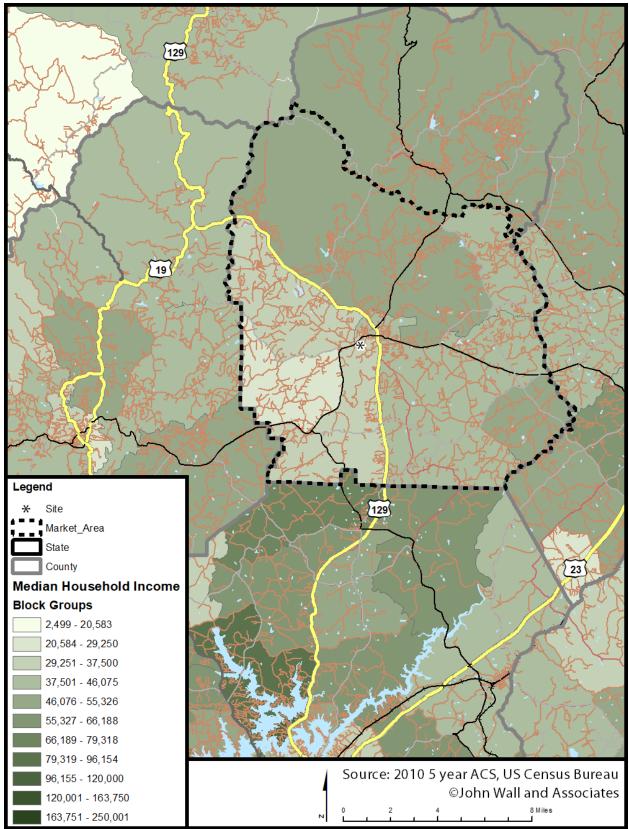


Change in Renter Household Income

Sources: 2018 and 2019-5yr ACS (Census)

The above table shows the change in renter households in various income ranges. The more current data is reflected on the left axis.

Median Household Income Map



Gateway Village

G.3 Demand

- G.3.1 Demand from New Households
- G.3.1.1 New Households

It was shown in the Household Trends section of this study that 0 new housing units will be needed by the year of completion due to household growth. It was shown in the Tenure section that the area ratio of rental units to total units is 25.7%. Therefore, 0 of these new units will need to be rental.

The table "Percent of Renter Households in Appropriate Income Ranges for the Market Area" shows the percentage of renter households in various income ranges. These percentages are applied to the total number of new rental units needed to arrive at the *number* of new rental units needed in the relevant income categories:

Table 35—New Renter Households in Each Income Range for the Market Area

| | New Renter Households | Percent Income Qualified | Demand due to new Households |
|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 50% AMI: \$0 to \$21,750 | 0 | 29.1% | 0 |
| 60% AMI: \$0 to \$31,320 | 0 | 41.4% | 0 |
| 50% AMI: \$17,310 to \$26,100 | 0 | 11.1% | 0 |
| 60% AMI: \$22,110 to \$31,320 | 0 | 12.0% | 0 |
| Overall Tax Credit: \$17,310 to \$31,320 | 0 | 18.9% | 0 |
| Overall Project: \$0 to \$31,320 | 0 | 41.4% | 0 |

Source: John Wall and Associates from figures above

- *G.3.2 Demand from Existing Households*
- G.3.2.1 Demand from Rent Overburden Households

A household is defined as rent overburdened when it pays 30% or more of its income on gross rent (rent plus utilities). Likewise, the household is *highly* rent overburdened if it pays 35% or more of its income on gross rent. For tax credit units *without* rental assistance, households may pay 35% of their incomes for gross rent. Therefore, up to 35% of income for gross rent is used in establishing affordability in the "Demand from New Households" calculations. Hence, only *highly* (paying in excess of 35%) rent overburdened households are counted as a source of demand for tax credit units without rental assistance.

For units *with* rental assistance (tenants pay only 30% of their income for gross rent), any households paying more than 30% for gross rent would benefit by moving into the unit so all overburdened households in the relevant income range are counted as a source of demand.

The following table presents data on rent overburdened households in various income ranges.

| | State | | County | | Market Area | | City | |
|-----------------------|---------|-------|--------|-------|-------------|-------|------|--------|
| Less than \$10,000: | 163,891 | | 287 | | 259 | | 109 | |
| 30.0% to 34.9% | 3,127 | 1.9% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| 35.0% or more | 101,867 | 62.2% | 233 | 81.2% | 223 | 86.1% | 109 | 100.0% |
| \$10,000 to \$19,999: | 195,880 | | 470 | | 449 | | 186 | |
| 30.0% to 34.9% | 8,584 | 4.4% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| 35.0% or more | 154,162 | 78.7% | 367 | 78.1% | 360 | 80.2% | 97 | 52.2% |
| \$20,000 to \$34,999: | 278,772 | | 612 | | 495 | | 153 | |
| 30.0% to 34.9% | 34,333 | 12.3% | 71 | 11.6% | 53 | 10.7% | 0 | 0.0% |
| 35.0% or more | 175,105 | 62.8% | 348 | 56.9% | 285 | 57.6% | 128 | 83.7% |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999: | 217,852 | | 574 | | 567 | | 100 | |
| 30.0% to 34.9% | 39,255 | 18.0% | 42 | 7.3% | 42 | 7.4% | 0 | 0.0% |
| 35.0% or more | 59,988 | 27.5% | 62 | 10.8% | 62 | 10.9% | 0 | 0.0% |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999: | 241,519 | | 521 | | 493 | | 115 | |
| 30.0% to 34.9% | 22,946 | 9.5% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| 35.0% or more | 16,812 | 7.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999: | 134,064 | | 238 | | 194 | | 23 | |
| 30.0% to 34.9% | 3,714 | 2.8% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| 35.0% or more | 2,250 | 1.7% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| \$100,000 or more: | 149,047 | | 121 | | 108 | | 0 | |
| 30.0% to 34.9% | 897 | 0.6% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| 35.0% or more | 713 | 0.5% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |

Table 36—Percentage of Income Paid For Gross Rent (Renter Households in Specified Housing Units)

Source: 2019-5yr ACS (Census)

From the previous table, the number of rent overburdened households in each appropriate income range can be estimated in the table below. Note that the 30-35% table is only used for PBRA demand.

| Table 37—Rent Overburdened | Households | in Each | Income | Range for |
|----------------------------|------------|---------|--------|-----------|
| the Market Area | | | | U U |

| 30% to 35% Overburden | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------------|--|---------------------------|---|----------------------|--|--------------|--|----------------------|---|----------------------|---|
| AMI | | | PBRA | | PBRA | | 50% | | 60% | | Tx. Cr. | | Overall |
| Lower Limit | | | 0 | | 0 | | 17,310 | | 22,110 | | 17,310 | | 0 |
| Upper Limit | Mkt. Area | | 21,750 | | 31,320 | | 26,100 | | 31,320 | | 31,320 | | 31,320 |
| | Household | <u>%</u> | <u>#</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>#</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>#</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>#</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>#</u> | <u>%</u> | <u>#</u> |
| | <u>s</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Less than \$10,000: | 0 | 1.00 | 0 | 1.00 | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | 1.00 | 0 |
| \$10,000 to \$19,999: | 0 | 1.00 | 0 | 1.00 | 0 | 0.27 | 0 | _ | 0 | 0.27 | 0 | 1.00 | 0 |
| \$20,000 to \$34,999: | 53 | 0.12 | 6 | 0.75 | 40 | 0.41 | 22 | 0.61 | 33 | 0.75 | 40 | 0.75 | 40 |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999: | 42 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | — | 0 | — | 0 |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999: | 0 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | — | 0 | — | 0 |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999: | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 0 |
| \$100,000 or more: | 0 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | — | 0 | _ | 0 | — | 0 | — | 0 |
| Column Total | 95 | | 6 | | 40 | | 22 | | 33 | | 40 | | 40 |
| 35%+ Overburden | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AMI | | | PBRA | | PBRA | | 50% | | 60% | | Tx. Cr. | | Overall |
| Lower Limit | | | - | | | | | | | | | | 0 |
| Lower Limit | | | 0 | | 0 | | 17,310 | | 22,110 | | 17,310 | | 0 |
| Upper Limit | Mkt. Area | | 0 21,750 | | 0 31,320 | | 17,310 26,100 | | 22,110 31,320 | | 17,310 31,320 | | 31,320 |
| | Mkt. Area <u>Household</u> | <u>%</u> | - | <u>%</u> | - | <u>%</u> | | <u>%</u> | | <u>%</u> | | <u>%</u> | - |
| | | <u>%</u> | 21,750 | <u>%</u> | 31,320 | <u>%</u> | 26,100 | <u>%</u> | 31,320 | <u>%</u> | 31,320 | <u>%</u> | 31,320 |
| | Household | <u>%</u> 1.00 | 21,750 | <u>%</u> 1.00 | 31,320 | <u>%</u> | 26,100 | <u>%</u> | 31,320 | <u>%</u> | 31,320 | <u>%</u> 1.00 | 31,320 |
| Upper Limit | <u>Household</u> <u>s</u> | | 21,750 <u>#</u> | | 31,320 <u>#</u> | <u>%</u> | 26,100 <u>#</u> | <u>%</u> | 31,320 <u>#</u> | <u>%</u> 0.27 | 31,320 <u>#</u> | | 31,320 <u>#</u> |
| Upper Limit Less than \$10,000: | Household <u>s</u> 223 | 1.00 | 21,750 <u>#</u> 223 | 1.00 | 31,320 <u>#</u> 223 | _ | 26,100 <u>#</u> 0 | _ | 31,320 <u>#</u> 0 | _ | 31,320 <u>#</u> 0 | 1.00 | 31,320 <u>#</u> 223 |
| Upper Limit Less than \$10,000: \$10,000 to \$19,999: | <u>Household</u> <u>\$</u> 223 360 | 1.00 1.00 | 21,750 <u>#</u> 223 360 | 1.00 1.00 | 31,320 <u>#</u> 223 360 | | 26,100 <u>#</u> 0 97 | _ | 31,320 <u>#</u> 0 0 | | 31,320 <u>#</u> 0 97 | 1.00 1.00 | 31,320 <u>#</u> 223 360 |
| Upper Limit Less than \$10,000: \$10,000 to \$19,999: \$20,000 to \$34,999: | Household <u>\$</u> 223 360 285 | 1.00 1.00 0.12 | 21,750 <u>#</u> 223 360 33 | 1.00 1.00 0.75 | 31,320 <u>#</u> 223 360 215 | 0.27 0.41 | 26,100 <u>#</u> 0 97 116 | 0.61 | 31,320 <u>#</u> 0 0 175 | | 31,320 <u>#</u> 0 97 215 | 1.00 1.00 0.75 | 31,320 <u>#</u> 223 360 215 |
| Upper Limit Less than \$10,000: \$10,000 to \$19,999: \$20,000 to \$34,999: \$35,000 to \$49,999: | Household <u>\$</u> 223 360 285 62 | 1.00 1.00 0.12 | 21,750 <u>#</u> 223 360 33 0 | 1.00 1.00 0.75 — | 31,320 <u>#</u> 223 360 215 0 | 0.27 0.41 | 26,100 <u>#</u> 0 97 116 0 | 0.61 | 31,320 <u>#</u> 0 0 175 0 | 0.27 0.75 | 31,320 <u>#</u> 0 97 215 0 | 1.00 1.00 0.75 | 31,320 <u>#</u> 223 360 215 0 |
| Upper Limit Less than \$10,000: \$10,000 to \$19,999: \$20,000 to \$34,999: \$35,000 to \$49,999: \$50,000 to \$74,999: | Household <u>\$</u> 223 360 285 62 0 | 1.00 1.00 0.12 — | 21,750 <u>#</u> 223 360 33 0 0 | 1.00 1.00 0.75 — | 31,320 <u>#</u> 223 360 215 0 0 | 0.27 0.41 | 26,100 <u>#</u> 0 97 116 0 0 | 0.61 | 31,320 <u>#</u> 0 0 175 0 0 0 | 0.27 0.75 | 31,320 <u>#</u> 0 97 215 0 0 0 | 1.00 1.00 0.75 | 31,320 <u>#</u> 223 360 215 0 0 |

Source: John Wall and Associates from figures above

G.3.2.2 Demand from Substandard Conditions

The Bureau of the Census defines substandard conditions as 1) lacking plumbing, or 2) 1.01 or more persons per room.

| | State | % | County | % | Market Area | % | City | % |
|--------------------------|-----------|------|--------|------|-------------|------|------|------|
| Owner occupied: | 2,377,773 | | 8,872 | | 7,792 | | 590 | |
| Complete plumbing: | 2,371,905 | 100% | 8,827 | 99% | 7,792 | 100% | 590 | 100% |
| 1.00 or less | 2,344,943 | 99% | 8,765 | 99% | 7,730 | 99% | 590 | 100% |
| 1.01 to 1.50 | 20,661 | 1% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1.51 or more | 6,301 | 0% | 62 | 1% | 62 | 1% | 0 | 0% |
| Lacking plumbing: | 5,868 | 0% | 45 | 1% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1.00 or less | 5,568 | 0% | 45 | 1% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1.01 to 1.50 | 241 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1.51 or more | 59 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| Renter occupied: | 1,381,025 | | 2,823 | | 2,565 | | 686 | |
| Complete plumbing: | 1,374,548 | 100% | 2,820 | 100% | 2,565 | 100% | 686 | 100% |
| 1.00 or less | 1,318,641 | 95% | 2,725 | 97% | 2,470 | 96% | 606 | 88% |
| 1.01 to 1.50 | 39,624 | 3% | 95 | 3% | 95 | 4% | 80 | 12% |
| 1.51 or more | 16,283 | 1% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| Lacking plumbing: | 6,477 | 0% | 3 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1.00 or less | 5,977 | 0% | 3 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1.01 to 1.50 | 118 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| 1.51 or more | 382 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% |
| Total Renter Substandard | | | | | 95 | | | |

Source: 2019-5yr ACS (Census)

From these tables, the need from substandard rental units can be drawn. There are 95 substandard rental units in the market area.

From the figures above the number of substandard units in each appropriate income range can be estimated in the table below.

Table 39—Substandard Conditions in Each Income Range for the Market Area

| | Total Substandard | Percent Income | Demand due to |
|--|----------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | Units | Qualified | Substandard |
| 50% AMI: \$0 to \$21,750 | 95 | 29.1% | 28 |
| 60% AMI: \$0 to \$31,320 | 95 | 41.4% | 39 |
| 50% AMI: \$17,310 to \$26,100 | 95 | 11.1% | 11 |
| 60% AMI: \$22,110 to \$31,320 | 95 | 12.0% | 11 |
| Overall Tax Credit: \$17,310 to \$31,320 | 95 | 18.9% | 18 |
| Overall Project: \$0 to \$31,320 | 95 | 41.4% | 39 |

Source: John Wall and Associates from figures above

G.4 Demand for New Units

The demand components shown in the previous section are summarized below.

Table 40—Demand for New Units

| | 50% AMI: \$0 to \$21,750 | 60% AMI: \$0 to \$31,320 | 50% AMI: \$17,310 to \$26,100 | 60% AMI: \$22,110 to \$31,320 | Overall Tax Credit: \$17,310 to \$31,320 | Overall Project: \$0 to \$31,320 |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| New Housing Units Required | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rent Overburden Households | 622 | 838 | 213 | 175 | 312 | 838 |
| Substandard Units | 28 | 39 | 11 | 11 | 18 | 39 |
| Demand | 650 | 877 | 224 | 186 | 330 | 877 |
| Less New Supply | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Net Demand | 650 | 877 | 224 | 186 | 330 | 877 |

* Numbers may not add due to rounding.

G.5 Capture Rate Analysis Chart

| | | Income | | Total | | Net | Capture | | Ach. | Mkt. Rent | Prop. |
|---------|---------|-------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|---------|----------|-----------|-------------|-------|
| | | Range | Units | Demand | Supply | Demand | Rate | Absrptn. | Mkt. Rent | Range | Rents |
| 50% AMI | 1 BR | \$0-\$21,750 | 3 | 195 | 0 | 195 | 1.5% | 0 mo. | \$725 | \$505-\$550 | 427 |
| 60% AMI | 1 BR | \$0-\$26,100 | 3 | 263 | 0 | 263 | 1.1% | 0 mo. | \$725 | \$505-\$550 | 540 |
| | 2 BR | \$0-\$31,320 | 10 | 439 | 0 | 439 | 2.3% | 0 mo. | \$825 | \$493-\$825 | 540 |
| 50% AMI | 1 BR | \$17,310-\$21,750 | 2 | 67 | 0 | 67 | 3.0% | 0 mo. | \$725 | \$505-\$550 | 427 |
| | 2 BR | \$20,430-\$26,100 | 4 | 112 | 0 | 112 | 3.6% | 0 mo. | \$825 | \$493-\$825 | 491 |
| 60% AMI | 2 BR | \$22,110-\$31,320 | 8 | 93 | 0 | 93 | 8.6% | 0 mo. | \$825 | \$493-\$825 | 491 |
| TOTAL | 50% AMI | \$0-\$21,750 | 3 | 650 | 0 | 650 | 0.5% | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| for | 60% AMI | \$0-\$31,320 | 13 | 877 | 0 | 877 | 1.5% | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Project | 50% AMI | \$17,310-\$26,100 | 6 | 224 | 0 | 224 | 2.7% | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | 60% AMI | \$22,110-\$31,320 | 8 | 186 | 0 | 186 | 4.3% | — | _ | — | _ |
| | All TC | \$17,310-\$31,320 | 14 | 330 | 0 | 330 | 4.2% | | _ | _ | _ |
| | Overall | \$0-\$31,320 | 30 | 877 | 0 | 877 | 3.4% | | _ | _ | _ |

Table 41—Capture Rate by Unit Size (Bedrooms) and Targeting

* Numbers may not add due to rounding.

The capture rate is not intended to be used in isolation. A low capture rate does not guarantee a successful development, nor does a high capture rate assure failure; the capture rate should be considered in the context of all the other indicators presented in the study. It is one of many factors considered in reaching a conclusion.

H. Competitive Analysis (Existing Competitive Rental Environment)

This section contains a review of statistical data on rental property in the market area and an analysis of the data collected in the field survey of apartments in the area.

H.1 Survey of Apartments

John Wall and Associates conducted a survey of apartments in the area. All of the apartments of interest are surveyed. Some of them are included because they are close to the site, or because they help in understanding the context of the segment where the subject will compete. The full details of the survey are contained in the apartment photo sheets later in this report. A summary of the data focusing on rents is shown in the apartment inventory, also later in this report. A summary of vacancies sorted by rent is presented in the schedule of rents, units, and vacancies.

In addition to the below properties, Sunny Ridge and Laural Ridge are small conventional properties adjacent to the subject property. While information for these two properties could not be obtained, they are not major players in the market and have no impact on the subject proposal.

Table 42—List of Apartments Surveyed

| Name | Units | Vacancy Rate | Туре | Comments |
|-------------------|-------|--------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Blue Ridge | 15 | 6.7% | Conventional | |
| Gateway Village | 30 | 16.7% | Section 515; PBRA=16 | Existing subject; comparable |
| Hidden Creek | 48 | n/a | Conventional | |
| Hillside | 32 | 3.1% | Section 515; PBRA=32 | Comparable |
| Valley Manor | 24 | 0.0% | Section 515 Elderly; PBRA=23 | |
| Whitehall Commons | 64 | 0.0% | LIHTC (50% & 60%) | Comparable |
| Whitehall Manor | 48 | 0.0% | LIHTC (50% & 60%) Senior 55+ | |

H.1.1 Comparables

The apartments in the market most comparable to the subject are listed below:

 Table 43—Comparison of Comparables to Subject

| | Approximate | | |
|-------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Development Name | Distance | Reason for Comparability | Degree of Comparability |
| Gateway Village | n/a | Existing subject property | Very high |
| Hillside | 1.9 miles | Affordable with full PBRA | High |
| Whitehall Commons | 1.8 miles | LIHTC | High |

The subject will have completed a full rehabilitation, will continue to have 16 units with project-based rental assistance and will have rents (the same or lower as they currently are) that fit well in the market. Overall, it is positioned well among the comparables and in the overall market.

H.1.2 Apartment Inventory

The apartment inventory follows this page. Summary information is shown for each apartment surveyed and detailed information is provided on individual property photo sheets.

H.1.3 Schedule of Present Rents, Units, and Vacancies

The present housing situation is examined in this section. The rents, number of units, and vacancies of the apartments listed in the apartment inventory (shown separately later) are summarized in the tables below. Rents, units, and vacancies are tabulated separately for the various bedroom sizes, a necessary step in making bedroom mix recommendations.

The table below shows surveyed apartment complexes in or near the market area. The *pro forma* rents, as given by the developer, are shown in orange in the table below. These rents will be compared to the other apartments in the area, and especially the comparable apartments to determine if they are reasonable. In addition to seeing how the *pro forma* rents compare in terms of absolute rents in the following table, it will be important to consider the amenities and locations of the other apartments.

Table 44—Schedule of Rents, Number of Units, and Vacancies for Apartment Units

| 1-Bedroom Units | | | 2- | 2-Bedroom Units | | | Bedroom | Units | 4-Bedroom Units | | |
|-----------------|-------|-----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|---------|-----------|------------------|-------|-----------|
| Rents | Units | Vacancies | Rents | Units | Vacancies | Rents | Units | Vacancies | Rents | Units | Vacancies |
| PBRA | 3 | Subj. 50% | PBRA | 10 | Subj. 60% | 547 | 11 | 0 | <mark>602</mark> | 4 | 0 |
| PBRA | 3 | Subj. 60% | 491 | 4 | Subj. 50% | <mark>700</mark> | 14 | 0 | 763 | 1 | 0 |
| 427 | 2 | Subj. 50% | 491 | 1 | Subj. 60% | 850 | 1 | 0 | 975 | 3 | 0 |
| 505 | 8 | 1 | <mark>493</mark> | 9 | 0 | 875 | 10 | 0 | | | |
| 550 | 10 | 1 | 540 | 22 | 4 | | | | | | |
| | | | 540 | 7 | Subj.60% | | | | | | |
| | | | 618 | 5 | 0 | | | | | | |
| | | | 700 | 4 | 0 | | | | | | |
| | | | 825 | 7 | 0 | | | | | | |

| | 1-Bedroom | 2-Bedrooms | 3-Bedrooms | 4-Bedrooms | TOTAL |
|-------------------------|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------|
| Vacant Units | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Total Units | 18 | 47 | 36 | 8 | 109 |
| Vacancy Rate | 11.1% | 8.5% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 5.5% |
| Median Rent | \$550 | \$540 | \$700 | \$683 | |
| Vacant Tax Credit Units | n/a | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Tax Credit Units | n/a | 14 | 25 | 5 | 44 |
| Tax Credit Vacancy Rate | n/a | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Tax Credit Median Rent | n/a | <mark>\$493</mark> | <mark>\$700</mark> | <mark>\$602</mark> | |

Orange = Subject; Green = Tax Credit; Blue = Sec. 8/Sec. 515; Highlight = Tax Credit Median Rent; <u>Underline=Elderly/Older Persons</u>; b = basic rent; *italics = average rent*; UR = under rehabilitation; UC = under construction; RU= in rent up; PL = planned; N/A = information unavailable

Source: John Wall and Associates

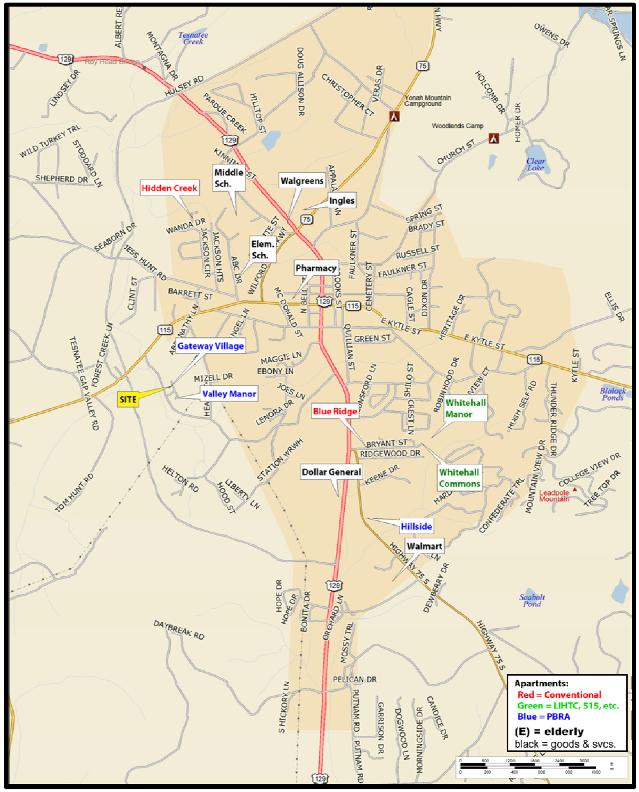
A vacancy rate of 5.0% is considered normal. The overall vacancy rate in the market is 5.5%. The overall LIHTC vacancy rate is 0.0%.

H.2 Additional information on competitive environment

- Vouchers and certificates available in the market area: The subject has RD rental assistance.
- Lease up history of competitive developments: No information is available.
- Tenant profiles of existing phase: This is not applicable.
- Additional information for rural areas lacking sufficient comps: This is not applicable.

H.3 Apartment Locations Map

Apartment Locations Map



APARTMENT INVENTORY Cleveland, Georgia (PCN: 21-067)

| ID# Apartment Name | | Year Built vac% | E | | y/Studio (e) edroom | Two Bedroom | | | | Three Bedroom | | | Four Bedroom | | | COMMENTS | |
|--------------------|---|--------------------|-------|--------|------------------------|-----------------|-------------|---|---------------------------|-----------------|------|-------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------------|---|
| | | | Units | Vacant | Rent | Units V | /acant | | Rent | Units | Vaca | nt | Rent | Units Vac | ant | Rent | |
| | 21-067 SUBJECT Gateway Village 1000 Campbell St. Cleveland | Proposed Rehab | | | PBRA | 4 | Р Р Р | | PBRA 491 491 540 | | | | | | | | LIHTC/Sec 515 (50% & 60%); PBRA=16 *Community room, exterior gathering area, covered pavilion with picnic/grilling area and fenced community garden |
| | Blue Ridge 105 Bryant St. Cleveland Chris (5-3-21) 770-548-9943 | 1986 6.7% | 10 |) 1 | 550 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 550-850 | 1 | | 0 | 850 | | | | Conventional; Sec 8=not accepted *Some units include water; One unit was rebuilt i 2015 |
| | Gateway Village 1000 Campbell St. Cleveland Misty (5-4-21) 706-219-2773 | 1995 | ٤ | 3 1 | 505h 635r | | 4 | | 540b 690n | | | | | | | | WL=6 Sec 515; PBRA=16; Sec 8=1; RD=1 Office hours: MWF 8-4; Vacancies are due to recent move-outs and units haven't been turned over to be rentable again - Misty says the waiting list should be able to help fill the vacant units One of the vacant units is classified as down by RD |
| | Hidden Creek 87 Bertha Ct. Cleveland (5-6-21) 706-892-1027 | 2002 0% | 14 | ↓ 0 | N/A | 28 | 0 | | N/A | C | | 0 | N/A | | | | Conventional Unable to obtain updated information - voicemai says zero vacancies and rents starting at \$545 |
| | Hillside 367 Old GA Hwy. 75 South Cleveland Barry (5-3-21) 706-865-9011 | 1987 3.1% | ٤ | 3 1 | PBRA | . 24 | 0 | | PBRA | | | | | | | | WL=15 (1BR) & 15 (2BR) Sec 515; PBRA=32 Managed by Charles Williams Real Estate Investment Corporation |
| | Valley Manor SUBJECT - Present 1000 Campbell St. Cleveland Misty (5-4-21) 706-219-2773 | 1995 0% | 22 | 2 0 | PBRA | . 2 | 0 | | PBRA | | | | | | | | WL=15 Sec 515 Elderly; PBRA=23; sec 8=1 Office hours: MWF 8-4; *The laundry facility has been down for quite some time |
| | Whitehall Commons 299 Bryant St. Cleveland Mel (5-5-21) 706-219-4100 | 2009 0% | | | | 9 5 7* | 0 0 0 | | 493 618 825 | 11 14 10* | | 0 C O | 547 700 875 | 4 1 3* | 0 C O | 602 763 975 | LIHTC (50% & 60%); PBRA=0; Sec 8=0 |
| | Whitehall Manor 298 Bryant St. Cleveland Mel (5-5-21) 706-219-1220 | 2009 | | | | 20 13 15* | O C C | | 493 618 775-800 | | | | | | | | WL=15-30 LIHTC (50% & 60%) HFOP 55+; PBRA=0; Sec 8=0 2007 LIHTC allocation; *Market rate units; **Elevator, car wash area, multipurpose room, cabana, picnic/grilling area and business center; Same manager as Whitehall Commons |

| | | | | | | Amenit | ies | Applia | nces | Unit Features | | |
|---------------|----------------------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------|--|---|---|--|---|---|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Map Number | Complex: 21-067 SUBJECT | | Year Prope | | Laundry Facility Tannic Court | Lemms Court Swimming Pool Club House Garages | Playground Access/Security Gate Other When | Refrigerator Range/Oven Dishwasher Garbage Disposal W/D Connection | Washer, Dryer Microwave Oven Other Other | Fireplace Free Cable Furnished Mr Conditioning Drapes/Blinds Cable Pre-Wired Other Other | Two-Bedro Size (s.f.) 895 | Rent PBRA |
| | Vacancy Rates: | 1 BR | 2 BR | 3 BR | 4 BR | overall | | | | HTC/Sec 515 (50% & 60%); BRA=16 | 895 895 895 | 491 491 540 |
| | Blue Ridge | | 1986 | | | | | x x s x | | x x x * | 860 | 550-850 |
| | Vacancy Rates: | 1 BR 10.0% | 2 BR 0.0% | 3 BR 0.0% | 4 BR | overall 6.7% | | | | onventional; Sec 8=not cepted | | |
| | Gateway Village | | 1995 | | x | | | x x x | | X X X WS | 895 | 540b |
| | Vacancy Rates: | 1 BR 12.5% | 2 BR 18.2% | 3 BR | | overall 16.7% | | | | c 515; PBRA=16; Sec 8=1; D=1 | | 690n |
| | Hidden Creek | | 2002 | | X | | | x x x x | х | x x x t | 1100 | N/A |
| | Vacancy Rates: | 1 BR 0.0% | 2 BR 0.0% | 3 BR 0.0% | | overall 0.0% | | | Сс | onventional | | |
| | Hillside | | 1987 | | X | | | x x x | | X X X WS | N/A | PBRA |
| | Vacancy Rates: | 1 BR 12.5% | 2 BR 0.0% | 3 BR | 4 BR | overall 3.1% | | | Se | c 515; PBRA=32 | | |
| | Valley Manor | | 1995 | | * | | | хх | | X WS | 822 | PBRA |
| | Vacancy Rates: | 1 BR 0.0% | 2 BR 0.0% | 3 BR | 4 BR | overall 0.0% | | | Se4 8= | c 515 Elderly; PBRA=23; sec | | |
| | Whitehall Commor | 15 | 2009 | | х | хх | x x ** | X X X X X | хх | x x x t | 1143 | 493 |
| | Vacancy Rates: | 1 BR | 2 BR 0.0% | 3 BR 0.0% | | overall 0.0% | | | LI | HTC (50% & 60%); PBRA=0; c 8=0 | 1143 1143 | 618 825 |
| | Whitehall Manor | | 2009 | | X | | x ** | x x x | X | x x x t | 1100 | 493 |
| | Vacancy Rates: | 1 BR | 2 BR 0.0% | 3 BR | 4 BR | overall 0.0% | | | | HTC (50% & 60%) HFOP 55 PBRA=0; Sec 8=0 | 1100 1100 | 618 775-800 |

| Ν | No. of Units | Baths | Vacant | Size (s.f.) | Rent | Complex: | Map Number: |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------|----------------------------|-------------|--------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Efficiency/Studio | | | | | | 21-067 SUBJECT | |
| One-Bedroom | 3 | 1 | Р | 650 | PBRA | Gateway Village | |
| 1 BR vacancy rate | 3 | 1 | Р | 650 | PBRA | 1000 Campbell St. | |
| , | 2 | 1 | Р | 650 | 427 | Cleveland | |
| Two-Bedroom | 10 | 1-2 | Р | 895 | PBRA | | |
| 2 BR vacancy rate | 4 | 2 | Р | 895 | 491 | | |
| | 1 | 2 | Р | 895 | 491 | | |
| | 7 | 1-2 | Р | 895 | 540 | Year Built: | |
| Three-Bedroom | | | | | | Proposed | |
| 3 BR vacancy rate | | | | | | Rehab | |
| Four-Bedroom | | | | | | | |
| 4 BR vacancy rate | | | | | | | |
| TOTALS | 30 | | 0 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Last Rent Increase |
| menities | A | ppliance | es | | Unit Feature | 28 | |
| x Laundry Facility | | x Re | frigerator | | Firep | blace | Specials |
| Tennis Court | | | nge/Oven | | wst Utilit | | |
| Swimming Pool | | | icrowave Ov | en | — Furn | | |
| Club House | | | shwasher | | <u> </u> | | Waiting List |
| Garages Playground | _ | | arbage Dispo /D Connect | | | oes/Blinds e Pre-Wired | |
| Access/Security | Gate | | asher, Dryer | | | Cable | Subsidies |
| Fitness Center | _ | | iling Fan | | Free | Internet | LIHTC/Sec 515 (50% & |
| * Other | _ | Ot | ther | | Othe | er | PBRA=16 |

Comments: *Community room, exterior gathering area, covered pavilion with picnic/grilling area and fenced community garden



| | No. of U | J nits | Baths | Vacant | Size (s.f.) | Rent | Complex: | Map Number |
|---|----------|---------------|------------|--|-------------|------------------------|---|--|
| Efficiency/Studi | 0 | | | | | | Blue Ridge | - |
| One-Bedroom 1 BR vacancy rate | | 10 | 1 | 1 | 480 | 550 | 105 Bryant St. Cleveland Chris (5-3-21) 770-548-9943 | |
| Two-Bedroom 2 BR vacancy rate | 0.0% | 4 | 1.5-2 | 0 | 860 | 550-850 | | |
| Three-Bedroom 3 BR vacancy rate | 0.0% | 1 | 2 | 0 | 900 | 850 | Year Built: 1986 | |
| Four-Bedroom 4 BR vacancy rate | | | | | | | | |
| TOTALS | 6.7% | 15 | | 1 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Last Rent Increase |
| Amenities Laundry Facil Tennis Court | | | x Ra | frigerator nge/Oven | | * Utili | place ties Included | Specials |
| Swimming Po Club House Garages Playground | ool | _ | s Di Ga | icrowave O shwasher arbage Disp /D Connec | oosal | x Air x Air x Drap | nished Conditioning pes/Blinds le Pre-Wired | Waiting List |
| Access/Secur Fitness Cente Other | | - | W: Ce | asher, Drye eiling Fan ther | | Free | Cable Internet | Subsidies Conventional; Sec 8=nc accepted |

Comments: *Some units include water; One unit was rebuilt in 2015



| 1 | No. of Units | Baths | Vacant | Size (s.f.) | Rent | Complex: | Map Number: |
|--|--------------|----------|---|-------------|--|---|---|
| Efficiency/Studio | | | | | | Gateway Village | |
| One-Bedroom 1 BR vacancy rate | 8 | 1 | 1 | 650 | 505b 635n | 1000 Campbell St Cleveland Misty (5-4-21) 706-219-2773 | |
| Two-Bedroom 2 BR vacancy rate | 22 | 1.5 | 4 | 895 | 540b 690n | | |
| Three-Bedroom | | | | | | Year Built: 1995 | |
| 3 BR vacancy rate | | | | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | | | | | | | |
| 4 BR vacancy rate | | | | | | | |
| TOTALS | 30 | | 5 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Last Rent Increase |
| Amenities <u>x</u> Laundry Facility Tennis Court Swimming Pool | - | x Ra | es frigerator nge/Oven crowave O | ven | Unit Feature Firep Wstp Utili Furr | place ties Included | Specials |
| Club House Garages Playground | | Di Ga | shwasher irbage Disp /D Connec | osal | <u>x</u> Air (<u>x</u> Drap | Conditioning | Waiting List WL=6 |
| Access/Security Fitness Center Other | Gate | Wa | asher, Drye iling Fan her | | Free | Cable Internet | Subsidies Sec 515; PBRA=16; Sec 8=1; RD=1 |

Comments: Office hours: MWF 8-4; Vacancies are due to recent move-outs and units haven't been turned over to be rentable again - Misty says the waiting list should be able to help fill the vacant units One of the vacant units is classified as down by RD



| | No. of U | J nits | Baths | Vacant | Size (s.f.) | Rent | Complex: | Map Nun |
|----------------------------|----------|---------------|----------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Efficiency/Studio | 0 | | | | | | Hidden Creek | |
| One-Bedroom | | | 1 | 0 | 950 | N/A | 87 Bertha Ct. | |
| 1 BR vacancy rate | 0.0% | | | | | | Cleveland (5-6-21) 706-892-1027 | |
| Two-Bedroom | | 28 | 2 | 0 | 1100 | N/A | | |
| 2 BR vacancy rate | 0.0% | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Year Built: | |
| Three-Bedroom | | 6 | 2 | 0 | 1300 | N/A | 2002 | |
| 3 BR vacancy rate | 0.0% | | | | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | | | | | | | | |
| 4 BR vacancy rate | | | | | | | | |
| TOTALS | 0.0% | 48 | | 0 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Last Rent Increase |
| menities | | A | ppliance | es | | Unit Featur | es | |
| <u>x</u> Laundry Facil | lity | | | frigerator | | Fire | place | Specials |
| Tennis Court | | | | nge/Oven | | | ties Included | |
| Swimming Po Club House | loc | | | crowave O shwasher | ven | | nished Conditioning | |
| Garages | | _ | | arbage Disp | oosal | <u>x</u> Dra | 0 | Waiting List |
| Playground | | | | /D Conned | | <u> </u> | le Pre-Wired | |
| Access/Secur | | _ | | asher, Drye | er | | Cable | Subsidies |
| Fitness Cente | r | | | iling Fan | | | Internet | Conventional |
| Other | | | Ot | her | | Oth | er | |

Comments: Unable to obtain updated information - voicemail says zero vacancies and rents starting at \$545

KEY: P = proposed; UC = under construction; R = renovated; BOI = based on income; s = some; a = average; b = basic rent



| | No. of U | nits | Baths | Vacant | Size (s.f.) | Rent | Complex: | Map Number: |
|---|----------|------|---------------|---|-------------|--|--|---|
| Efficiency/Studio | 0 | | | | | | Hillside | |
| One-Bedroom 1 BR vacancy rate | | 8 | 1 | 1 | N/A | PBRA | 367 Old GA Hw Cleveland Barry (5-3-21) 706-865-9011 | y. 75 South |
| Two-Bedroom 2 BR vacancy rate | 0.0% | 24 | 1.5 | 0 | N/A | PBRA | 700 000 7011 | |
| Three-Bedroom | | | | | | | Year Built: 1987 | |
| 3 BR vacancy rate | | | | | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom 4 BR vacancy rate | | | | | | | | |
| TOTALS | 3.1% | 32 | | 1 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Last Rent Increase |
| menities <u>X</u> Laundry Facil —— Tennis Court —— Swimming Po | • | _ | x Ra | e s frigerator inge/Oven icrowave O | ven | | | Specials |
| Club House Garages Playground Access/Secur | | _ | Di Ga W | shwasher arbage Disp /D Connec asher, Drye | oosal | $\begin{array}{c} x \\ x $ | Conditioning pes/Blinds le Pre-Wired e Cable | Waiting List WL=15 (1BR) & 15 (2BR) Subsidies |
| Fitness Center Other | | _ | | iling Fan | | Free Oth | e Internet er | Sec 515; PBRA=32 |

Comments: Managed by Charles Williams Real Estate Investment Corporation



| | No. of U | nits | Baths | Vacant | Size (s.f.) | Rent | | Complex: |
|---|----------|------|----------|--|-------------|-------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Efficiency/Studie | 0 | | | | | | | Valley Manor |
| One-Bedroom | | 22 | 1 | 0 | 650 | PBRA | | 1000 Campbell S Cleveland |
| 1 BR vacancy rate | 0.0% | | | | | | | Misty (5-4-21) 706-219-2773 |
| Two-Bedroom | | 2 | 1.5 | 0 | 822 | PBRA | | 100 217 2115 |
| 2 BR vacancy rate | 0.0% | _ | 110 | | 0 | 10101 | | |
| | | | | | | | | Year Built: |
| Three-Bedroom | | | | | | | | 1995 |
| 3 BR vacancy rate | | | | | | | | |
| Four-Bedroom | | | | | | | | |
| 4 BR vacancy rate | | | | | | | | |
| TOTALS | 0.0% | 24 | | 0 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Amenities * Laundry Facil Tennis Court Swimming Po | | _ | x Ra | efrigerator inge/Oven icrowave O | ven | Furn | place ties In iished | cluded |
| Club House Garages Playground | | _ | Ga | ishwasher arbage Disp /D Connec | | | pes/Bl | 0 |
| Access/Secur Fitness Cente Other | | _ | W: Ce | asher, Drye eiling Fan ther | | | Cable Inter er | |

Comments: Office hours: MWF 8-4; *The laundry facility has been down for quite some time



| | No. of | Units | Baths | Vacant | Size (s.f.) | Rent | Complex: |
|-------------------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|------|------------------|
| Efficiency/Studio |) | | | | | | Whitehall Common |
| One-Bedroom | | | | | | | 299 Bryant St. |
| 1 BR vacancy rate | | | | | | | Cleveland |
| 5 | | | | | | | Mel (5-5-21) |
| | | | | | | | 706-219-4100 |
| Two-Bedroom | | 9 | 2 | 0 | 1143 | 493 | |
| 2 BR vacancy rate | 0.0% | 5 | 2 | 0 | 1143 | 618 | |
| | | 7* | 2 | 0 | 1143 | 825 | |
| | | | | | | | Year Built: |
| Three-Bedroom | | 11 | 2 | 0 | 1412 | 547 | 2009 |
| 3 BR vacancy rate | 0.0% | 14 | 2 | 0 | 1412 | 700 | |
| ····· | | 10* | | 0 | 1412 | 875 | |
| Four-Bedroom | | 4 | 2 | 0 | 1615 | 602 | |
| 4 BR vacancy rate | 0.0% | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1615 | 763 | |
| | | 3* | 2 | 0 | 1651 | 975 | |
| TOTALS | 0.0% | 64 | | 0 | | | |
| | | | | | | | I |

Map Number:

Amenities

 x
 Laundry Facility

 Tennis Court
 Tennis Court

 x
 Swimming Pool

 x
 Club House

 Garages
 Playground

 Access/Security Gate
 Fitness Center

 **
 Other

Appliances

 X
 Refrigerator

 X
 Range/Oven

 X
 Microwave Oven

 X
 Dishwasher

 X
 Garbage Disposal

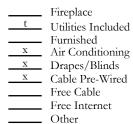
 X
 W/D Connection

 Washer, Dryer
 X

 X
 Ceiling Fan

 Other
 Other

Unit Features



Last Rent Increase

Specials

Waiting List WL=20-30

Subsidies LIHTC (50% & 60%); PBRA=0; Sec 8=0

Comments: 2007 LIHTC allocation; *Market rate units; **Picnic area, business center and computer center; Same manager as Whitehall Manor



| | No. of l | Units | Baths | Vacant | Size (s.f.) | Rent | Complex: | Map Number: |
|---|----------|-----------------|--|---|----------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Efficiency/Studi One-Bedroom 1 BR vacancy rate | 0 | | | | | | Whitehall Manor 298 Bryant St. Cleveland Mel (5-5-21) 706-219-1220 | |
| Two-Bedroom 2 BR vacancy rate | 0.0% | 20 13 15* | 2 2 2 | 0 0 0 | 1100 1100 1100 | 493 618 775-800 | V D H | |
| Three-Bedroom 3 BR vacancy rate | | | | | | | Year Built: 2009 | |
| Four-Bedroom 4 BR vacancy rate | | | | | | | | |
| TOTALS | 0.0% | 48 | | 0 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Last Rent Increase |
| Amenities Appliances x Laundry Facility x Refrigerator Tennis Court x Range/Oven Swimming Pool x Microwave Oven Club House Dishwasher | | Furn Air (| place ties Included hished Conditioning | Specials Waiting List | | | | |
| Garages Playground Access/Secur X Fitness Cente ** Other | | | x W/ W2 Ce | urbage Disp /D Connec asher, Dryc iling Fan her | ction | <u>x</u> Cabl | Cable Internet | WL=15-30 Subsidies LIHTC (50% & 60%) HFOP 55 +; PBRA=0; Sec 8=0 |

Comments: 2007 LIHTC allocation; *Market rate units; **Elevator, car wash area, multipurpose room, cabana, picnic/grilling area and business center; Same manager as Whitehall Commons

H.4 Amenity Analysis

Development Amenities (shared with Valley Manor):

Community room, exterior gathering area, on-site laundry, covered pavilion with picnic/BBQ facility, fenced community garden, and equipped playground

Unit Amenities:

High efficiency water heating and appliances (refrigerator, range/oven, and HVAC), updated counter-tops and cabinets, and low flow plumbing fixtures

Utilities Included:

Water, sewer, and trash

The subject's amenities are very basic and, on average, are inferior to those of other properties in the market area.

H.5 Selection of Comps

See section H.1.1.

H.6 Long Term Occupancy

In light of vacancy and stabilization rates in the local market area, the subject should not have any difficulty maintaining 93% stabilized occupancy or better.

H.7 New "Supply"

DCA requires comparable units built since the base year to be deducted from demand. Only comparable units within comparable complexes will be deducted from demand, as indicated by the asterisks.

Table 45—Apartment Units Built or Proposed Since the Base Year

| | | Units With | 30% AMI, | 50% AMI, | 60% AMI, | Above | |
|-------------------|-------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|----------|-------|
| | Year | Rental | No Rental | No Rental | No Rental | Moderate | |
| Development Name | Built | Assistance | Assistance | Assistance | Assistance | Income | TOTAL |
| Development Manie | Dunt | Assistance | Assistance | rissistance | rissistance | meonie | TOTAL |

There are no new units of supply to deduct from demand for the subject.

H.8 Achievable Market Rent and Rent Differential

The following table gives the proposed rents in comparison to achievable market rent for each of the proposed unit types.

| | | Number | Net | Market | Market |
|-----|----------|----------|------|--------|-----------|
| | Bedrooms | of Units | Rent | Rent | Advantage |
| 50% | 1 | 3 | 427 | 725 | 69.8% |
| 60% | 1 | 3 | 540 | 725 | 34.3% |
| 60% | 2 | 3 | 540 | 825 | 52.8% |
| 60% | 2 | 7 | 540 | 825 | 52.8% |
| 50% | 1 | 2 | 427 | 725 | 69.8% |
| 50% | 2 | 4 | 491 | 825 | 68.0% |
| 60% | 2 | 1 | 491 | 825 | 68.0% |
| 60% | 2 | 7 | 540 | 825 | 52.8% |

Table 46—Market Rent Advantage

The DCA Market Study Manual specifies Rent advantage is calculated as follows: (average market rent – proposed rent) / proposed rent.

All of the subject's proposed rents have more than a 20% advantage when compared to the achievable market rent.

Since there are no modern market rate complexes in the market area, the market rate units at Whitehall Commons are used to estimate market rent. Because Whitehall Commons does not have any one-bedroom units, \$100 was subtracted from the two-bedroom rent to estimate the one-bedroom rent.

H.9 Information on Other DCA properties

See the Schedule of Rents Units and Vacancies along with the Apartment Inventory and the Photo Sheets.

H.10 Rental Trends in the Market Area

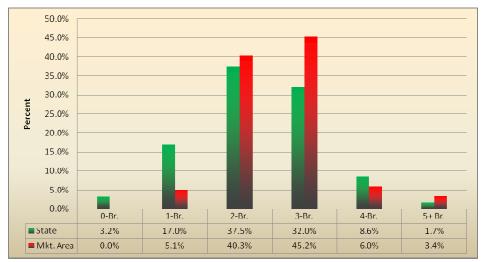
H.10.1 Tenure

Table 47—Tenure by Bedrooms

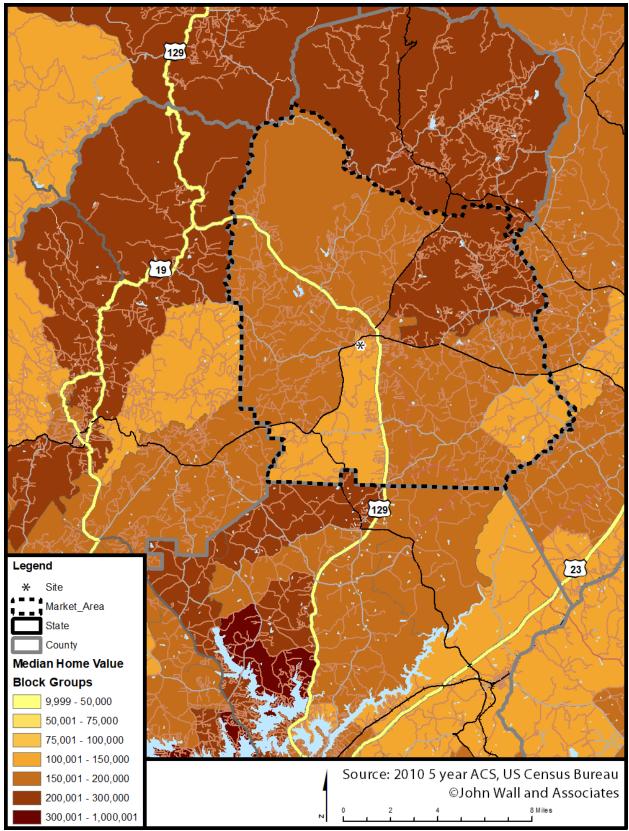
| | State | % | County | % | Market Area | % | City | % |
|--------------------|-----------|-------|--------|-------|-------------|-------|------|-------|
| Owner occupied: | 2,377,773 | | 8,872 | | 7,792 | | 590 | |
| No bedroom | 7,571 | 0.3% | 82 | 0.9% | 82 | 1.1% | 0 | 0.0% |
| 1 bedroom | 29,364 | 1.2% | 448 | 5.0% | 409 | 5.2% | 0 | 0.0% |
| 2 bedrooms | 257,514 | 10.8% | 1,446 | 16.3% | 1,132 | 14.5% | 33 | 5.6% |
| 3 bedrooms | 1,172,945 | 49.3% | 5,261 | 59.3% | 4,792 | 61.5% | 470 | 79.7% |
| 4 bedrooms | 643,853 | 27.1% | 1,121 | 12.6% | 968 | 12.4% | 16 | 2.7% |
| 5 or more bedrooms | 266,526 | 11.2% | 514 | 5.8% | 409 | 5.2% | 71 | 12.0% |
| Renter occupied: | 1,381,025 | | 2,823 | | 2,565 | | 686 | |
| No bedroom | 44,516 | 3.2% | 9 | 0.3% | 0 | 0.0% | 0 | 0.0% |
| 1 bedroom | 234,517 | 17.0% | 194 | 6.9% | 131 | 5.1% | 30 | 4.4% |
| 2 bedrooms | 517,205 | 37.5% | 1,129 | 40.0% | 1,034 | 40.3% | 394 | 57.4% |
| 3 bedrooms | 442,319 | 32.0% | 1,245 | 44.1% | 1,160 | 45.2% | 236 | 34.4% |
| 4 bedrooms | 118,332 | 8.6% | 159 | 5.6% | 153 | 6.0% | 26 | 3.8% |
| 5 or more bedrooms | 24,136 | 1.7% | 87 | 3.1% | 87 | 3.4% | 0 | 0.0% |

Source: 2019-5yr ACS (Census)

Tenure by Bedrooms for the State and Market Area



Median Home Value Map



H.11 Impact of Foreclosed, Abandoned, etc. Properties

There is no evidence of any adverse impact due to foreclosure or abandonment.

H.12 Long Term Impact

The subject will have no long term impact on the occupancy of other assisted properties, as the subject will not be adding any new units to the market.

H.13 Building Permits Issued

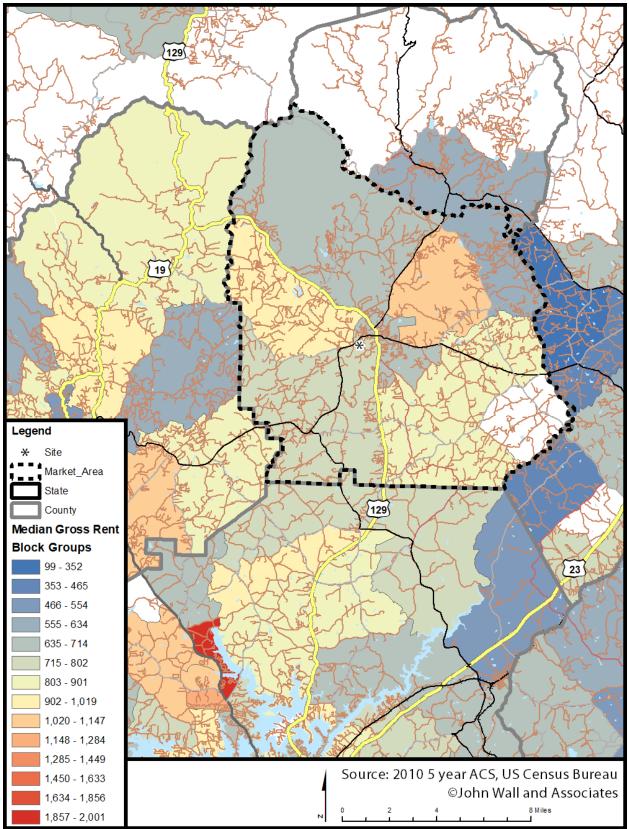
Building permits are an indicator of the economic strength and activity of a community. While permits are never issued for a market area, the multi-family permits issued for the county and town are an indicator of apartments recently added to the supply:

| Iuble 10 | Dun | | 5166ucu | | | |
|----------|-------|---------------|--------------|-------|---------------|--------------|
| | | County | | | City | |
| Year | Total | Single Family | Multi-Family | Total | Single Family | Multi-Family |
| 2000 | 315 | 312 | 3 | 35 | 32 | 3 |
| 2001 | 363 | 356 | 7 | 37 | 34 | 3 |
| 2002 | 370 | 366 | 4 | 42 | 38 | 4 |
| 2003 | 339 | 322 | 17 | 43 | 26 | 17 |
| 2004 | 366 | 333 | 33 | 53 | 35 | 18 |
| 2005 | 398 | 380 | 18 | 38 | 20 | 18 |
| 2006 | 346 | 344 | 2 | 27 | 25 | 2 |
| 2007 | 70 | 39 | 31 | 24 | 13 | 11 |
| 2008 | 251 | 129 | 122 | 108 | 6 | 102 |
| 2009 | 86 | 70 | 16 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 2010 | 40 | 40 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 2011 | 22 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2012 | 26 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2013 | 27 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2014 | 38 | 38 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 2015 | 55 | 55 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 0 |
| 2016 | 70 | 70 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| 2017 | 88 | 88 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 0 |
| 2018 | 101 | 101 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 0 |
| 2019 | 131 | 131 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 |

Table 48—Building Permits Issued

Source: "SOCDS Building Permits" https://socds.huduser.gov/permits/

Median Gross Rent Map



I. Absorption & Stabilization Rates

Given reasonable marketing and management, the development should be able to rent up to 93% occupancy within 1 month, assuming units are leased as the renovations are completed. The absorption rate determination considers such factors as the overall estimate of new household growth, the available supply of competitive units, observed trends in absorption of comparable units, and the availability of subsidies and rent specials. The absorption period is considered to start as soon as the first units are released for occupancy.

J. Interviews

The following interviews were conducted regarding demand for the subject.

J.1 Apartment Managers

Misty, the apartment manager at Gateway Village (Section 515), the subject property, said there are currently five vacancies, and these vacancies are due to recent move-outs and units haven't been turned over to be rentable yet; she said there are six households on the waiting list that should be able to fill the vacant units. Regarding the rehabilitation, Misty said having a playground on the property would be nice, and having a proper office with new furniture would be good as well.

J.2 Economic Development

A Child's Dream Preschool and I See U Ministries are new members of the White County Chamber of Commerce. Tourism is the primary industry in White County.

According to the 2020 and 2021 Georgia Department of Labor Business Layoff/Closure Listings, no companies in White County have announced layoffs or closure in the last year.

K. Conclusions and Recommendations

The subject, as proposed, should be successful. See also Executive Summary.

L. Signed Statement Requirements

See signed statement in front matter.

M. Market Study Representation

DCA may rely on the representations made in the market study to be true and accurate to the best knowledge of John Wall and Associates. DCA may assign the market study to other lenders who are parties to the DCA loan transaction.

N. Project Narrative Appendix

Gateway Village Valley Manor

Project Narrative

Gateway Village/Valley Manor is an existing multi-family project located in Cleveland, White County Georgia. White County is a USDA designated rural county. The two names reflect separate tax credit allocations and USDA Rural Development Administration financing. However, the projects were financed and developed simultaneously. This unusual arrangement was due to the Valley Manor section of the project being designated for Senior occupancy. An allocation of Low Income Housing Tax Credits was awarded for each project (GA92-033 and GA-92-034) as well as Rural Development permanent financing and a Federal Home Loan Bank AHP. The projects were completed in 1994 and have been owned and operated as one project since completion.

Affordable Housing Solutions, Inc. is the GP/Developer for the proposed redevelopment. AHS acquired the properties in 2012 and has operated it since then. Wellspring Community Management has managed the properties for more than 10 years. The AHP obligations on the projects have been met and the only outstanding financing are the two Rural Development loans. The redevelopment of the project proposes the payoff of the existing USDA loans. The properties will be sold to the new single LIHTC limited partnership. The existing RD rental assistance will remain on the property. LIHTC will be used to fund a full rehab of the project.

The Gateway Village/Valley Manor properties are located adjacent to each other with a single shared entry drive. With shared circulation through the property, Gateway and Valley are effectively one project. The project contains eight one-story residential buildings with a total of 54 units. There are 30 one bedroom/one bath units, 18 2 bedroom/2 bath units and 6 2-bedroom/1 bath units. Twenty four of the units are currently reserved for senior occupancy under the RD Rental Assistance Program. The proposed rehab project includes a commitment of 10% of the one bedroom units for underserved populations. If approved, 8 one bedroom units that currently do not have RD rental assistance would receive DCA PBRA.

The project design is relatively low density with parking that provides easy accessibility to all units with no stairs. A separate laundry facility building is also provided on the site. The surrounding area is well suited to the ongoing operation of this project as affordable housing. GatewayVillage/Valley Manor is located just 1.2 miles from the Cleveland town square which offers a wide range of goods and services as well as the White County public offices.

The project typically enjoys high occupancy particularly among the 24 Senior rental- assisted units. It has now been 25 years since Gateway Village/Valley Manor was built and it is in need of significant replacements and upgrades to bring it up to current rental community, accessibility and energy efficiency standards. Roofing, paving, exterior siding repair and

painting, floor coverings, interior painting, high efficiency HVAC, water heating and appliances, updated counter-tops and cabinets, low flow plumbing fixtures, accessibility, health and safety upgrades and amenities are some of the renovation work scope items that will be completed. The project will be Earthcraft certified.

O. Crime Appendix



Source: https://www.neighborhoodscout.com/ga/cleveland/crime

P. NCHMA Market Study Index/Checklist

Members of the National Council of Housing Market Analysts provide the following checklist referencing various components necessary to conduct a comprehensive market study for rental housing. By completing the following checklist, the NCHMA Analyst certifies that he or she has performed all necessary work to support the conclusions included within the comprehensive market study. By completion of this checklist, the analyst asserts that he/she has completed all required items per section.

Executive Summary Scope of Work **Project Description** 3. Unit mix including bedrooms, bathrooms, square footage, rents, and income targeting......19 4. Utilities (and utility sources) included in rent......20 5. Target market/population description 19 6. Project description including unit features and 8. If rehabilitation, scope of work, existing rents, and existing vacancies20, 65, 66 Location 9. Concise description of the site and adjacent 10. Site photos/maps......23, 29 12. Site evaluation/neighborhood including visibility, accessibility, and crime21 Market Area **Employment and Economy** 18. Area major employers/employment centers and proximity to site......47 19. Recent or planned employment expansions/reductions.....76 **Demographic Characteristics** 20. Population and household estimates and 21. Area building permits73 22. Population and household characteristics including income, tenure, and size43, 39, 42 23. For senior or special needs projects, provide data specific to target market N/A

Competitive Environment 26. Existing rental housing evaluation including vacancy and rents 66, 66 27. Comparison of subject property to comparable properties65 28. Discussion of availability and cost of other affordable housing options including homeownership, if applicable66 29. Rental communities under construction, approved, or proposed69 30. For senior or special needs populations, provide data specific to target marketN/A Affordability, Demand, and Penetration Rate Analysis 31. Estimate of demand63 32. Affordability analysis with capture rate 54, 64 33. Penetration rate analysis with capture rate 18, 64 Analysis/Conclusions 34. Absorption rate and estimated stabilized occupancy for subject75 35. Evaluation of proposed rent levels including estimate of market/achievable rents...... 13, 70 36. Precise statement of key conclusions......15 37. Market strengths and weaknesses impacting project.....15 38. Product recommendations and/or suggested modifications to subject15 39. Discussion of subject property's impact on existing housing73 40. Discussion of risks or other mitigating circumstances impacting subject.....15 41. Interviews with area housing stakeholders......76 **Other Requirements** 42. Certifications2, 3 43. Statement of qualifications......2 44. Sources of data not otherwise identified......6

Q. Business References

Ms. Wendy Hall Louisiana Housing Corporation 2415 Quail Drive Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70808 225/763-8647

Mr. Jay Ronca Vantage Development 1544 S. Main Street Fyffe, Alabama 35971 256/417-4920 ext. 224

Mr. Scott Farmer North Carolina Housing Finance Agency 3508 Bush Street Raleigh, North Carolina 37609 919/877-5700

R. Résumés

Bob Rogers

Experience

Principal and Market Analyst

John Wall and Associates, Seneca, South Carolina (2017 to Present)

Responsibilities include: Business operations; development of housing demand methodology; development of computer systems and technologies; analysis of demographic trends; creation and production of analytic maps and graphics; and CRA compliance.

Senior Market Analyst

John Wall and Associates, Anderson, South Carolina (1992 to 2017)

Responsibilities included: Development of housing demand methodology; development of computer systems and technologies; analysis of demographic trends; creation and production of analytic maps and graphics; CRA compliance; courtroom presentation graphics.

Manager

Institute for Electronic Data Analysis, Knoxville, Tennessee (1990 to 1992) Responsibilities included: Marketing, training new employees and users of US Bureau of the Census data products, and custom research.

Consultant

Sea Ray Boats, Inc., Knoxville, Tennessee (1991)

Project included: Using various statistical techniques to create customer profiles that the senior management team used to create a marketing strategy.

Consultant

Central Transport, High Point, North Carolina (1990) Project included: Research and analysis in the area of driver retention and how to improve the company's turnover ratio.

Professional Organization

National Council of Housing Market Analysts (NCHMA) Executive Committee Member (2004-2010) Standards Committee Co-Chair (2006-2010) Standards Committee Vice Chair (2004-2006) Member delegate (2002-Present)

Publications

Senior Housing Options, NCHMA White Paper (draft) Field Work for Market Studies, NCHMA White Paper, 2011 Ten Things Developers Should Know About Market Studies, Affordable Housing Finance Magazine, 2007 Selecting Comparable Properties (Best Practices), NCHMA publication 2006

Education

Continuing Education, National Council of Housing Market Analysts (2002 to present) Multifamily Accelerated Processing (MAP) Certificate, *HUD (May 2012)* MBA Transportation and Logistics, The University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee (1991) BS Business Logistics, Penn State, *University Park, Pennsylvania (1989)*

Joe Burriss

Experience

Principal and Market Analyst

John Wall & Associates, Seneca, South Carolina (2017 to present)

Responsibilities include: Business operations; author of numerous apartment market studies; make, review and evaluate recommendations regarding student housing analysis; collect and analyze multifamily rental housing information (both field and census); conduct site and location analysis. Design marketing plans and strategies; client development.

Marketing Director

John Wall & Associates, Anderson, South Carolina (2003 to 2017) Responsibilities included: Designing marketing plans and strategies; client development.

Senior Market Analyst and Researcher

John Wall & Associates, Anderson, South Carolina (1999 to 2017) Responsibilities included: Author of numerous apartment market studies; making, reviewing and evaluating recommendations regarding student housing analysis; collecting and analyzing multifamily rental housing information (both field and census); conducting site and location analysis.

Professional Organization

National Council of Housing Market Analysts (NCHMA) FHA Lender and Underwriting (MAP) Committee (2012-Present) Member Delegate (2002-Present)

Education

Continuing Education, National Council of Housing Market Analysts (2002-Present) Multifamily Accelerated Processing (MAP) Certificate, *HUD (May 2012)* BS Marketing, Clemson University, Clemson, South Carolina (2002)