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Crestview Manor Apartments

401 Dovetown Road 25-unit apartment complex Royston, Georgia

Date of Report: October 31, 2013

Prepared by

Crown Appraisal Group, Inc. 355 East Campus View Boulevard, Suite 150 Columbus, Ohio 43235 614-431-3332 (o), 614-431-3376 (f) Prepared for Mr. Bill Rea Rea Ventures Group, LLC 2964 Peachtree Road NW, Suite 640

Atlanta, Georgia 30305

PRIVILEGED AND CONFIDENTIAL

This document, and all of the statements, opinions, contents, and all attachments and addendums are privileged and confidential to the client (the addressee), and are not intended to be disclosed to or relied upon by any third party without the express written consent of the appraiser(s).



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October 31, 2013

Rea Ventures Group, LLC Attn: Bill Rea 2964 Peachtree Road NW, Suite 640 Atlanta, Georgia 30305

Re: Crestview Manor Apartments 401 Dovetown Road Royston, Georgia

Dear Bill Rea:

At your request, we have completed an inspection and analysis of the referenced property for the purpose of developing and reporting an opinion of value for the property. The specific real property interest, real estate, type of report, and type of value are detailed within the body of the accompanying report. The accompanying report has been prepared in conformance with the requirements established by the Appraisal Institute. The appraisal is in conformance with USPAP requirements. The liability of Crown Appraisal Group, Inc. and its employees is limited to the fee collected for the preparation of the appraisal report. There is no accountability or liability to any third party. Based on discussions with market participants, the marketing period and exposure period for the property is estimated at 12 months. The following summarizes the interest being appraised, types of values, effective dates of values, and value opinions.

Competitive Rent Comparable Unit Conclusions (CRCU)		
As-is CRCU Prospective (Renovated) CRCU	1 Bed, 1 Bath 2 475 525	Bed, 1 Bath 550 600
Value Opinions	Date of Value	<u>Value</u>
Value 1 - as-is, as conventional or unrestricted	August 1, 2013	\$900,000
Value 2 - as-is, subject to restricted rents	August 1, 2013	\$540,000
Value 3 - prospective, subject to restricted rents	February 1, 2015	\$1,110,000
Value 4 - prospective, as conventional or unrestricted	February 1, 2015	\$1,100,000
Value 5 - Land Value	August 1, 2013	\$22,500
Value 6 - Interest Credit Subsidy Value (Existing 515 Loan)	December 31, 2012	\$362,000
Value 7 - LIHTC Value	February 1, 2015	\$530,790
Value 8 - Insurable Value	February 1, 2015	\$1,105,575

Bill Rea October 31, 2013 Page Two

The opinion of value contained in the attached appraisal report is based upon the following extraordinary assumptions:

• The units and other improvements at the property that were viewed during the inspection (defined within the body of the report) are representative of all the units and other improvements at the property.

The opinion of value contained in the attached appraisal report is based upon the following hypothetical condition:

• Hypothetical conditions are stated within the Parameters of Assignment section of the report.

The opinion of value contained in the attached appraisal report is based upon the following assumptions and limiting conditions:

- The information furnished by others is believed to be reliable. No warranty is given for its accuracy, though.
- No responsibility is assumed for the legal description or for matters including legal or title considerations. Title to the property is assumed to be good and marketable unless otherwise stated.
- The property is appraised free and clear of any or all liens or encumbrances unless otherwise stated in the report.
- It is assumed that there is full compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local environmental regulations, laws, and license requirements unless otherwise stated in the report.
- The distribution, if any, of the total valuation in this report between land and improvements applies only under the stated program of utilization. The separate valuations for land and improvements must not be used in conjunction with any other appraisal and are invalid if so used.
- The value opinions, and the costs used, are as of the date of the value opinion.
- All engineering is assumed to be correct. The plot plans and other illustrative material in this report are included only to assist the reader in visualizing the property.
- The proposed improvements, if any, on or off-site, as well as any repairs required, are considered, for purposes
 of the appraisal, to be completed in a good and workmanlike manner according to information submitted
 and/or considered by the appraiser.
- Responsible ownership and competent property management are assumed.
- It is assumed that there are no hidden or unapparent conditions of the property, subsoil, or structures that make it more or less valuable. No responsibility is assumed for such conditions or for arranging for engineering or environmental studies that may be required to discover them.

- Unless otherwise stated in this report, the existence of hazardous material, which may or may not be present on or in the property, was not observed by the appraiser. The appraiser has no knowledge of the existence of such materials on or in the property. The appraiser, however, is not qualified to detect such substances. The presence of such substances may affect the value of the property. The value opinion is predicated on the assumption that there is no such material on or in the property that would cause a loss in value. No responsibility is assumed for any such conditions, or for any expertise or engineering knowledge required to discover them. The client is urged to retain an expert in this field, if desired.
- It is assumed that the utilization of the land and improvements is within the boundaries or property lines of the property described and that there is no encroachment or trespass unless noted in the report.
- All mechanical components are assumed to be in good, operable condition unless otherwise noted.
- The appraiser is not required to give further consultation, testimony, or be in attendance in court with reference to the property in question unless arrangements have been previously made.
- Our opinion of value does not consider the effect (if any) of possible noncompliance with the requirements of the ADA.
- This appraisal is to be used only in its entirety. Possession of the report or any copy does not carry with it the right of publication. The report may not be used for any purpose by any person or corporation other than the client or the party to whom it is addressed or copied without the written consent of the signing appraiser(s).
- Crown Appraisal Group, Inc. and its employees accept no responsibility for changes in market conditions or the inability of the client, intended user, or any other party to achieve desired outcomes.
- Projections or estimates of desired outcomes by the client, intended user, or any other party may be affected by future events. The client, intended user, or any other party using this report acknowledges and accepts that Crown Appraisal Group, Inc. and its employees have no liability arising from these events.
- This document, and all of the statements, opinions, contents, and all attachments and addendums are privileged and confidential to the client (the addressee), and are not intended to be disclosed to or relied upon by any third party without the express written consent of the appraiser(s).

ACCEPTANCE OF, AND/OR USE OF, THIS APPRAISAL REPORT CONSTITUTES ACCEPTANCE OF THE ABOVE CONDITIONS.

Bill Rea October 31, 2013 Page Four

The undersigned hereby certify that, except as otherwise noted in the report:

- the statements of fact contained in this report are true and correct.

- the reported analyses, opinions, and conclusions are limited only by the reported assumptions and limiting conditions, and are my personal, unbiased professional analyses, opinions, and conclusions.

 we have no present or prospective interest in the property that is the subject of this report, and we have no personal interest or bias with respect to the parties involved.

 our analyses, opinions, and conclusions were developed, and this report has been prepared, in conformity with the requirements of the Code of Professional Ethics and the Standards of Professional Practice of the Appraisal Institute.

 our analyses, opinions, and conclusions were developed, and this report has been prepared, in conformity with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice.

- our compensation is not contingent upon the reporting of a predetermined value or direction in value that favors the client, the amount of the value opinion, the attainment of the stipulated results, or the occurrence of a subsequent event.

- we have no bias with respect to the property that is the subject of this report or to the parties involved with this assignment.

- our engagement in this assignment was not contingent upon developing or reporting predetermined results.

- the analysis was not based on a requested minimum valuation or specific valuation or the approval of a loan.

- the use of this report is subject to the requirements of the Appraisal Institute of relating to review by its duly authorized representatives.

- as of the date of this report, Andrew Moye has completed the requirements of the continuing education program of the Appraisal Institute.

- Andrew Moye has not made a personal inspection of the property that is the subject of this report.

- Kim Garner and Hanna Phillips have provided significant professional assistance to the person signing the report.

- compliance with the USPAP competency rule has been achieved.

The attached appraisal report contains the results of the investigation and opinion of value. We appreciate this opportunity to serve you and your firm. Should you or anyone authorized to use this report have any questions, contact us at your convenience.

Sincerely,

CROWN APPRAISAL GROUP

Andrew J. Moye, MAI

Principal

AJM/kkg Enclosure

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Addendum

Subject Data Professional Qualifications

Executive Summary

Subject Real Estate Identification: The subject is known as Crestview Manor Apartments and has an address of 401 Dovetown Road in Royston, Georgia. The complex operates as a Class C, subsidized income, age restricted (62+) property. Crestview Manor Apartments is located on the east side of Dovetown Road, about ½ mile south of US 29 (Franklin Springs Street) and about one mile southwest of downtown Royston. The property is in Franklin County. Royston is located in the southeast portion of Franklin County.

The subject improvements include a 25-unit apartment complex (housed in 4 single-story buildings). The property includes one and two bedroom units. The improvements were built in 1990. The property is in average physical and functional condition. The 24 units total 15,600 sf. The property is currently 100% occupied. The subject site is 3.000 acres.

Existing Use of Real Estate: Apartment Complex

Highest and Best Use: Intensive Residential (current use)

Zoning: AI: Agriculture and Intensive

Pertinent dates:

As-is date of valuation: see chart Prospective date of valuation: see chart

Date of inspection: September 11, 2013
Date of report: October 31, 2013

Type of report: Self-contained Values, interests appraised: see next page

Conclusions:

	<u>1 Bed, 1 Bath</u> 2	
As-is CRCU	475	550
Prospective (Renovated) CRCU	525	600
Value Opinions	Date of Value	<u>Value</u>
Value 1 - as-is, as conventional or unrestricted	August 1, 2013	\$900,000
Value 2 - as-is, subject to restricted rents	August 1, 2013	\$540,000
Value 3 - prospective, subject to restricted rents	February 1, 2015	\$1,110,000
Value 4 - prospective, as conventional or unrestricted	February 1, 2015	\$1,100,000
Value 5 - Land Value	August 1, 2013	\$22,500
Value 6 - Interest Credit Subsidy Value (Existing 515 Loan)	December 31, 2012	\$362,000
Value 7 - LIHTC Value	February 1, 2015	\$530,790
Value 8 - Insurable Value	February 1, 2015	\$1,105,575

Parameters of Assignment

Purpose, Intended Use

The purpose of this assignment is to arrive at an opinion of the market value of the property known as Crestview Manor Apartments. A number of value opinions of a number of interests are provided. The value opinions, applicable notes (including discussion about the use of a hypothetical condition), and intended use, are detailed below:

Value Opinion 1	Market value within 7 CFR Part 3560.752(b)(1)(ii), Premised Upon A Hypothetical Condition As-If Unsubsidized Conventional Housing in compliance with 7 CFR Part 3560.656(c)(1)(i).
	Note - using the hypothetical condition "as unsubsidized conventional housing" according to 7 CFR Part 3560.656(c)(1)(i) means that when the appraiser develops their highest and best use analysis they will not recognize any Rural Development restrictions or subsidies and must only consider the property as continued use as housing.
	The intended use of this appraised value is to determine the value of the property that qualifies for an Incentive Offer within 7 CFR Part 3560.656 for sale/purchase and to determine the amount and availability of any equity.
	For ease of communication throughout the report, every effort is made to identify this value either by the complete definition or "Value Opinion 1, market, unrestricted".
Value Opinion 2	Market Value, within 7 CFR Part 3560.752(b)(1)(ii).
	Note – this value opinion must consider all existing restrictions and prohibitions including Restrictive-Use Provisions (RUPs).
	The intended use of this appraised value is to determine the value of the property for sale/purchase and to determine the amount and availability of any equity.
	For ease of communication throughout the report, every effort is made to identify this value either by the complete definition or "Value Opinion 2, market, restricted".
Value Opinion 3	Prospective Market Value, Subject To Restricted Rents within 7 CFR Part 3560.752(b)(1)(i).
	Note – this value opinion must consider any rent limits, rent subsidies, expense abatements, and restrict-use conditions that will affect the property. All intangible assets must be evaluated individually and separately from real estate.
	The intended use of this appraised value for a new or subsequent loan is to assist the underwriter with calculating the security value for the basis of a loan or loan guarantee.
	For ease of communication throughout the report, every effort is made to identify this value either by the complete definition or "Value Opinion 3, prospective, restricted".
Value Opinion 4	Prospective Market Value within 7 CFR Part 3560.752(b)(1)(ii), Premised Upon A Hypothetical Condition As-If-Conventional Housing.
	Note – this value opinion is based upon a highest and best use analysis as-if not encumbered by USDA program provisions.

Parameters of Assignment

	The intended use of this appraised value is for reasonable analysis and comparison as to how the USDA restrictions affect the property. It should not be used as the basis of a loan or loan guarantee. For ease of communication throughout the report, every effort is made to identify this value either by the complete definition or "Value Opinion 4, prospective, unrestricted".
Value Opinion 5	Market value of underlying land.
Value Opinion 6	Value of the interest credit subsidy from assumed 515 loan.
Value Opinion 7	Market value of LIHTC (tax credits).
Value Opinion 8	Insurable Value.

Definitions

Market Value, incorporated in Value Opinions 1, 2, 5, 6, 7

The 4th Edition of <u>The Dictionary of Real Estate Appraisal</u> includes several definitions for *market value*. The following definition from the dictionary is used by the federal agencies that regulate insured financial institutions in the United States.

"Market value: the most probable price which a property should bring in a competitive and open market under all conditions requisite to a fair sale, the buyer and seller each acting prudently and knowledgeably, and assuming the price is not affected by undue stimulus. Implicit in this definition is the consummation of a sale as of a specified date and the passing of title from seller to buyer under conditions whereby:

- Buyer and seller are typically motivated;
- Both parties are well informed or well advised, and acting in what they consider their best interests;
- A reasonable time is allowed for exposure in the open market;
- Payment is made in terms of cash in U.S. dollars or in terms of financial arrangements comparable thereto; and
- The price represents the normal consideration for the property sold unaffected by special or creative financing or sales concessions granted by anyone associated with the sale.

Comments from HB-1-3560

Most appraisers and users of Agency Multi-Family Housing appraisals understand the definition of *market value* to mean the value as a conventional or unrestricted or market property. However, to avoid confusion when requesting or reporting this value type, the term "as conventional or unrestricted" should be added to the term *market value* (i.e. "market value, as conventional or unrestricted").

Market Value, subject to restricted rents – incorporated in Value Opinions 2 (possible), 3

A definition of market value, subject to restricted rents, as the term is used by RHS, derived from the definition of market value above, is stated as follows. Market value, subject to restricted rents: the most probable price which a property should bring in a competitive and open market under all conditions requisite to a fair sale, the buyer and seller each acting prudently and knowledgeably, and assuming the price is not affected by undue stimulus. Implicit in this

definition is the consummation of a sale as of a specified date and the passing of title from seller to buyer under conditions whereby:

- Buyer and seller are typically motivated;
- Both parties are well informed or well advised, and acting in what they consider their best interests;
- A reasonable time is allowed for exposure in the open market;
- Payment is made in terms of cash in U.S. dollars or in terms of financial arrangements comparable thereto; and
- The price represents the normal consideration for the property sold unaffected by special or creative financing or sales concessions granted by anyone associated with the sale.

Comments from HB-1-3560

It considers any rent limits, rent subsidies, expense abatements, or restrictive-use conditions imposed by any government or non-government financing sources but does not consider any favorable financing involved in the development of the property.

Market value, subject to restricted rents, refers only to the value of the subject real estate, as restricted, and excludes the value of any favorable financing. The market value, subject to restricted rents, is based on a pro forma that projects income, vacancy, operating expenses, and reserves for the property under a restricted (subsidized) scenario. This restricted pro forma includes the scheduled restricted rents, a vacancy and collection loss factor that reflects any rental assistance (RA) or Section 8, and operating expenses and reserves projected for the subject as a subsidized property. Subsidized apartments typically experience higher management, auditing, and bookkeeping expenses, relative to similar conventional apartments, but often have lower real estate tax expenses.

Real Property Interest Valued, Value Opinions 1, 2 (possible), 4

fee simple estate, subject to short term leases.

The 4th Edition of the Dictionary of Real Estate Appraisal defines fee simple estate as "absolute ownership unencumbered by any other interest or estate, subject only to the limitations imposed by the governmental powers of taxation, eminent domain, police power, and escheat."

Real Property Interest Valued, Value Opinions 2 (possible), 3

fee simple estate, as restricted, subject to short-term leases.

The 4th Edition of the Dictionary of Real Estate Appraisal defines fee simple estate as "absolute ownership unencumbered by any other interest or estate, subject only to the limitations imposed by the governmental powers of taxation, eminent domain, police power, and escheat."

Prospective Value, Value Opinions 3, 4, 8

The term *prospective value* is defined by the 4th Edition of The Dictionary of Real Estate Appraisal as follows. "Prospective value: a forecast of the value expected at a specified future date. A prospective value opinion is most frequently sought in connection with real estate projects that are proposed, under construction, or under conversion to a new use, or those that have not achieved sellout or a stabilized level of long-term occupancy at the time the appraisal report is written."

Comments from HB-1-3560

As used in Agency regulations and instructions, the term "as-improved value" refers to the value of real property after completion of proposed improvements. The Agency's intended meaning of "as-improved value" is the same as the definition of *prospective value*. However, use of the term "as-improved value" can cause confusion for two reasons, as follows. 1) The term "as improved", as used in a Highest and Best Use analysis, refers to the subject real estate as it has already been improved at the time of the appraisal, not as it is proposed to be improved. Therefore, "as-improved value" could be interpreted to refer to the value of the subject property as it has already been improved at the time of the appraisal. 2) There is a common misconception with the use of the term "as-improved value" that this is a value based on a hypothetical condition; that is, the value of the property as if it were improved, as proposed, as of the date of inspection. Since this scenario is impossible, an "as-improved value", as of appraisal date (inspection date), is not useful. The term *prospective value* is better understood than the terms as-improved value" and "as-complete value" by appraisers and users of appraisals and has replaced these terms in appraisal literature and common usage. Therefore, the term prospective value should be used when requesting or reporting a forecasted value, and the associated date of value should be the projected date of completion of construction.

"As-Is" Value

The 4th Edition of the Dictionary of Real Estate Appraisal defines value as is as follows. "Value as is: the value of specific ownership rights to an identified parcel of real estate as of the effective date of the appraisal; relates to what physically exists and is legally permissible and excludes all assumptions concerning hypothetical market conditions or possible rezoning."

Comments from HB-1-3560

The term "As-Is" should precede the term market value, subject to restricted rents, when the market value, subject to restricted rents, of the project at the time of the appraisal is required.

Insurable Value, Value Opinion 8

A definition of insurable value acceptable for use in Agency Multi-Family Housing appraisals is as follows: Insurable value: the value of the destructible portions of a property which determines the amount of insurance that may, or should, be carried to indemnify the insured in the event of loss. The estimate is based on replacement cost new of the physical improvements that are subject to loss from hazards, plus allowances for debris removal or demolition. It should reflect only direct (hard) construction costs, such as construction labor and materials, repair design, engineering, permit fees, and contractor's profit, contingency, and overhead. It should not include indirect (soft) costs, such as administrative costs, professional fees, and financing costs.

The term "insurable cost" is sometimes used instead of the term *insurable value* because it is based strictly on a cost estimate, not a value concluded in an appraisal. However, the term *insurable value* is more commonly used. Attachment 7-I, *Insurable Value Calculation*, is a worksheet that should be used as a guide by State Appraisers and fee appraisers contracted by the Agency in calculating *insurable value*.

Extraordinary Assumption:

An assumption, directly related to a specific assignment, which, if found to be false, could alter the appraiser's opinions or conclusion.

Source: <u>Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP)</u>

For those reports that incorporate an extraordinary assumption, USPAP requires that the appraiser provide notice to the user of the report that the use of the extraordinary assumption might affect the assignment results. The appraiser(s) is not required to report on the impact of the extraordinary assumption on assignment results.

The following extraordinary assumptions are incorporated:

• The units and other improvements at the property that were viewed during the inspection (defined within the body of the report) are representative of all the units and other improvements at the property.

Hypothetical Condition:

That which is contrary to what exists but is supposed for the purpose of analysis.

Source: Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP)

For those reports that incorporate a hypothetical condition, USPAP requires that the appraiser provide notice to the user of the report that the use of the hypothetical condition might affect the assignment results. The appraiser(s) is not required to report on the impact of the hypothetical condition on assignment results.

Applicable hypothetical conditions have been identified in the prior section.

Intended Use, User

The intended use for most of the values developed and reported has been shown in the prior section. For those values that do not have an intended use, the use is to assist the client in their understanding and analysis of the property. Unless otherwise identified within this report, the intended use of the report has not been more fully described to the appraiser(s). The client, or intended user, for whom the report is prepared is identified in the letter of transmittal, Bill Rea of Rea Ventures Group, LLC. The only other known intended users are representatives from USDA, Georgia Department of Community Affairs, and Mr. Rex Tilley at Churchill Stateside Group, LLC and/or its Assigns. Unless otherwise identified within this report, no other intended users have been identified to the appraiser(s).

The Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP) have a number of rules, comments, advisory opinions, and frequently asked questions relating to control or use of reports. The signatory(ies) of this report is/are bound by USPAP. Therefore, as noted in the letter of transmittal, no party other than the intended user may use this report without receiving written consent from the signing appraiser(s). Further, no part of the report shall be published or made available to the general public, nor shall any part of the report be published or made available for public or private offering memorandum or prospectus, without the written consent of the signing appraiser(s) of this report.

Scope

The scope of services was focused on reviewing issues considered relevant and appropriate by the appraisers based on their knowledge of the subject's real estate market. The appraisers believe that the scope was sufficient to arrive at an accurate value opinion. A summary of the scope of work is presented below. Additional explanatory comments regarding the scope undertaken can be found throughout the report. The scope included the following:

- Review and analysis of the subject market area, economic and demographic issues.
- Review of existing and planned comparable and/or competitive properties located within the subject area.
- Analysis of economic, demographic and development factors within the subject market area.
- Physical inspection of the real estate; specifically, observation of the above ground attributes of the site was made, observation of representative exterior facades of building(s) on site was made, observation of representative property amenities on site was made, and interior viewing of a sufficient number of representative living units within the building(s) was made in a manner considered sufficient to comprehend and analyze the physical and functional adequacy and appropriateness of the real estate in light of market conditions as of the date of valuation.
- Evaluation of the highest and best use of the property.
- Consideration of all applicable and appropriate valuation approaches.
- Reconciliation of the above opinions to a point value opinion.

Note that:

- Crown Appraisal Group, Inc. employees are not engineers and are not competent to judge matters of an engineering nature.
- Inspection of 100% of the units or other improvements at the property was not made.

Pertinent Dates

The as-is and prospective dates of valuation are noted in the charts on the first page of the letter of transmittal and the Executive Summary Page. The most recent inspection of the property was on September 11, 2013. It is noted that the term *inspection* is not intended to convey a complete, exhaustive examination of the real estate. Such an inspection is best suited for an engineer, architect, or building inspector formally educated and trained in such matters. Rather, the term denotes that the individual viewing the real estate was at the property on the date and observed the general condition and quality of the real estate at that time. The date of report--the date the report was written—is October 31, 2013.

Events subsequent to these dates may have an impact on the opinions developed through the course of the assignment, and on the opinions contained within this report. All such subsequent events are beyond the control of the appraiser(s), and any consequences thereof are beyond the scope of this assignment.

Comments Regarding Appraisal

A number of comments regarding the subject and appraisal assignment are discussed below:

• **Property.** The subject is known as Crestview Manor Apartments and has an address of 401 Dovetown Road in Royston, Georgia. The property is a 25-unit apartment complex. The property includes one and two bedroom units. The complex operates as a Class C, subsidized income, age restricted (62+) property. The improvements were built in 1990. Overall, the property is in average physical and functional condition.

The unit size is based on the best information provided. Crown was given floor plans, square foot summary pages, and building plans. The information was generally consistent, but not identical.

Tenancy at the subject property is restricted to households with incomes of less than the area median household income. The units at the subject have long maintained a high level of occupancy. Demand for subsidized rental units is high locally.

Historical operating information for the subject was available for 2009, 2010, 2011, and 2012. In general the information provided indicated that the property is being run in an efficient manner. Historical information will be used when developing expenses and for valuation purposes, while market data will be used as support.

- Near Term. The property is part of a portfolio of apartment properties in Georgia that are to transfer ownership in the near term. There is a letter of intent on the subject property, proposing an option to purchase. The letter of intent was requested but not provided. The transfer is assumed to be between related parties and not one that is considered to be arms-length. The purchase price amount given to the appraisers is \$714,581. As the transfer is not arms-length no credence is given to this purchase price when determining the said values of the subject property. Subsequent to the sale, ownership plans to renovate the subject with funding from a combination of mortgage monies, sale proceeds of Section 42 Low Income Housing Tax Credits, and equity. Following the acquisition the existing Section 515 loan will remain at the property. (The loan is expected to be restated under new rates and terms.) Renovations will be extensive and will include interior unit renovation as well as exterior unit renovation. Among the items that will be replaced and/or renovated (depending upon the condition of the individual components) are air conditioning units, windows, roofs, plumbing and electric, parking areas, and kitchens and bathrooms. Furthermore, all Section 504 accessibility issues will be addressed and corrected as appropriate.
- **Property Location.** The property is located on the east side of Dovetown Road, about ½ mile south of US 29 (Franklin Springs Street) and about one mile southwest of downtown Royston. The property is in Franklin County. Royston is located in the southeast portion of Franklin County. Royston is a relatively small Georgia town. There are few truly comparable properties in the area. The location of the subject is considered to be a good one for the property type.
- Competency of the Appraisers. We have performed numerous appraisals on properties such as the subject. Files are maintained with historic and current market data relative to the subject. Competency has been established in both the property type and market through work experience or research of market trends. Therefore, we possess the requisite knowledge and experience to perform the appraisal assignment.

Apartment Housing

There is a continual change in the definition and implications of various apartment types. A number of the more prevalent apartment classifications include *luxury*, *Class A*, *Class B*, *conventional*, *LIHTC*, *HUD*, and *affordable*. With respect to the senior market, there are classifications such as *independent* or *assisted*. Some terms have specific definitions, while some can be used interchangeably (upscale or luxury, etc.). In some cases, the terms are meant to suggest a specific resident profile or income level (LIHTC or affordable are examples). To minimize confusion, the following definitions and comments are presented:

Luxury, Class A, Class B, Class C -

The type of property is designated by the year of construction and the amenities (unit and project). A luxury complex will have more amenities than a Class A property, while a Class A property has more amenities than Class B. A Class C property typically possesses few amenities. An *upscale* property could be either a luxury or a Class A property. A Class B property could be new. A Class B property does not possess all the amenities of a Class A or luxury property.

Market rate, LIHTC, HUD -

Refers to the rent limits, or rent payment structure. A market rate property has no rent constraints (other than the market) while a LIHTC (Low-Income Housing Tax Credit) property is (or could be) constrained by income levels as well as the market. A market rate property is also known as a *conventional* property. Low-income, subsidized, or affordable (such as HUD Section 8 and/or Section 236) are designations used to denote subsidy programs other than the LIHTC program, and refer to the entity (or entities) that make the rent payment to the property owner.

Independent, assisted -

Refers to the level of service offered, particularly with respect to the senior housing/care market. An independent complex has few, if any, services (such as meals, housekeeping). An assisted living facility offers more ADL (Activities of Daily Living) services. This classification also has implications as to the typical design of apartment units within a complex — an independent complex generally has apartments with full kitchens and exterior entries, while the units at an assisted living complex typically have a small kitchenette, many common areas, and interior enclosed hallways.

Elderly Only (Age Restricted) -

Refers to the minimum age of at least one of the residents of a unit. Depending upon the specific nature of a given program, the typical minimum age limit is within the 55 to 65 range.

Based on the above, the complex operates as a Class C, subsidized income, age restricted (62+) property.

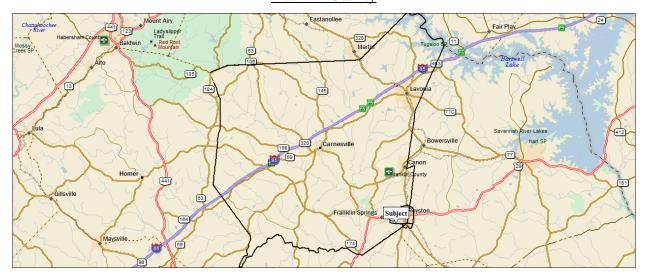
City Overview

Royston is located in Franklin, Hart, and Madison counties. The subject is located in the south eastern part Franklin County in the north eastern portion of Georgia. The city of Royston, which has 733 square miles, is located about 27 miles northeast of Athens, GA, and 30 miles southwest of Anderson, SC, and 120 miles east of Rome, GA. The maps and aerial below locate the property relative to other cities in Georgia.

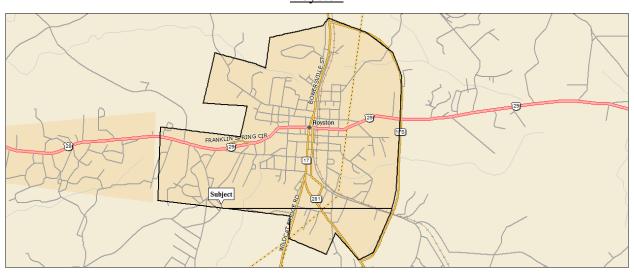
State of Georgia



Franklin County



Royston



Physical Boundaries

Royston is bordered by State Route 17 to the north and east, Spring Street to the south, and Dawkins Road to the west.

Road Infrastructure

There are several roadways which service Royston, including US 29, SR 17, and SR 281. US 29 is an east-west route which travels through downtown Royston. To the northeast, US 29 connects the subject's area with the South Carolina border (± 18 miles). To the southwest, US 29 connects the subject with Athens. SR 17 is a north-south roadway which also travels through downtown Royston. It connects the subject with I-85 to the north (± 12 miles) and Hart County to the south ($\pm \frac{1}{2}$ mile). SR 281 has a northern terminus in downtown Royston. It is a north-south route which has a southern terminus at US 29 in Danielsville (± 9 miles).

Population

The Royston population according to the 2000 census was 2,364. In 2010, the population was 2,514 (increase of about 6%). The 2013 population estimation is 2,456 (population decrease of about 2% from 2010). The population is expected to increase by about 2% in 2018 to 2,402.

History

During the mid-nineteenth century, W. Asbury Royston settled in the area. Mr. Royston originally purchased the area that is currently the business district of Royston from Robert Berryman. Mr. Royston built his home and store on this property. Eventually, the Franklin Springs Post Office was moved into his store. It was renamed "Royston Post Office". Shortly thereafter, in 1879, the town of Royston was incorporated. Baseball Hall of Famer Ty "The Georgia Peach" Cobb was born in nearby unincorporated Narrows and played baseball for several years with the Royston Rompers and Royston Reds.

Land Uses and Development

Land uses and development in the immediate area consist of single-family residential properties, multi-family properties, retail properties, office properties, and institutional uses (churches, schools, parkland). The aerial photo below depicts the general location of the area and the surrounding development.



Residential development is the most prominent user in the subject's immediate area. Single family development is scattered along US 29 (Franklin Springs Street) and the secondary roadways which intersect it. Immediately south of the subject are duplexes (±22 units). Along Turner Street, just northeast of the subject, are Cobb Center (±24 units), The Gables at Cobb Village (±48 units), and Turner Apartments (subsidized; ±18 units). Brown Memorial Convalescent Center (±144 beds) is located in the southeast quadrant of Dovetown Road and Cook Street.

Retail development is primarily located along Franklin Springs Street, about ½ mile north of the subject. In the southeast quadrant of Franklin Springs Street and Williams Street is a ±75,000 sf shopping center anchored by Dill's Food City. Other tenants include Tri-County Sports, Family Dollar, El Manzanillo, and other local tenants. Just west of this center are Tri-County Chevrolet, Rite Aid, Wendy's, a ±20,000 sf Fred's, and Marathon gas station. In the southwest quadrant of Franklin Springs and Smith Street is Tri-County Plaza (±75,000 sf). Tri-County Plaza is anchored by Bi-Lo and is also tenanted by Snap Fitness, Show Show, LC Nails, Edward Jones, and local users. It has Burger King, Frit's, and Cotton States Insurance outparcels. Also just north of the Tri-County Plaza is a ±15,000 sf strip center tenanted by local users.

In the northwest quadrant of Franklin Springs Street and Dawkins Road are Franklin Inn (± 20 rooms), The Roystonian Restaurant, and Peerless Laundry & Dry Cleaning. Freestanding users along the north side of Franklin Springs include Ace Hardware, Advance Auto Parts, Pizza Hut, Subway, and a State Farm Insurance office.

Royston's downtown historic district consists of one to two-story buildings with street level retail and office or storage space above that is typically occupied by local users or is vacant. It is located about ¾ mile northeast of the subject, at the intersection of US 29 (Franklin Springs Street) and SR 17 (Church Street). Retail tenants in downtown Royston consist of Brad's Screen Printing, Barbara J. Dickenson Royal Peanuts, Re/Max, Royston Gas, Southern Power, and other local users.

There are several medical office users located about ¼ mile north of the subject, near the Cobb Memorial Hospital. Ridgeway Center (±30,000 sf) is located in the southwest quadrant of Cook Street and Dovetown Road. Royston Medical Plaza and Diagnostic Center (±20,000 sf) is located about ¼ mile west of the hospital, on the north side of Franklin Springs Street. Other facilities are scattered along Cook Road and Dovetown Road.

There are several institutional users in the subject's immediate area. Ty Cobb Medical Center and the Cobb Memorial Hospital (±71 beds) are located in the southeast quadrant of Franklin Springs Street and Dovetown Road. Schools in the subject's immediate area are typically located just north of downtown Royston. These include Royston Elementary School, Royston First United Methodist Church Preschool, and Bright Promises Children's Center. Emmanuel College is located about 1½ miles west of the subject. Churches are scattered and also typically closer to downtown Royston. Churches include Mill Shoal Baptist Church, Royston Grove Baptist Church, Royston Baptist Church, Royston First United Methodist Church, New Mt. Zion Church of God, and Daniel Tabernacle Church.

<u>Immediate (Adjacent) Land Uses</u>

North: To the north are single family residential and Cobb Place (subsidized; ±48 units).

South: To the south are duplexes (± 22 units) and agricultural land.

East: To the east is agricultural and undeveloped land. Further east is a water treatment plant.

West: To the west, across Dovetown Road, is agricultural land.

Market Area Demographic Profile

The chart below shows demographic data for the subject market for a number of identified areas. The map depicts the areas covered.



	Roys	ston		Radius from subject						Franklin County	
	City	CAG	1 Mile	CAG	3 Mile	CAG	5 Mile	CAG	County	CAG	
Population	_										
2000	2,364		321		3,866		7,935		20,264		
2010	2,514	0.6%	322	0.0%	3,978	0.3%	8,286	0.4%	22,084	0.9%	
2013 est.	2,456	-0.8%	315	-0.7%	3,877	-0.9%	8,070	-0.9%	21,589	-0.8%	
2018 proj.	2,402	-0.4%	308	-0.4%	3,778	-0.5%	7,857	-0.5%	21,180	-0.4%	
Median Age	36.80		35.20		38.20		39.90		41.00		
Average Age	39.70		40.70		40.60		40.60		40.60		
Households											
2000	886		109		1,406		3,004		7,880		
2010	967	0.9%	115	0.5%	1,496	0.6%	3,216	0.7%	8,540	0.8%	
2013 est.	938	-1.0%	112	-0.9%	1,451	-1.0%	3,119	-1.0%	8,333	-0.8%	
2018 proj	910	-0.6%	109	-0.5%	1,408	-0.6%	3,022	-0.6%	8,158	-0.4%	
Average Household Size											
2000	2.67		2.94		2.75		2.64		2.57		
2010	2.60	-0.3%	2.80	-0.5%	2.66	-0.3%	2.58	-0.2%	2.59	0.1%	
2013 est.	2.62	0.2%	2.81	0.1%	2.67	0.2%	2.59	0.1%	2.59	0.1%	
2018 proj	2.64	0.2%	2.83	0.1%	2.68	0.1%	2.60	0.1%	2.60	0.0%	
Owner Occupied (est.)	549	58.53%	61	54.46%	918	63.27%	2,124	68.10%	6,071	72.85%	
Renter Occupied (est.)	389	41.47%	51	45.54%	533	36.73%	995	31.90%	2,262	27.15%	
Est. Household Income											
\$0-\$14,999	28.04%		26.79%		25.98%		25.52%		23.00%		
\$15,000-\$24,999	13.86%		15.18%		13.85%		13.08%		13.20%		
\$25,000-\$34,999	10.13%		7.14%		9.65%		11.03%		12.74%		
\$35,000-\$49,999	18.12%		17.86%		17.16%		16.86%		15.62%		
\$50,000-74,999	12.90%		13.39%		13.99%		14.08%		16.31%		
\$75,000-\$99,000	8.74%		8.04%		8.75%		8.98%		10.01%		
\$100,000 +	8.22%		9.82%		10.69%		10.41%		9.11%		
	100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		
Average Household Income (est.)	\$42,348		\$46,128		\$47,093		\$47,487		\$47,036		
Median Household Income (est.)	\$33,000		\$35,702		\$35,465		\$35,325		\$36,008		

Supply Side Analysis - Competitive Properties Survey

A search for market rate properties in Royston uncovered no properties. Due to the scarcity of market rate complexes in the subject's immediate area, the geographical area was expanded to Hartwell to the northeast, Commerce to the west, and Athens to the southwest. Conventional complexes within the expanded area had a total of about 500 units.

A survey of nearby multi-family complexes is detailed on the following pages. The map below shows the locations of the rent comparables and the subject.



General Data

Property Name:	Cambridge Apartments
Property Address:	360 Picadilly Square
City:	Athens
County:	Clarke
MSA:	Athens-Clarke County
State:	GA
Zip:	30605
Typical Tenancy:	Non-Age Restricted
Rent Type:	Market



Property Data

		Bedroom	s <u>Baths</u>	Type	Size (rsf)	Units	Rent	Rent/rsf
Year Built:	1977	1	1.0	Garden	713	100	\$570	\$0.80
Size (Number of Units):	180	2	2.0	Garden	1,025	64	\$659	\$0.64
Rentable Size (rsf):	155,250	3	2.0	Garden	1,150	16	\$800	\$0.70
Occ. At Time Of Survey:	98.0%							
Floors:	2							
Property Class:	C							
Exterior:	Combination							

Landlord Paid Utilities

N Cable N Electric	N Sewer
N Electric	Y Trash
N Gas	N Water

Tenant Paid Utilities

Y Cable Y Electric	Y Sewer
Y Electric	N Trash
Y Gas	Y Water

Unit Amenities

Y	Refrigerator	Ν	Fireplace
Y	Range	Y	Balcony/Patio
N	Microwave	N	Att. Garage
1	Dishwasher		Carport
Y	Garbage Disposal	N	Basement
Y.	Air Conditioning	Y	Ceiling Fans
N	Washer/Dryer	N	Vaulted Ceilings
Y	W/D Hookups	N	Security System

Complex Amenities

Y Pool	Y Laundry
Y Clubhouse	N Det. Garages
Y Tennis	N Cov. Storage
N Jacuzzi	N Open Storage
Y Fit. Center	N Car Wash
N Lake	N Elevators
N Gated	N Playground
Y Bus. Center	N Racquetball

Other Comments

Cambridge Apartments are located along Picadilly Square, about one mile southwest of US 78 (Lexington Road). This location is ± 2 miles southeast of the US 78/US 129 interchange and ± 3 miles southeast of the Athens CBD. The property is in Clarke County in the Athens-Clarke County MSA.

General Data

Property Name:	Arbor Creek
Property Address:	155 International Drive
City:	Athens
County:	Clarke
MSA:	Athens-Clarke County
State:	GA
Zip:	30605
Typical Tenancy:	Non-Age Restricted
Rent Type:	Market



Property Data

1 0								
		Bedrooms	Baths	Type	Size (rsf)	Units	Rent	Rent/rsf
Year Built:	1997-2000	1	1.0	Garden	475	32	\$520	\$1.09
Size (Number of Units):	128	2	2.0	Garden	1,100	9	\$685	\$0.62
Rentable Size (rsf):	120,800	2	2.5	Townhouse	1,100	87	\$685	\$0.62
Occ. At Time Of Survey:	100.0%							
Floors:	2-3							
Property Class:	C							
Exterior:	Siding							

Landlord Paid Utilities

N Cable	N Sewer
N Cable N Electric N Gas	Y Trash
N Gas	N Water

Tenant Paid Utilities

Y Cable	Y Sewer
Y Cable Y Electric Y Gas	N Trash
Y Gas	Y Water

Unit Amenities

Y	Refrigerator	N	Fireplace
Y	Range	Y	Balcony/Patio
N	Microwave	N	Att. Garage
Y	Dishwasher	N	Carport
N	Garbage Disposal	N	Basement
Y	Air Conditioning	Y	Ceiling Fans
Y	Washer/Dryer	N	Vaulted Ceiling
Y	W/D Hookups	N	Security System

Complex Amenities

1	
Y Pool	N Laundry
N Clubhouse	N Det. Garages
N Tennis	N Cov. Storage
N Jacuzzi	N Open Storage
N Fit. Center	N Car Wash
N Lake	N Elevators
N Gated	N Playground
Y Bus. Center	N Racquetball

Other Comments

Arbor Creek is located along International Drive, about one mile east of US 78/SR 129/SR 441 (Athens Perimeter) and about 3 miles southeast of downtown Athens. This property is in Clarke County in the Athens-Clarke MSA. The property includes a mix of 2 and 3 story buildings. Phase II was built in 2000.

General Data

Property Name:	Cross Creek Apartments
Property Address:	Creekside Drive
City:	Commerce
County:	Jackson
MSA:	Other
State:	GA
Zip:	30549
Typical Tenancy:	Non-Age Restricted
Rent Type:	Market



Property Data

1 roperty Data								
		<u>Bedrooms</u>	Baths	Type	Size (rsf)	Units	Rent	Rent/rsf
Year Built:	1995	2	1.0	Garden	860	12	\$525	\$0.61
Size (Number of Units):	20	2	1.5	Townhouse	1,020	8	\$550	\$0.54
Rentable Size (rsf):	18,480							
Gross Size (gsf):	18,960							
Site Size (acres):	4.780							
Density (units/acre):	4.2							
Occ. At Time Of Survey:	100.0%							
Floors:	2							
Property Class:								
Exterior:	Siding							
i								

Landlord Paid Utilities

N Cable N Electric N Gas	N Sewer	
N Electric	N Trash	
N Gas	N Water	

Tenant Paid Utilities

Y Cable	Y Sewer
Y Electric	Y Trash
Y Gas	Y Water

Unit Amenities

Y	Refrigerator	Ν	Fireplace
Y	Range	Y	Balcony/Patio
N	Microwave	N	Att. Garage
Y	Dishwasher	N	Carport
N	Garbage Disposal	N	Basement
Y	Air Conditioning	Y	Ceiling Fans
N	Washer/Dryer	Ν	Vaulted Ceiling
Y	W/D Hookups	Ν	Security System

Complex Amenities

1	
N Pool	N Laundry
N Clubhouse	N Det. Garages
N Tennis	N Cov. Storage
N Jacuzzi	N Open Storage
N Fit. Center	N Car Wash
N Lake	N Elevators
N Gated	N Playground
N Bus. Center	N Racquetball

Other Comments

Cross Creek Apartments are located on the west side of Hospital Road, about one mile northwest of downtown Commerce and about 2 miles southeast of the I-85/SR 98 (Maysville Road) interchange. At the time of survey, there were two households on the waiting list.

General Data

Property Name:	Heritage Crossing
Property Address:	1000 Crossing Place
City:	Commerce
County:	Jackson
MSA:	Other
State:	GA
Zip:	30529
Typical Tenancy:	Non-Age Restricted
Rent Type:	Market



Property Data

		Bedroom	ns Baths	Type	Size (rsf)	Rent	Rent/rsf
Year Built:	2002	1	1.0	Garden	975	\$660	\$0.68
Size (Number of Units):	120	2	2.0	Garden	1,115	\$770	\$0.69
Rentable Size (rsf):	144,400	3	2.0	Garden	1,350	\$840	\$0.62
Occ. At Time Of Survey:	95.0%						
Floors:	3						
Property Class:	В						
Exterior:	Combination						

Landlord Paid Utilities

N Cable	
N Electric	Y Trash
N Gas	Y Water

Tenant Paid Utilities

Y Cable	N Sewer
Y Electric	N Trash
Y Gas	N Water

Unit Amenities

Y	Refrigerator	N	Fireplace
	Range	Y	Balcony/Patio
N	Microwave	N	Att. Garage
Y	Dishwasher	N	Carport
Y	Garbage Disposal	N	Basement
Y	Air Conditioning	N	Ceiling Fans
N	Washer/Dryer	N	Vaulted Ceilings
Y	W/D Hookups	Ν	Security System

Complex Amenities

Y Pool	Y Laundry
Y Clubhouse	N Det. Garages
N Tennis	Y Cov. Storage
N Jacuzzi	N Open Storage
Y Fit. Center	N Car Wash
N Lake	N Elevators
Y Gated	Y Playground
Y Bus. Center	N Racquetball

Other Comments

Heritage Crossing is located along Crossing Place about 20 miles northwest of downtown Athens. This property is in Jackson County (which is not part of a major metropolitan statistical area). There are 24 market rate units. The remainder fall under AMHI guidelines at 60% and 50%. The rents shown are market rents. Additional amenities include a picnic area.

General Data

Property Name:	Juniper Court
Property Address:	283 Nancy Drive
City:	Hartwell
County:	Hart
MSA:	Other
State:	GA
Zip:	30643
Typical Tenancy:	Non-Age Restricted
Rent Type:	Other



Property Data

		Bedroom	s Baths	Type	Size (rsf)	Units	Rent	Rent/rsf
Year Built:	2009	1	1.0	Garden	853	10	\$395	\$0.46
Size (Number of Units):	52	2	1.0	Garden	1,181	6	\$400	\$0.34
Rentable Size (rsf):	53,540							
Gross Size (gsf):	62,754							
Site Size (acres):	9.020							
Density (units/acre):	5.8							
Occ. At Time Of Survey:	100.0%							
Floors:	2							
Property Class:	В							
Exterior:	Combination							

Landlord Paid Utilities

N Cable	Y Sewer			
N Cable N Electric N Gas	Y Trash			
N Gas	Y Water			

Tenant Paid Utilities

Y Cable	N Sewer
Y Electric	N Trash
N Gas	N Water

Unit Amenities

Y	Refrigerator	Ν	Fireplace
Y	Range	Y	Balcony/Patio
Y	Microwave	N	Att. Garage
	Dishwasher		Carport
Y	Garbage Disposal	N	Basement
Y	Air Conditioning	Y	Ceiling Fans
Y	Washer/Dryer	N	Vaulted Ceilings
Y	W/D Hookups	Ν	Security System

Complex Amenities

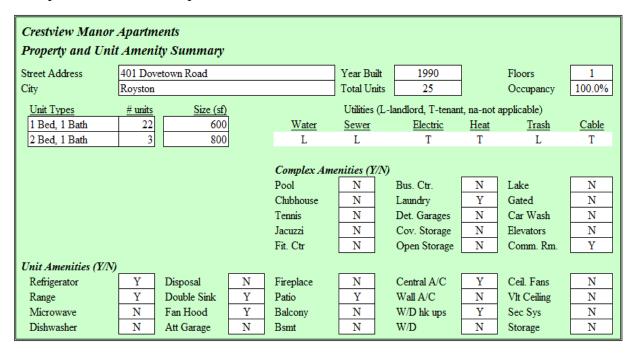
N Pool	N Laundry
Y Clubhouse	N Det. Garages
N Tennis	Y Cov. Storage
N Jacuzzi	N Open Storage
Y Fit. Center	N Car Wash
N Lake	Y Elevators
N Gated	N Playground
N Bus. Center	N Racquetball

Other Comments

Juniper Court is located on the north side of Nancy Drive, about 1/4 mile north of US 29 (East Franklin Street) and about one mile northeast of downtown Hartwell. Hartwell is the county seat of Hart County. This property operates as as market rate (16 units) and LIHTC (36 units) property. The unit data listed above shows only market rate information. There is currently a wait list of about 40 households. Additional amenities include an emergency call button in each unit, a meeting room, sports court, computer lab, picnic area, and a social services program.

Analysis

Crestview Manor Apartments: The subject has 25-units, was built in 1990, and is in average physical and functional condition. It is more fully described and discussed in the <u>Property Description</u> section of the report. It is summarized below.



Market Rent Conclusions

		Unit Si	ze	Adj. Monthly	Rent	Rent/sf	
	1 Bed, 1 Bath						
S.	Crestview Manor Apartments		600		\$475		\$0.79
As-Is	Comparable Properties	475 -	775	\$284 -	\$545	\$0.60 -	\$0.70
	average of comparables		853		\$467		\$0.5
	2 Bed, 1 Bath						
As-Is	Crestview Manor Apartments		800		\$550		\$0.6
As	Comparable Properties	860 -	1,056	\$264 -	\$667	\$0.31 -	\$0.6
	average of comparables		1,100		\$533		\$0.4
	1 Bed, 1 Bath						
As Ren.	Crestview Manor Apartments		600		\$525		\$0.8
As F	Comparable Properties	475 -	775	\$334 -	\$595	\$0.70 -	\$0.7
7	average of comparables		853		\$517		\$0.6
	2 Bed, 1 Bath						
en.	Crestview Manor Apartments		800		\$600		\$0.7
As Ren.	Comparable Properties	860 -	1.056	\$314 -	\$717	\$0.36 -	\$0.6
7	average of comparables		1,100		\$583		\$0.5

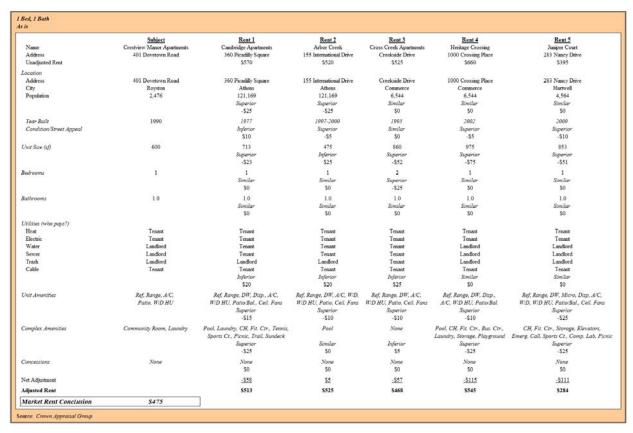
The chart above details the as-is and as renovated market-derived rents for the subject as well as the range of rents offered at the comparable properties.

Adjustments are made to the comparables for perceived, material differences. (For example, while a given comparable unit might be 3 square feet larger than a given subject unit, there is no material difference in the unit size, so no adjustment is warranted, nor made.) Adjustments are considered for property attributes such as location (specific or general), condition/street appeal, or complex amenities, as well as unit attributes such as unit size, configuration (number of bedrooms or bathrooms, style), utility payment structure, unit amenities, and any concessions. If no adjustment is made, it is because there is no perceived difference between the comparable and the subject.

The charts that follow detail the analysis, and show the adjustments considered appropriate.

As-is Market Rent, 1 br-1 ba

The subject is comprised of 22 of these units. Comparable properties from the area are used to develop the as-is rent conclusion.



Adjustments are made for the perceived differences. The comparables range in size from 475 sf – 975 sf. After making the adjustments considered appropriate, the rent range is \$284-\$545. Central tendencies are \$467 (average) and \$513 (median No one property stands out as being more comparable than another. An as-is market rent of \$475/month, within the central tendencies of the comparables, is concluded to be appropriate.

As Renovated Market Rent, 1 br-1 ba

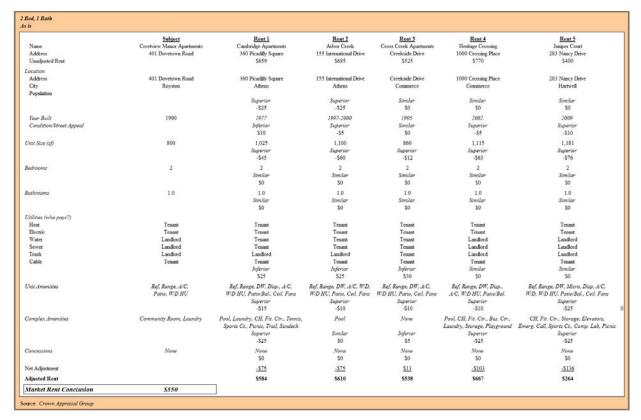
Comparable properties from the area are used to develop the as-renovated rent conclusion.

	Subject	Rent 1	Rent 2	Rent 3	Rent 4	Rent 5
Name	Crestview Manor Apartments	Cambridge Apartments	Arbor Creek	Cross Creek Apartments	Heritage Crossing	Juniper Court
Address	401 Dovetown Road	360 Picadilly Square	155 International Drive	Creekside Drive	1000 Crossing Place	283 Nancy Drive
Unadjusted Rent		\$570	\$520	\$525	\$660	\$395
Location						
Address	401 Devetown Road	360 Picadilly Square	155 International Drive	Creekside Drive	1000 Crossing Place	283 Nancy Drive
City	Royston	Athens	Athens	Commerce	Commerce	Hartwell
Population						
		Superior	Superior	Similar	Similar	Similar
		-\$25	-\$25	\$0	\$0	\$0
Year Built	1975/2013R	1977	1997-2000	1995	2002	2009
Condition/Street Appeal		Inferior	Inferior	Inferior	Inferior	Inferior
		\$60	\$45	\$50	\$45	\$40
Unit Size (af)	600	713	475	860	975	853
		Superior	Inferior	Superior	Superior	Superior
		-\$23	\$25	-\$52	-\$75	-\$51
Sedrooms	1	1	1	2	1	1
	-	Similar	Similar	Superior	Similar	Similar
		\$0	\$0	-\$25	\$0	\$0
Bathrooms	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
out it out to	1.0	Similar	Similar	Similar	Similar	Similar
		SO	\$0	SO	\$0	SO
Utilities (who pays?)						
Heat	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant
Electric	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant
Water	Landlord	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Landord	Landlord
Sewer	Landford	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Landford	Landlord
Trash	Landlord	Landlord	Landlord	Tenant	Landford	Landlord
Cable	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant
		Inferior	Inferior	Inferior	Similar	Similar
		\$20	\$20	\$25	50	\$0
Unit Amenities	Ref. Range, A.C. DW, Patio, W/D HU,	Ref. Range, DW, Disp., A.C.	Ref. Range, DW, A/C, W/D,	Ref. Range, DW, A/C.	Ref. Range, DW, Disp.,	Ref. Range, DW, Micro, Disp. A.C.
	Ceil. Fans, Storage, Emerg. Call	W/D HU, Patio/Bal., Ceil. Fans	W/D HU, Patio, Ceil. Fara	W/D HU, Patio, Ceil. Faru	A.C. W.D HU, Patio Bal.	W/D, W/D HU, Patio/Bal., Ceil. Fans
		Superior	Superior	Superior	Superior	Superior
		-\$15	-\$10	-\$10	-\$10	-\$25
Complex Amenities	Community Room, Laundry, Picnic	Pool, Laundry, CH, Fit. Ctr., Tennis, Sports Ct., Picnic, Trail, Sundeck	Pool	None	Pool, CH, Fit. Ctr., Bus. Ctr., Laundry, Storage, Playsround	CH, Fit. Ctr., Storage, Elevators, Emerg. Call, Sports Ct., Comp. Lab, Picn
		Superior	Similar	Inferior	Superior	Superior
		-525	\$0	\$5	-525	-\$25
Concessions	None	None	None	None	None	None
W. Carlotte	210716	SO SO	\$0	\$0	SO	SO
Net Adjustment		-\$8	\$55			-\$61
Adjusted Rent		\$563	\$575	<u>-57</u> \$518	<u>-\$65</u> \$595	5334
Market Rent Conclusion	\$525	3343	3212	3310	9392	3334

Adjustments are made for the perceived differences. The comparables range in size from 475 sf – 975 sf. After making the adjustments considered appropriate, the rent range is \$334-\$595. Central tendencies are \$517 (average) and \$563 (median No one property stands out as being more comparable than another. An as-renovated market rent of \$525/month, within the central tendencies of the comparables, is concluded to be appropriate.

As-is Market Rent, 2 br-1 ba

The subject is comprised of 3 of these units. Comparable properties from the area are used to develop the as-is rent conclusion.



Adjustments are made for the perceived differences. The comparables range in size from 860 sf – 1,181sf. After making the adjustments considered appropriate, the rent range is \$264-\$667. Central tendencies are \$533 (average) and \$584 (median). No one property stands out as being more comparable than another. An as-is market rent of \$550/month, within the central tendencies of the comparables, is concluded to be appropriate.

As Renovated Market Rent, 2 br-1 ba

Comparable properties from the area are used to develop the as-renovated rent conclusion.

Bed, 1 Bath s Renovated						
		7	D	2		D f
	Subject	Rent 1	Rent 2	Rent 3	Rent 4	Rent 5
Name	Crestview Manor Apartments	Cambridge Apartments	Arbor Creek	Cross Creek Apartments	Heritage Crossing	Juniper Court
Address	401 Dovetown Road	360 Picadily Square	155 International Drive	Creekside Drive	1000 Crossing Place	283 Nancy Drive
Unadjusted Rent		\$659	\$685	\$525	\$770	\$400
Address	401 Dovetown Road	360 Picadily Square	155 International Drive	Creekside Drive	1000 Crossing Place	283 Nancy Drive
City	Royston	Athens	Athens	Commerce	Commerce	283 Nancy Drive Hartwell
	Royston	Atnens	Atnens	Commerce	Commerce	Hartwei
Population				0.1	n 1	Pr7
		Superior -\$25	Superior -\$25	Similar \$0	Similar \$0	Similar \$0
Year Built	1990	1977	1997-2000	1995	2002	2009
Condition Street Appeal		Inferior	Inferior	Inferior	Inferior	Inferior
		\$60	\$45	\$50	\$45	\$40
Unit Size (sf)	800	1,025	1,100	860	1,115	1,181
		Superior	Superior	Superior	Superior	Superior
		-\$45	-\$60	-\$12	-\$63	-\$76
Bedrooms	2	2	2	2	2	2
		Similar	Similar	Similar	Similar	Similar
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Sathrooms	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
		Similar	Similar	Similar	Similar	Similar
		50	\$0	\$0	50	50
Utilities (who pays?)						
Heat	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant
Electric	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant
Water	Landlord	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Landlord	Landlord
Sewer	Landford	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Landlord	Landlord
Trash	Landlord	Landlord	Landlord	Tenant	Landlord	Landlord
Cable	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant	Tenant
		Inferior	Inferior	Inferior	Similar	Similar
		\$25	\$25	\$30	\$0	\$0
Unit Amenities	Ref. Range, A.C. DW, Patio, W/D HU,	Ref. Range, DW, Disp., A/C,	Ref. Range, DW, A/C, W/D,	Ref. Range, DW, A/C.	Ref. Range, DW, Disp.,	Ref. Range, DW, Micro, Disp, A/C,
	Ceil. Fans, Storage, Emerg. Call	W/D HU, Patio/Bal., Ceil. Faru	W/D HU, Patio, Ceil. Fans	W/D HU, Patio, Ceil. Fans	A.C. W/D HU, Patio/Bal.	W.D. W.D HU, Patio Bal., Ceil. Fans
		Superior	Superior	Superior	Superior	Superior
		-\$15	-\$10	-\$10	-\$10	-\$25
Complex Amerities	Community Room, Laundry, Picnic	Pool, Laundry, CH, Fit. Ctr., Tennis, Sports Ct., Picnic, Trail, Sundeck	Pool	None	Pool, CH, Fit. Ctr., But. Ctr., Laundry, Storage, Playground	CH, Fit. Ctr., Storage, Elevators, Emerg. Call, Sports Ct., Comp. Lab, Pics
		Superior	Similar	Inferior	Superior	Superior
		-\$25	\$0	\$5	-\$25	-\$25
Concessions	None	None	None	None	None	None
Concessiona	,10%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net Adjustment		-525	-\$25	\$63	-553	-\$86
Adjusted Reut		\$634	\$660	\$588	\$717	\$314
Market Rent Conclusion	\$600	7	80558	080539	4650	20000000
Market Rent Conclusion	3000					

Adjustments are made for the perceived differences. The comparables range in size from 860 sf – 1,181 sf. After making the adjustments considered appropriate, the rent range is \$314-\$717. Central tendencies are \$583 (average) and \$634 (median No one property stands out as being more comparable than another. An as-renovated market rent of \$600/month, within the central tendencies of the comparables, is concluded to be appropriate.

Market Vacancy Conclusion

Five market rate properties have been detailed. There are relatively few market rate rent comparables. Occupancy of the comparable properties ranges from 95.0% to 100.0%.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Location</u>	Total Units	Occ.	Vacancy
Crestview Manor Apartments	401 Dovetown Road	25	100.0%	
Cambridge Apartments	360 Picadilly Square	180	98.0%	2.0%
Arbor Creek	155 International Drive	128	100.0%	
Cross Creek Apartments	Creekside Drive	20	100.0%	
Heritage Crossing	1000 Crossing Place	120	95.0%	5.0%
Juniper Court	283 Nancy Drive	52	100.0%	
	Minimum		95.0%	
	Maximum		100.0%	5.0%

The subject has historically operated as a government subsidized property. Most of the units are available for rental assistance, with the tenant paying 30% of their income towards the rent figure. Historic vacancy at Crestview Manor Apartments has been low. When inspected, there was one vacant unit, the "manager's unit". The property manager does not live on-site and the unit is kept vacant due to its close proximity to the office.

After consideration of the market vacancy and the area supply/demand components, a figure of 5% is considered to be applicable when developing the as-is and as-renovated market value of the property.

Property Description

Property Description

This section will present a description of the physical and economic characteristics of the site and building improvements. The description is based upon an inspection of the property, discussions with local municipal authorities, and data provided by the client and management.

General Location

The subject is located on the east side of Dovetown Road, about ½ mile south of US 29 (Franklin Springs Street) and about one mile southwest of downtown Royston. The property is in Franklin County. Royston is located in the southeast portion of Franklin County. The property has an address of 401 Dovetown Road, Royston, Georgia. The maps in the preceding section show the property's location.

Access, Ingress, Egress, Visibility

Overall, access is average from both a neighborhood (local) perspective, as well as a macro (regional) perspective. Ingress/egress to the property is from Dovetown Road. The ingress and egress attributes are average. Visibility to the subject is considered average.

History of the Property

According to public records, the subject is owned by Royston Elderly Housing. The current owner purchased the property in 1994. The subject has not been sold during the past three years. The property is part of a portfolio of apartment properties in Georgia that are to transfer ownership in the near term. While the sale price is in the final stages of negotiation, the price is expected to be about \$714,581. The transfer is assumed to be between related parties and not one that is considered to be arms-length. As the transfer is presumably not arms-length, no credence is given to this purchase price when determining the said values of the subject property. Subsequent to the sale, ownership plans to renovate the subject with funding from a combination of mortgage monies, sale proceeds of Section 42 Low Income Housing Tax Credits, and equity. Following the acquisition the existing Section 515 loan will remain at the property. (The loan is expected to be restated under new rates and terms.) The developer estimates the renovation cost to be about \$28,245 per unit, or about \$790,860. Renovations will be extensive and will include interior unit renovation as well as exterior unit renovation. It is expected that the air conditioning units will be replaced, windows will be repaired/replaced, new roofs will be installed, parking areas will be repaired, and kitchens and bathrooms will be updated as needed.

Easements

No detrimental easements that would substantially deter development are known to exist. Others, such as utility easements, allow for development of the site and are considered beneficial to the tract.

Soil Conditions

Soil conditions are assumed to be adequate. The site appears to be well drained. No engineering or soil testing has been performed to the knowledge of the appraisers, and no further conclusion as to the condition of the foundation or soil condition is made. There is no reason to suspect that hazardous materials are on the property. Note: The appraisers are not experts in environmental matters. It is assumed that the site is clean from an environmental standpoint. The user of the report is instructed to seek the advice of an expert if further questions arise pertaining to environmental issues.

Third Party Reports

A market study completed by Bowen National was provided. No warranty is made for the completeness and accuracy of this report or any other third party report that may exist.

Topography

The topography at the site is generally level.

Flood Plain

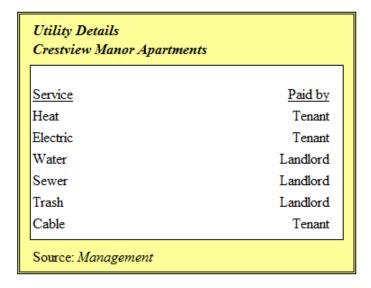
According to FEMA's flood insurance rate map community panel number 13119C0250 C, dated September 26, 2008, the subject is located in Zone X. Zone X is identified as not being in a flood plain.

Zoning

The property is zoned AI: Agriculture and Intensive. According to local government officials, the current use is a legal, conforming use under this zoning classification.

Utilities

The subject site is serviced by the following utilities (the payor of the utilities is also shown):



Improvements

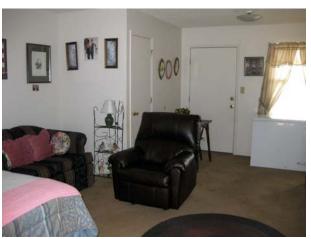
The subject improvements include a 25-unit apartment complex (housed in 4 single-story buildings). There is a fifth building in the middle of the property; this building houses a community room, laundry, the office, and the manager's unit. The improvements were initially developed in 1990.





The buildings have a poured concrete foundation. The buildings have a combination brick and siding exterior, and a pitched roof covered with shingles.





Each unit has a living room/living area, kitchen, one or two bedrooms, and one bathroom. The floors in the units are a combination of carpet and tile. Windows are sliders. Exterior doors are metal; interior doors are hollow core wood. Interior walls are painted drywall; ceilings are painted drywall. Ceiling height is generally 8 feet. Hot water is supplied via individual water heaters. Each unit includes a washer/dryer hook-up. Kitchens have vinyl flooring. They are equipped with a refrigerator, double sink, fan hood, and range. After renovations, kitchens will also include a dishwasher.

Each unit has an individual forced air furnace. The units have central air conditioning. The units have battery powered and hard wired smoke alarms.



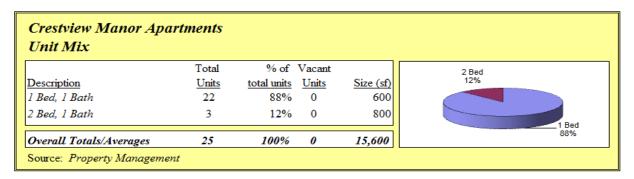


Property amenities include a laundry room and community room with on-site office. After renovations, amenities will also include a picnic area.

Parking areas are in average condition. There appears to be sufficient parking for the property. Overall parking at the subject is adequate.

Unit Mix

The composition of the property is shown in the chart below.



Physical and Functional Condition

The improvements were completed in 1990 and renovated periodically over time. The property has been maintained on an as needed basis.

The total building size is 16,693 sf. This is the sum of the apartment units (1 Bedroom - 600 sf/unit * 22 units - 13,200 sf plus 2 Bedroom - 800 sf/unit * 3 units - 2,400 sf) plus the office and community room (1,093 sf).

A major renovation is planned for the property improvements. Planned renovations include replacement of all existing flooring, replacement of kitchen cabinets and countertops, replacement of existing kitchen appliances, plumbing fixtures, lighting fixtures, bathroom cabinets and countertops, HVAC, repainting, re-roofing (new shingles), as well as exterior upgrades and improvements, and re-paving and re-striping of drive and parking areas. Furthermore, all Section 504 accessibility issues will be addressed and corrected as appropriate. The renovation is expected to cost about \$28,245 per unit, or about \$790,860.

Upon completion of the renovations, the property's marketability, overall quality, and aesthetic appeal will be increased and enhanced. Following the renovations, the subject is projected to have a remaining economic life – assuming normal maintenance and repairs - of 55 years. If the property were not renovated, the remaining economic life (the "as-is remaining economic life") is estimated at 35 years.

Current Rent Parameters/Rent Roll

The chart below illustrates the current rent parameters. As has been discussed, there are LIHTC restrictions applicable to the units at the property. The as-is market rent and as-renovated market rent (CRCU) conclusions are well below the maximum LIHTC rent figure.

	Total	% of	Vacant	% of		Total	Basic	Max R	ents		CRO
	<u>Units</u>	total	<u>Units</u>	unit type	Size (sf)	Size (sf)	Rent	<u>LIHTC</u>	<u>FMR</u>	As-Is	As-Renovat
l Bed, l Bath	22	88%	0	0%	600	13,200	\$430	\$589	\$443	\$475	\$52
Bed, 1 Bath	3	12%	0	0%	800	2,400	\$450	\$708	\$599	\$550	\$60
Overall Totals/Averages	25	100%	0	0%	624	15,600					
LIHTC is gross rent, prior to	o Utility all	owance d	eduction								
FMR is effective 10-1-12											

Operating History

The chart below shows the recent operating history for the subject.

Operating History				25	units			
Revenue	2009	Per Unit	2010	Per Unit	2011	Per Unit	2012	Per Unit
Apartment Rental Income	117,482	4,699	123,704	4,948	127,740	5,110	128,299	5,132
Plus: Other Income	572	23	170	7	312	12	160	6
Effective Gross Income	118,054	4,722	123,874	4,955	128,052	5,122	128,459	5,138
Operating Expenses								
Real Estate Taxes	10,494	420	10,375	415	10,375	415	6,651	266
Insurance	6,034	241	6,387	255	6,500	260	6,499	260
Repairs & Maintenance	12,553	502	14,114	565	11,883	475	12,274	491
General & Administrative	6,321	253	7,235	289	6,816	273	8,376	335
Management Fees	12,201	488	12,665	507	13,306	532	13,261	530
Utilities								
Electric	2,255	90	2,213	89	2,313	93	1,988	80
Water/Sewer	4,519	<u>181</u>	4,442	<u>178</u>	4,825	<u>193</u>	4,281	<u>171</u>
Total Utilities	6,774	271	6,654	266	7,138	286	6,270	251
Payroll	27,762	1,110	30,063	1,203	26,507	1,060	28,065	1,123
Marketing	<u>68</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>68</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>146</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>45</u>	2
Total Expenses	82,207	3,288	87,561	3,502	82,671	3,307	81,440	3,258
operating expense ratio		69.6%		70.7%		64.6%		63.4%
Net Operating Income	35,847	1,434	36,313	1,453	45,381	1,815	47,019	1,881

While individual line items will vary depending upon the specific valuation developed later in the report, the following generally holds true:

Interest Appraised

Comment

As-is market value, unrestricted rents

The effective gross income, which is comprised primarily of apartment rent, should be above historic levels. The apartment rent will be constrained by market rent levels.

The total operating expense estimate will be less than historic primarily due to reduced Repairs & Maintenance, General & Administrative, Management Fee, and Payroll expenses. The Marketing expense will be higher than historic, and there will be an explicit Reserve expense.

Market value, subject to restricted rents (RD)

The effective gross income, which is comprised primarily of apartment rent, should be above historic levels. The apartment rent will be constrained by basic rent levels.

The total operating expense estimate will be similar to historic expenses at the subject. There will be an explicit Reserve expense.

Prospective market value of the fee simple estate, upon completion of renovation and as stabilized, subject to restricted rents (RD).

The effective gross income, which is comprised primarily of apartment rent, should be above historic levels. The apartment rent will recognize the economic benefits of the renovation as the units will be in better physical (and functional) condition. The apartment rent will be constrained by the lesser of market rent or LIHTC constraints

With respect to operating expense line items, Real Estate Taxes, Insurance, General & Administrative, Management Fee, Utilities, and Marketing should be near historic. Repairs & Maintenance should be lower due to the renovations. Payroll should also be lower, also due to the renovation. An explicit Reserve will be recognized.

Prospective market value of the fee simple estate, upon completion of renovation and as stabilized, as conventional or unrestricted.

The effective gross income, which is comprised primarily of apartment rent, should be above historic levels. The apartment rent will recognize the economic benefits of the renovation as the units will be in better physical (and functional) condition. The apartment rent will based on the (prospective) market rent figures.

The total operating expense estimate should be lower due to renovation (reduced Repairs & Maintenance as well as Payroll) as well as reduced General & Administrative and Management

expenses. The Marketing expense should be higher than historic, and there will be an explicit Reserve expense.

Real Estate Taxes and Assessments

The chart below shows the tax details.

Real Estate Taxes Crestview Manor Apartn	nents	
Parcel Number		068-038
	Appraised	Assessed
Land	\$22,500	\$9,000
Improvements	<u>395,254</u>	158,102
Total	417,754	167,102
Real Estate Taxes		\$6,096
Taxes/unit		\$244
Source: County Auditor		

Highest and Best Use

Highest and best use is defined in <u>The Appraisal of Real Estate</u>, Thirteenth Edition, Appraisal Institute, as follows:

...the reasonably probable and legal use of vacant land or an improved property that is physically possible, appropriately supported, and financially feasible, and that results in the highest value.

Some of the more germane comments from this publication regarding highest and best use are noted in the following bullet points:

- ...highest and best use relies on that analysis to then identify the most profitable, competitive use to which the subject can be put.
- In general, if the value of a property as improved is greater than the value of the land as though vacant, the highest and best use is the use of the property as improved.
- ...a property's existing use may represent an interim use, which begins with the land value for the new highest and best use and adds the contributory value of the current improvements until the new highest and best use can be achieved.
- These criteria [legally permissible, physically possible, financially feasible, maximally productive] are generally considered sequentially.

After consideration of the data, the following conclusions are drawn:

As If Vacant:

Physically Possible Uses: Physical constraints include site area, shape, and adjacent uses. The site

has all public utilities available. Noted easements are typical, and soil conditions are assumed to be adequate. There are acceptable access and visibility attributes. Based on location and site constraints, the most probable physically possible uses would be an intensive use. The existing

improvements are such a use, and effectively utilize the site.

Legally Permissible Uses: According to government officials, the current multi-family use is a

permissible use.

Financially Feasible Uses: The subject has a good location and is convenient to major traffic arteries.

The surrounding area has been developed with a number of properties, including single-family residential properties, multi-family properties, retail properties, office and institutional uses (churches, schools, parkland). The residential users in the immediate area appear to have met with market acceptance. If vacant, a similar use is appropriate. The existing improvements develop a return in excess of that if the property

were not improved.

Conclusion/Maximum Productivity: Of those uses that are physically possible, legally permissible, and financially supported, a residential development is concluded to be the highest and best use of the site as if vacant. Given the area demographics, development should not be speculative – rather, development should only occur with an identified end user in place.

As Improved:

Physically Possible Uses: The presence of the improvements demonstrate their physical

possibility.

Legally Permissible Uses: The current multi-family use is a permissible use.

Financially Feasible Uses: As is shown in the valuation, the existing improvements develop a

return well in excess of that if the property were not improved.

Conclusion/Maximum Productivity: The existing improvements are considered to be financially feasible. The chart below demonstrates that the proposed renovation is appropriate and financially viable – when considering the inclusion of the additional value from the interest credit subsidy and LIHTC. As shown, the sum of the prospective market value, interest credit values, and LIHTC values are in excess of the property's as is value plus renovation costs. Therefore, the proposed renovations provide a higher return to the property than if the property were not renovated, and the highest and best as improved is concluded to be with the renovations made to the property.

Financial Feasiblility Crestview Manor Apartments Initial Test of Financial Feasibility Value 3, prospective, subject to restricted rents \$1,110,000 Value 1, as-is, as conventional or unrestricted \$900,000 Incremental difference \$210,000 Renovation Cost \$706,125 Benefit (cost) of renovating before consideration of other benefits -\$496,125 Other Benefits Value 6, interest credit subsidy (existing loan re-financed) \$362,000 Value 7, LIHTC \$530,790 Value of additional benefits of renovation \$892,790 Net benefits, or added value, of renovation \$396,665 Initial Test of Financial Feasibility Value 3, prospective, subject to restricted rents \$1,110,000 Value 2, subject to restricted rents \$540,000 Incremental difference \$570,000 Renovation Cost \$706,125 Benefit (cost) of renovating before consideration of other benefits -\$136,125 Other Benefits Value 6, interest credit subsidy (existing loan re-financed) \$362,000 Value 7, LIHTC \$530,790 Value of additional benefits of renovation \$892,790 Net benefits, or added value, of renovation \$756,665

These thoughts are carried to the Valuation section.

Valuation

The valuation process involves the gathering of data in order to develop opinions of value for the subject. A number of value opinions are provided. The value opinions are detailed below; the applicable approaches to value are also identified.

Value Opinion 1	Market value within 7 CFR Part 3560.752(b)(1)(ii), Premised Upon A Hypothetical Condition As-If Unsubsidized Conventional Housing in compliance with 7 CFR Part 3560.656(c)(1)(i).
	Note - using the hypothetical condition "as unsubsidized conventional housing" according to 7 CFR Part 3560.656(c)(1)(i) means that when the appraiser develops their highest and best use analysis they will not recognize any Rural Development restrictions or subsidies and must only consider the property as continued use as housing.
	The intended use of this appraised value is to determine the value of the property that qualifies for an Incentive Offer within 7 CFR Part 3560.656 for sale/purchase and to determine the amount and availability of any equity.
	For ease of communication throughout the report, every effort is made to identify this value either by the complete definition or "Value Opinion 1, market, unrestricted".
	The income capitalization and sales comparison approaches are used.
Value Opinion 2	Market Value, within 7 CFR Part 3560.752(b)(1)(ii).
	Note – this value opinion must consider all existing restrictions and prohibitions including Restrictive-Use Provisions (RUPs).
	The intended use of this appraised value is to determine the value of the property for sale/purchase and to determine the amount and availability of any equity.
	For ease of communication throughout the report, every effort is made to identify this value either by the complete definition or "Value Opinion 2, market, restricted".
	The income capitalization approach is used.
Value Opinion 3	Prospective Market Value, Subject To Restricted Rents within 7 CFR Part 3560.752(b)(1)(i).
	Note – this value opinion must consider any rent limits, rent subsidies, expense abatements, and restrict-use conditions that will affect the property. All intangible assets must be evaluated individually and separately from real estate.
	The intended use of this appraised value for a new or subsequent loan is to assist the underwriter with calculating the security value for the basis of a loan or loan guarantee.
	For ease of communication throughout the report, every effort is made to identify this value either by the complete definition or "Value Opinion 3, prospective, restricted".
	The income capitalization and cost approaches are used.
Value Opinion 4	Prospective Market Value within 7 CFR Part 3560.752(b)(1)(ii), Premised Upon A Hypothetical Condition As-If-Conventional Housing.
	Note - this value opinion is based upon a highest and best use analysis as-if not

	encumbered by USDA program provisions.
	The intended use of this appraised value is for reasonable analysis and comparison as to how the USDA restrictions affect the property. It should not be used as the basis of a loan or loan guarantee.
	For ease of communication throughout the report, every effort is made to identify this value either by the complete definition or "Value Opinion 4, prospective, unrestricted".
	The income capitalization approach is used.
Value Opinion 5	Market value of underlying land.
	This value is developed within the cost approach valuation used for Value Opinion 3.
Value Opinion 6	Value of the interest credit subsidy from assumed 515 loan.
	The income capitalization approach is used.
Value Opinion 7	Market value of LIHTC (tax credits).
	The income capitalization approach is used.
Value Opinion 8	Insurable Value.
	The cost approach is used.

As-Is Market Valuation

An opinion of the market value, unrestricted rents (fee simple estate, as conventional or unrestricted, as of the date of valuation) is subject to the hypothetical condition that the subject property is operated as a conventional, market rate property. Historically, the subject property has been operated as a subsidized property. Both the income capitalization approach and the sales comparison approach are utilized to arrive at opinions of the as-is market value of Crestview Manor Apartments (value 1). The income capitalization approach is used to arrive at the market value, subject to restricted rents opinion (value 2).

Income Capitalization Approach as conventional or unrestricted — Value 1

The income capitalization approach to value opinion is based on the economic principle of anticipation--that the value of an income producing property is the present value of anticipated future net benefits. Other appraisal principles and concepts upon which this approach is based include supply and demand, change, substitution, and externalities.

Net operating income projections (future net benefits) are translated into a present value indication using a capitalization process. In this appraisal, a pro forma technique is explicitly used. Market value is developed through the use of market derived financial opinions and return parameters. More specifically, the capitalization process steps in the pro forma technique are as follows:

- The effective gross revenue is estimated by the sum of the market rents on the units less an allowance for vacancy, plus other income.
- Expenses inherent in the operation of the property, including real estate taxes, insurance, repairs and maintenance, general and administrative, management, utilities, payroll, marketing, and reserve are estimated.
- The net operating income is derived by deducting the operating expenses from the effective gross revenue.
- The net operating income is then capitalized to obtain an indication of value.

With respect to this valuation, the effective gross income, which is comprised primarily of apartment rent, should be above historic levels. The apartment rent will be based on market rent figures.

The total operating expense estimate will be less than historic primarily due to reduced Repairs & Maintenance, General & Administrative, Management Fee, and Payroll expenses. The Marketing expense will be higher than historic, and there will be an explicit Reserve expense.

Pro Forma Capitalization

<u>Base Rent Revenue</u> – is based on the market rent levels for the units at the subject. The annual market rent is shown in the chart below.

Crestview Manor Apo Base Rent Revenue					as-is as conventional or unrestricted				
								Value 1	
	Total	% of	Size	Total		Market	Rent		
	Units	total	(rsf)	<u>rsf</u>	Rent/Month	Rent/sf	Monthly	Yearly	
1 Bed, 1 Bath	22	88%	600	13,200	\$475	\$0.79	\$10,450	\$125,400	
2 Bed, 1 Bath	3	12%	800	2,400	\$550	0.69	1,650	19,800	
Overall Totals/Averages	25	100%	624	15,600	484	0.78	12,100	145,200	

<u>Vacancy</u> – Stabilized vacancy has been discussed in the <u>Market Area Overview</u> section. Vacancy is estimated at 5%, and is applied to base rent revenue.

Other Income – Other revenues include laundry income, late/nsf charges, application fees, forfeited deposits, termination/restoration fees and other miscellaneous incomes. Other revenue is estimated at \$10/unit. This is a net income line item component, with vacancy inherently considered.

Operating Expenses – are those costs necessary to maintain the property at or near a maximum level of economic performance. These expenses are categorized as real estate taxes, insurance, repairs and maintenance, general and administrative, management fees, utilities, payroll, and marketing. In addition, reserves are also considered. Estimated operating expenses are based on historical figures, and support from market data. The market data information is of properties similar in size, age, condition, and location relative to the subject that have been appraised by Crown Appraisal Group. All of these properties are RD properties – none are market rate ones. Like the subject, the operating histories reflect the benefits – and costs – associated with operating as a rural property subject to various RD operating costs.

With respect to operating expense line items, Real Estate Taxes, Insurance, and Utilities should be near historic. Repairs & Maintenance, General & Administrative, Management Fees and Payroll should be lower than historic due to the nature of market rate operations as compared to subsidized operations. Marketing should be above historic, also due to the nature of market rate operations. An explicit Reserve will be recognized.

Crestview Manor Apartments										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Units	28	20	25	34	18	24	20	52	30	29
Year	2012	2012	2012	2012	2012	2012	2012	2012	2012	2012
Per Unit Basis										
Real Estate Taxes	343	455	150	510	617	300	232	240	320	285
Insurance	260	279	260	229	260	260	260	262	260	251
Repairs and Maintenance	637	740	854	361	424	531	572	479	818	455
General and Administrative	278	300	352	245	366	323	374	275	381	288
Management Fees	532	534	522	471	534	525	527	531	528	508
Utilities										
Electric	249	173	138	108	123	153	160	101	172	111
Water/Sewer	<u>395</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>466</u>	362	386	<u>594</u>	<u>3</u>	405	<u>57</u>	357
Total Utilities	644	203	604	470	509	747	164	506	229	468
Payroll	687	1,064	742	533	720	567	1,329	800	597	1,073
Marketing	6	7	23	2	2	10	8	7	11	23
Total	3,388	3,580	3,506	2,822	3,431	3,263	3,466	3,099	3,144	3,350
Per Unit Basis										
Category	Minimum	Maximum	Average	Median						
Real Estate Taxes	150	617	345	310						
Insurance	229	279	258	260						
Repairs and Maintenance	361	854	587	551						
General and Administrative	245	381	318	312						
Management Fees	471	534	521	528						
Utilities										
Electric	101	249	149	145						
Water/Sewer	<u>3</u>	<u>594</u>	<u>305</u>	374						
Total Utilities	164	747	454	488						
Payroll	533	1,329	811	731						
Marketing	2	<u>23</u>	<u>10</u>	7						
Total	2,822	3,580	3,305	3,369						

The line item operating expenses are presented in the chart below. The chart details the median and average operating expenses by the operating expense comparables, the historic operating expenses at the subject, and the pro forma operating expense projections.

Crestviev Operatin		-						as con	nventional or	as-is unrestricted Value 1	
Real Estate Ta	axes										
Source		Compa	rables		2009	2010	2011	2012	Pro Forma	Amount	
Cost/unit	310	med	345	avg	420	415	415	266	244	\$6,096	
Insurance											
Source		Compa	rables		2009	2010	2011	2012	Pro Forma	Amount	
Cost/unit	260	med	258	avg	241	255	260	260	271	\$6,775	
Repairs & Maintenance											
Source		Compa	rables		2009	2010	2011	2012	Pro Forma	Amount	
Cost/unit	551	med	587	avg	502	565	475	491	450	\$11,250	
General & Administrative											
Source		Compa	rables		2009	2010	2011	2012	Pro Forma	Amount	
Cost/unit	312	med	318	avg	253	289	273	335	300	\$7,500	
Management											
Source		Compa	rables		2009	2010	2011	2012	Pro Forma	Amount	
Cost/unit	528	med	521	avg	488	507	532	530	276	\$6,910	
Electric Utilitie	es										
Source		Compa	rables		2009	2010	2011	2012	Pro Forma	Amount	
Cost/unit	145	med	149	avg	90	89	93	80	90	\$2,250	
Water & Sew	er	•									
Source		Compa	rables		2009	2010	2011	2012	Pro Forma	Amount	
Cost/unit	374	med	305	avg	181	178	193	171	200	\$5,000	
Total Utilities		•									
Source		Compa	rables		2009	2010	2011	2012	Pro Forma	Amount	
Cost/unit	488	med	454	avg	271	266	286	251	290	\$7,250	
Payroll											
Source		Compa	rables		2009	2010	2011	2012	Pro Forma	Amount	
Cost/unit	731	med	811	avg	1,110	1,203	1,060	1,123	800	\$20,000	
Marketing											
Source		Compa	rables		2009	2010	2011	2012	Pro Forma	Amount	
Cost/unit	7	med	10	avg	3	3	6	2	20	\$500	
Total Operatir	ng Expen	ses (incl	uding co	nsidera	tion of Res	erve)					
Source		Compa	rables		2009	2010	2011	2012	Pro Forma	Amount	
Cost/unit	3,369	med	3,305	avg	3,288	3,502	3,307	3,258	3,001	\$75,031	
Source: Pro	operty M	I anagen	nent; Cr	own A	ppraisal G	roup					

Crestview Manor Apar Operating Expense Es			as-is as conventional or unrestricted Value 1
Operating Expense Real Estate Taxes	Cost/unit 244		<u>Discussion</u> Based on the current real estate taxes of the subject as reported by the county
Insurance	271		Based on historic with support from market
Repairs & Maintenance	450		Below historic; property would not be as wel maintained if it were to be operated as a market rate one
General & Administrative	300		Below historic; market rate properties have lower general & administrative costs than subsidized properties
Management	5.00%		Percent of effective gross income rather than fee per occupied door per month
Utilities	90 200	Electric Water and sewer	Based on historic with support from market Based on historic with support from market
Payroll	800		Based on the size of the property, a total cost per year, or a cost per month, is the appropriate manner in which to develop this operating expense estimate. The expense is based on the probable cost if the property were operated as a market rate one
Marketing	20		Above historic; market rate properties require a higher cost for marketing
Reserve	350		Based on market participant attitudes

<u>Total Operating Expenses</u> – The chart below compares historical and market derived operating expense data with the pro forma. Notice the market estimates are lower than the historical figures as government subsidized properties typically cost more to operate than market rate.

restview Manor Apartmen	us				as conventional or unrestricted					
										Value 1
	Crown	Crown Appraisal Group Survey				Year End Historical				Subjec
	Low	High	Avg.	Med.	2009	2010	2011	2012		Pro Forma
Real Estate Taxes	150	617	345	310	420	415	415	266		244
Insurance	229	279	258	260	241	255	260	260		27
Repairs and Maintenance	361	854	587	551	502	565	475	491		450
General and Administrative	245	381	318	312	253	289	273	335		30
Management Fees	471	534	521	528	488	507	532	530		270
Utilities										
Electric	101	249	149	145	90	89	93	80		9(
Water/Sewer	<u>3</u>	<u>594</u>	<u>305</u>	374	<u>181</u>	178	193	<u>171</u>		200
Total Utilities	164	747	454	488	271	266	286	251		290
Payroll	533	1,329	811	731	1,110	1,203	1,060	1,123		800
Marketing	2	23	10	7	3	3	6	2		20
Reserve	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		350
Total Operating Expenses	2,822	3,580	3,305	3,369	3,288	3,502	3,307	3,258		3,00

The net operating income is estimated by deducting the operating expenses from the effective gross income. The pro forma is shown below.

Pro Forma Operating Statement		as conven	tional or u	nrestricted
Crestview Manor Apartments				as-is
		25 ι	ınits	Value 1
		% of EGI	Per Unit	Amount
Potential Rental Revenue		105.1%	\$5,808	\$145,200
Less: Vacancy and Collection Loss @	5.0%	<u>-5.3%</u>	-290	<u>-7,260</u>
Effective Rent		99.8%	5,518	137,940
Plus Other Revenue:				
Other Income		0.2%	10	250
Effective Gross Income		100.0%	5,528	138,190
Less: Operating Expenses				
Real Estate Taxes		4.4%	244	6,096
Insurance		4.9%	271	6,775
Repairs and Maintenance		8.1%	450	11,250
General and Administrative		5.4%	300	7,500
Management Fees @	5.0%	5.0%	276	6,910
Utilities				
Electric		1.6%	90	
Water/Sewer		3.6%	200	
Total Utilities		5.2%	290	7,250
Payroll		14.5%	800	20,000
Marketing		0.4%	20	500
Reserve		6.3%	<u>350</u>	8,750
Total Operating Expenses		54.3%	3,001	75,031
Net Operating Income		45.7%	2,526	63,159

Capitalization Rate Discussion

Capitalization is the process by which net operating income is converted into a value indication. A capitalization rate is utilized that most accurately represents the risk associated with receiving the property's net operating income. A property that has a "safer" income stream is one that has less risk.

In order to arrive at an appropriate range, emphasis was put on data provided by comparable sales and analysis of financing techniques.

Comparable Sales

The comparable sales utilized in the <u>Sales Comparison Approach</u> section indicate an overall capitalization rate range as shown below. Other data is shown, including the dates of the sales. Overall, the sales properties are comparable in the sense that they are recent sales of similar apartment complexes in the greater market area.

Comparable Sales Overall Capitalization Rate	es					
Name/Location 207 Old Zion Cemetery Rd Loganville, GA	Sale Date Mar-11	<u>Year Built</u> 1985	<u>Units</u> 15	<u>Sale Price</u> 670,000	<u>Price/Unit</u> 44,667	<u>OAR</u> 7.1%
Willow Ridge Apartments Avondale Estates, GA	Jul-13	1985	156	5,050,000	32,372	7.0%
Saint Charles Atlanta, GA	Apr-11	1960	11	424,500	38,591	6.8%
Waldan Pond Apartments Acworth, GA	Oct-12	1987	124	4,800,000	38,710	6.5%
Clifton Ridge Townhome Apartme Marietta, GA	Sep-12	1972	152	6,600,000	43,421	7.0%
Average, Median, Range		6.9%	7.0%		6.5% -	7.1%

A number of differences between the properties and the specifics of transaction, however, make correlation to a specific rate within the range problematic. The sales do represent current market activity and characteristics of the properties that are similar to the subject. An overall rate near the range is appropriate. Certainly, the market data alone does not support the selection of a rate below 6.5% or a rate above 7.1%. If the sales were the only data source from which to select the overall capitalization rate, a rate near the low to middle of the range is most appropriate given the net operating income figure.

Final consideration of an appropriate rate is through an analysis of lender requirements. After all, properties such as the subject are usually transferred only after financing has been arranged. The debt coverage ratio technique calculates an overall rate by multiplying the mortgage constant by the loan-to-value ratio and then by the debt coverage figure.

Financing Techniques

Debt Coverage Ratio

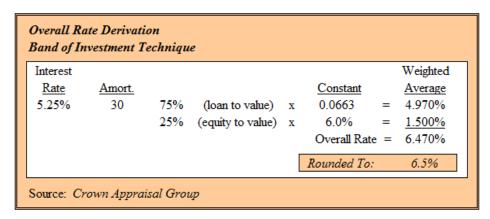
The debt coverage ratio technique places emphasis on lender requirements while inherently providing for a reasonable equity return. Rather than developing an explicit equity dividend, the equity position is left with a residual dividend return. This has good applicability for properties such as the subject. Using current parameters, development of the overall rate can be seen in the following chart.

Overall Rate Derivation Debt Coverage Ratio Technique							
Mtg. Rate	Term of Mtg.	Mtg. Constant	Loan to Value	DCR	OAR		
5.25%	30	0.0663	70.0%	1.25	5.80%		
5.25%	30	0.0663	75.0%	1.20	5.96%		
5.50%	30	0.0681	70.0%	1.25	5.96%		
5.50%	30	0.0681	75.0%	1.20	6.13%		
5.75%	30	0.0700	70.0%	1.25	6.13%		
5.75%	30	0.0700	75.0%	1.20	6.30%		
			rounded to	5.8%	- 6.3%		
Source: Cro	own Appraisal G	iroup					

Given the specific characteristics of the property, the overall capitalization rate range derived from the debt coverage ratio appears to be reasonable.

Band of Investment

There are two primary components utilized in the band of investment technique. These are the debt and equity components. Both are explicitly developed. A weighted average, which combines these two components, is used to capitalize the net operating income. The strength of the band of investment is that it has long been used by real estate market participants in developing an overall rate. The band of investment technique quantifies the appropriate overall rate as follows:



Conclusion

In summarizing, most of the market-based indicators suggest that a rate toward the middle of the range is most appropriate. The weakness in the rates indicated by the comparable sales is that the figures are historic. The overall rates from the comparable sales are also suspect to relatively wide fluctuations when relatively minor changes are made (as an example, an change to the net operating income of only \$1,000 on a \$1,000,000 sale impacts the overall rate by 10 basis points). The strength in the debt coverage and the band of investment techniques, is that they are based on real participants and real mortgage rates. The information from the latter analysis suggests that the appropriate rate is in the low 6.0% range.

In the final analysis, an overall rate that lies between the comparable sale and financing technique analysis of 7.00% is selected as being appropriate to accurately reflect the risk characteristics arising from the income stream. The rate selected falls within the ranges indicated by comparable sales, and the quantitative overall rate derivation techniques (band of investment and debt coverage ratio). Application of the rate to the pro forma net operating income is shown in the chart below.

Crestview Manor Apartments	as conventional or unrestricted
	Value 1
Net Operating Income	\$63,159
Overall Capitalization Rate	7.00%
Value Conclusion	902,276
Rounded To:	\$900,000

Income Capitalization Approach as restricted — Value 2

A pro forma is used. Much of the valuation is based on the analysis previously presented. Major differences (and similarities) are detailed below.

Base Rent

The appropriate unit rent to use is the basic rent figure.

Crestview Manor Apo		subje	ect to restr	icted rents				
Base Rent Revenue								as-is
								Value 2
	Total	% of	Size	Total		Marke	t Rent	
	<u>Units</u>	total	(rsf)	<u>rsf</u>	Rent/Month	Rent/sf	Monthly	Yearly
1 Bed, 1 Bath	22	88%	600	13,200	\$430	\$0.72	\$9,460	\$113,520
2 Bed, 1 Bath	3	12%	800	2,400	\$450	0.56	1,350	16,200
Overall Totals/Averages	25	100%	624	15,600	432	0.69	10,810	129,720

Vacancy

Utilized historic levels.

Operating Expenses

The operating expenses are largely based on recent history at the subject. Figures used are shown below.

perating Expense Es	timates		subject to restricted rents Value 2
Operating Expense	Cost/unit		Discussion
Real Estate Taxes	244		Based on the current real estate taxes of the subject as reported by the county
Insurance	271		Based on historic with support from market
Repairs & Maintenance	500		Near the recent historic figures with the recognition that some of the historic amounts have some cost better categorized as capital expenditures
General & Administrative	325		Based on historic
Management	44.50		Based on cost per occupied door per month
Utilities	90 200	Electric Water and sewer	Based on historic with support from market Based on historic with support from market
Payroll	1,150		Based on historic
Marketing	5		Based on historic
Reserve	350		Based on market participant attitudes

The pro forma is shown below.

Pro Forma Operating Statement		subject to	restricted rents
Crestview Manor Apartments			as-is
	25 ı	units	Value 2
	% of EGI	Per Unit	Amount
Potential Rental Revenue	102.9%	\$5,189	\$129,720
Less: Vacancy and Collection Loss @ 3.0%	<u>-3.1%</u>	<u>-156</u>	<u>-3,892</u>
Effective Rent	99.8%	5,033	125,828
Plus Other Revenue:			
Other Income	0.2%	10	250
Effective Gross Income	100.0%	5,043	126,078
Less: Operating Expenses			
Real Estate Taxes	4.8%	244	6,096
Insurance	5.4%	271	6,775
Repairs and Maintenance	11.6%	500	14,683
General and Administrative	6.4%	325	8,125
Management Fees	10.3%	518	12,950
Utilities			
Electric	1.8%	90	
Water/Sewer	4.0%	200	
Total Utilities	5.8%	290	7,250
Payroll	22.8%	1,150	28,750
Marketing	0.1%	5	125
Reserve	6.9%	350	8,750
Total Operating Expenses	74.2%	3,740	93,504
Net Operating Income	25.8%	1,303	32,575

Capitalization Rate Discussion

The appropriate rate selected should recognize two primary characteristics. There is a need for affordable housing in the area. Second, the net operating income developed is within the range at that seen during the prior three years. In that sense, the net operating income is one that is relatively "safe". The conclusion is that the appropriate overall rate should be less than that selected for the as-is market, unrestricted. The question is, of course, how much lower. There is some information available from RD that helps answer this. The consensus is that, for properties that are comprised of all (or mostly all) RA units, the appropriate rate should be about 100 basis points less than the market rate conclusion (the rate used for as-is market unrestricted). For properties that do not have a high percentage of RA units, the overall rate should not be significantly different than the overall rate used in the as-is, unrestricted valuation. The value is developed below.

Pro Forma Technique Value Conclusion Crestview Manor Apartments	as-is subject to restricted rents Value 2
Net Operating Income	\$32,575
Overall Capitalization Rate	<u>6.04%</u>
Value Conclusion	539,316
Rounded To:	\$540,000
Source: Crown Appraisal Group	

Sales Comparison Approach as conventional or unrestricted — Value 1

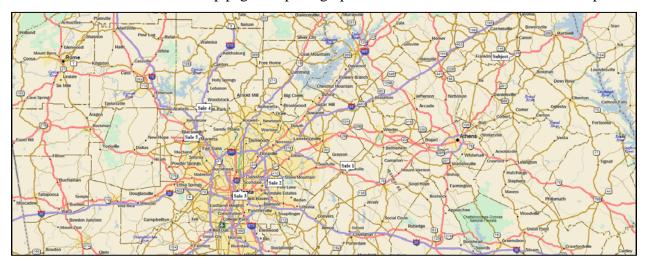
The sales comparison approach is based upon the theory that an informed purchaser will pay no more for a property than the cost of acquiring an equally desirable substitute property. The principle of substitution confirms that the maximum value of a property is set by the cost of acquisition of an equally desirable and valuable substitute property, assuming that substitution can be made without costly delay. Other appraisal principles and concepts relating to the approach include supply and demand, balance, and externalities.

In order to obtain an indication of value from the sales comparison approach, recent sales of similar properties have been analyzed and the sales prices adjusted to reflect dissimilarities between these properties and the subject. From these sales prices an indication of market value for the subject has been developed.

One of the fundamental considerations in the sales comparison approach is defining substitute or comparable properties. Issues that are involved in this consideration involve determination of physically similar properties as well as similarly located properties. Sales properties analyzed involve small to medium-sized multi-family properties. All are located in the regional area.

The accuracy of this approach relies upon the similarities, or lack thereof, between the sales properties and the subject. The greater the differences, the more subjective this valuation technique becomes. Multi-family properties, like any specialized real estate product, are complex and involve a variety of considerations. A comparison of sales properties includes reviewing size, location, financing and date of transaction. In essence, these categories are all tied to one over-riding factor-the financial aspects and implications arising from the improvements.

The initial sales search was limited to sales of similar size properties, built during the same time period as the subject, having the same general economic characteristics, and having occurred within the immediate market area during the past six months. There were no sales meeting these criteria. When expanding the time frame and geographical area, a sufficient number of comparable sales were uncovered. While the research uncovered several sales properties which share similar attributes with the subject, dissimilarities do exist. The map below locates the comparable sales that were utilized. A detailed write up page and photograph of each sale can be found after the map.



General Data

Property Name:	207 Old Zion Cemetery Road
Property Address:	207 Old Zion Cemetery Road
City:	Loganville
County:	Walton
MSA:	Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta
State:	GA
Zip:	30052
Typical Tenancy:	Non-Age Restricted
Rent Type:	Market
Buyer (Grantee):	Huntington National Investments
Seller (Grantor):	AFB&T



Sale and Economic Data

			Total	Per Unit	Per rsf	% of EGI
Sale Price	\$670,000	Effective Gross Income:	97,200	6,480	7.20	100.0%
Size (number of units	15	Operating Expenses:	49,600	3,307	3.67	51.0%
Sale Price/unit:	\$44,667	Net Operating Income:	47,600	3,173	3.53	49.0%
Rentable Size (rsf):	13,500					
Sale Price/rsf:	\$49.63	Overall rate:	7.1%			
		EGIM:	6.9			
		Occupancy at time of sale:	100.0%			
Sale Date:	Mar-11	_ <u> </u>				

Physical Data

		<u>Bedrooms</u>	<u>Baths</u>	Type	Size (rsf)	<u>Units</u>
Year Built:	1985	2	1.5	Townhouse	900	15
Site Size (acres):	1.100					
Density (units/acre)	13.6					
Floors:	2					
Exterior:	Brick					

Landlord Paid Utilities

N Cable	Y Sewer
N Electric	Y Trash
N Gas	Y Water

Tenant Paid Utilities

Y Cable	N Sewer
Y Electric	N Trash
Y Gas	N Water

Unit Amenities

Y	Refrigerator	Ν	Fireplace
Y	Range	N	Balcony/Patio
N	Microwave	N	Att. Garage
N	Dishwasher	N	Carport
N	Garbage Disposal	N	Basement
Y	Air Conditioning	N	Ceiling Fans
N	Washer/Dryer	N	Vaulted Ceilings
N	W/D Hookups	N	Security System

Complex Amenities

			•
N	Pool	N	Laundry
N	Clubhouse	Ν	Det. Garages
N	Tennis	Ν	Cov. Storage
N	Jacuzzi	Ν	Open Storage
N	Fit. Center	N	Car Wash
N	Lake	N	Elevators
N	Gated	N	Playground
Ν	Bus. Center	N	Racquetball

Other Comments

The property is located on the south side of Old Zion Cemetery Road, about 1/4 mile north of US 78/SR 10 (Atlanta Highway) and about one mile southeast of downtown Loganville. This location is about 30 miles northeast of the Atlanta CBD. The property is located in Walton County within the Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta MSA.

General Data

Property Name:	Willow Ridge Apartments
Property Address:	3548 Rockbridge Road
City:	Stone Mountain
County:	DeKatb
MSA:	Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta
State:	GA
Zip:	30002
Typical Tenancy:	Non-Age Restricted
Rent Type:	Market
Buyer (Grantee):	Rockdale, LLC
Seller (Grantor):	Willow Ridge Apartments LLC



Sale and Economic Data

			<u>Total</u>	Per Unit	Per rsf	% of EGI
Sale Price	\$5,050,000					
Size (number of unit	s) 156					
Sale Price/unit:	\$32,372	Net Operating Income:	353,500	2,266	2.31	100.0%
Rentable Size (rsf):	152,880					
Sale Price/rsf:	\$33.03	Overall rate:	7.0%			
		EGIM:	14.3			
		Occupancy at time of sale:	95.0%			
Sale Date:	Jul-13					

Physical Data

		Bedrooms	<u>Baths</u>	<u>Type</u>	Size (rsf)	<u>Units</u>
Year Built:	1985	2	2.0	Garden	980	156
Site Size (acres):	10.510					
Density (units/acre	e): 14.8					
Floors:	3					
Exterior:	Siding					

Other Comments

Willow Ridge Apartments is located in the northeast quadrant of Rockbridge Road and Northern Avenue, about 0.50 miles northwest of the I-285/SR 10 interchange and about 1.50 miles northeast of downtown Avondale Estates. This location is about 9 miles northeast of the Atlanta CBD. The property is located within DeKalb County within the Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta MSA.

General Data

Property Name:	Saint Charles
Property Address:	765 Saint Charles Avenue NE
City:	Atlanta
County:	Fulton
MSA:	Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta
State:	GA
Zip:	30306
Typical Tenancy:	Non-Age Restricted
Rent Type:	Market
Buyer (Grantee):	McDonald Assest Management
Seller (Grantor):	Sweetwater Creek Homes LLC



Sale and Economic Data

			Total	Per Unit	Per rsf	% of EGI
Sale Price	\$424,500					
Size (number of units	s) 11					
Sale Price/unit:	\$38,591	Net Operating Income:	28,866	2,624	4.30	100.0%
Rentable Size (rsf):	6,720					
Sale Price/rsf:	\$63.17	Overall rate:	6.8%			
		EGIM:	14.7			
		Occupancy at time of sale:	95.0%			
Sale Date:	Apr-11					

Physical Data

Year Built: 1960
Site Size (acres): 0.270
Density (units/acre) 40.7
Floors: 2
Exterior: Concrete

Other Comments

Saint Charles is located in the southeast quadrant of Ponce de Leon Place NE and Saint Charles Avenue NE, just north of US 29/US 78/US 278/SR 8 (Ponce de Leon Avenue NE) and about 1.50 miles east of the I-75/US 29 interchange. This location is about 2 miles northeast of the Atlanta CBD. The property is located in DeKalb County within the Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta MSA.

General Data

Property Name:	Waldan Pond Apartments
Property Address:	450 Waldan Circle
City:	Acworth
County:	Cherokee
MSA:	Other
State:	GA
Zip:	30102
Typical Tenancy:	Non-Age Restricted
Rent Type:	Market
Buyer (Grantee):	Waldan Pond Apartments LLC
Seller (Grantor):	RDZ Waldan Pond Partners LLC



Sale and Economic Data

			Total	Per Unit	Per rsf	% of EGI
Sale Price	\$4,800,000					
Size (number of unit	s) 124					
Sale Price/unit:	\$38,710	Net Operating Income:	312,000	2,516	2.54	100.0%
Rentable Size (rsf):	122,840					
Sale Price/rsf:	\$39.08	Overall rate:	6.5%			
		EGIM:	15.4			
		Occupancy at time of sale:	95.0%			
Sale Date:	Oct-12					

Physical Data

		Bedrooms	<u>Baths</u>	Type	Size (rsf)	<u>Units</u>
Year Built:	1987	1	1.0	Garden	750	28
Site Size (acres):	12.250	2	1.0	Garden	1,020	47
Density (units/acre)	10.1	2	2.0	Garden	1,100	49
Floors:	2					
Exterior:	Combination					

Other Comments

Walden Pond Apartments are located on the west side of Bells Ferry Road, about 0.25 miles south of SR 92 (). This location is about 6 miles north of the I-75/I-575 interchange and about 6 miles northeast of downtown Acworth. The property is located about 25 miles northwest of the Atlanta CBD.

General Data

Property Name: Clifton Ridge Townhome Apartments Property Address: 800 Allgood Road City: Marietta County: Cobb MSA: Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta State: Zip: 30062 Typical Tenancy: Non-Age Restricted Rent Type: Market Buyer (Grantee): Clifton Ridge, LLC All Good Apartment Partners, LLC Seller (Grantor):



Sale and Economic Data

			<u>Total</u>	Per Unit	Per rsf	% of EGI
Sale Price	\$6,600,000					
Size (number of unit	s) 152					
Sale Price/unit:	\$43,421	Net Operating Income:	462,000	3,039	2.49	100.0%
Rentable Size (rsf):	185,416					
Sale Price/rsf:	\$35.60	Overall rate:	7.0%			
		EGIM:	14.3			
		Occupancy at time of sale:	96.0%			
Sale Date:	Sep-12					

Physical Data

		Bedrooms	<u>Baths</u>	Type	Size (rsf)	<u>Units</u>
Year Built:	1972	2	1.0	Townhouse	896	44
Site Size (acres):	12.600	2	1.5	Townhouse	1,344	16
Density (units/acre)	12.1	3	1.0	Townhouse	1,064	42
Floors:	2	3	1.5	Townhouse	1,596	50
Exterior:	Combination					

Landlord Paid Utilities

N Cable	Y Sewer
N Electric	Y Trash
N Gas	Y Water

Tenant Paid Utilities

Y Cable	N Sewer
Y Electric	N Trash
N Gas	N Water

Unit Amenities

Y Range Y Balcony/Patio N Microwave N Att. Garage Y Dishwasher N Carport	
Y Dishwasher N Carport	
Y Garbage Disposal Y Basement	
N Air Conditioning Y Ceiling Fans	
N Washer/Dryer N Vaulted Ceiling	38
Y W/D Hookups N Security System	m

Complex Amenities

U	отрієх Атепі	mes	í
N	Pool	N	Laundry
		N	Det. Garages
		N	Cov. Storage
N			Open Storage
N	Fit. Center	Ν	Car Wash
N	Lake		Elevators
N	Gated	Y	Playground
Ν	Bus. Center	Ν	Racquetball

Other Comments

Clifton Ridge Apartments is located in the southwest quadrant of I-75/US 401 and Allgood Road NE, about 0.50 miles north of US 41 (Cobb Parkway N) and about 1.50 miles northeast of downtown Marietta. This location is about 15 miles northwest of the Atlanta CBD. The property is located in Cobb County within the Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta MSA. About \$1,100,000 in renovations were completed at the property in 2011.

Comparable Sales Data

The sales that were utilized to develop the value of the subject are detailed in the chart that follows. The sale price per unit of comparison is used to develop the value of the subject. To arrive at a value conclusion, the comparables are adjusted for dissimilarities to the subject with respect to property rights conveyed, financing terms, conditions of sale, date of sale, location, physical and economic attributes. Adjustments are made based on a comparison with one another as well as the appraisers' knowledge about the sales as they relate to the subject. The chart also notes the adjustments.

Sale	Subject	1	2	3	4	5		
Name	Crestview Manor Apartments	207 Old Zion Cemetery Rd	Willow Ridge Apartments	Saint Charles	Waldan Pond Apartments	Clifton Ridge Townhome Apartments		
ocation	401 Dovetown Road	207 Old Zion Cemetery Rd	3548 Rockbridge Rd Avondale Estates	765 Saint Charles Ave NE	450 Waldan Cir	800 Allgood Rd		
City or Township	Royston Road	Loganville		Atlanta	Acworth	Marietta		
County	Franklin	Walton	ALC: A CONTRACT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT		Cherokee	Cobb		
MSA	Other	Atlanta	Atlanta	Atlanta	Atlanta	Atlanta		
Date of Sale	Other	March-11	July-13	April-11	October-12	September-12		
Sale Price		\$670,000	\$5,050,000	\$424,500	\$4,800,000	\$6,600,000		
Building Size (units)	25	15	156	11	124	152		
Building Size (inc. community)	16,693	13,500	140,400	6,720	136,722	196,504		
Sale Price/Unit		\$44,667	\$32,372	\$38,591	\$38,710	\$43,421		
Sale Price/sf		\$49.63	\$35.97	\$63.17	\$35.11	\$33.59		
Year Built	1990	1985	1985	1960	1987	1972		
Site Size	3.000	1.100	10.510	0.270	12.250	12.600		
Coverage	13%	28%	31%	57% 26% 36%				
Average Unit Size (sf)	668	900	900	611	1,103	1,293		
Units per Acre	8.3	13.6	14.8	40.7	10.1	12.1		
EGI/unit	\$5,528	\$6,480	\$2,266	\$2,624	\$2,516	\$3,039		
EGIM		6.9	14.3	14.7	15.4	14.3		
Expenses/Unit	\$2,834	\$3,307	SO	SO	SO	SO		
NOI/unit	\$2,693	\$3,173	\$2,266	\$2,624	\$2.516	\$3.039		
OAR	000.€0//× n:	7.1%	7.0%	6.8%	6.5%	7.0%		
Sale Adjustments		0.4(0)		***************************************	22311-311	3.60-97		
Property Rights Conveyed	Fee Simple	Similar	Similar	Similar	Similar	Similar		
Property ragues conveyed	I ee Simple	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		
Financing Terms	Market	Similar	Similar	Similar	Similar	Similar		
		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		
Conditions of Sale	Arm's Length	Similar	Similar	Similar	Similar	Similar		
		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		
Market Conditions	Current	Similar	Similar	Similar	Similar	Similar		
Market Conditions	Caron	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		
Total Sale Adjustments		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		
Adjusted Price per Unit		\$44,667	\$32,372	\$38,591	\$38,710	\$43,421		
Property Adjustments								
Location	401 Dovetown Road	207 Old Zion Cemetery Rd	3548 Rockbridge Rd	765 Saint Charles Ave NE	450 Waldan Cir	800 Allgood Rd		
	Royston	Loganville	Avondale Estates	Atlanta	Acworth	Marietta		
	Franklin	Walton	DeKalb	Fulton	Cherokee	Cobb		
Population	2,476	11,460	2,536	443,261	21,463	58,738		
Comparison to subject		Superior	Superior	Superior	Superior	Superior		
		-10%	-25%	-25%	-10%	-25%		
Physical								
Avg. Unit Size	668	900	900	611	1,103	1,293		
Comparison to subject		Superior	Superior	Inferior	Superior	Superior		
		-10%	-10%	5%	-20%	-25%		
Age	1990	1985	1985	1960	1987	1972		
Quality/Condition	Average	Average	Below Average	Below Average	Average	Below Average		
Comparison to subject	Average			The state of the s	Average Similar			
Comparison to subject		Similar	Inferior	Inferior		Inferior		
CONTRACTOR AND ADVANCED BY		0%	10%	10%	0%	5%		
Total Property Adjustments		-20%	-25%	-10%	-30%	-45%		
Value Indication per Unit		\$35,733	\$24,279	\$34,732	\$27,097	\$23,882		

As shown, no sale adjustments are indicated as appropriate for property rights conveyed, financing terms, conditions of sale, and market conditions, as they are considered to be the same as the subject. With respect to property adjustments, all location, physical, and economic attributes were reviewed – the analysis of each comparable sale is below.

207 Old Zion Cemetery Road (Comparable 1) - The comparable is considered to have a superior location when compared to the subject due to its location in a more densely populated area near Atlanta. The comparable is adjusted downward. On average, the unit size at the comparable is larger, which is considered to be a superior attribute as compared to the average unit size at the subject, and the comparable is adjusted downward. Combined, the adjustments total -20%. This results in a value indication of \$35,733/unit for Crestview Manor Apartments.

Willow Ridge Apartments (Comparable 2) - The comparable is considered to have a superior location when compared to the subject due to its location in a more densely populated area near Atlanta. The comparable is adjusted downward. On average, the unit size at the comparable is larger, which is considered to be a superior attribute as compared to the average unit size at the subject, and the comparable is adjusted downward. The general physical aspects of the comparable (such as age and quality/condition attributes) were inferior to the subject due to its older age and below average condition. An upward adjustment is made. Combined, the adjustments total -25%. This results in a value indication of \$24,279/unit for Crestview Manor Apartments.

Saint Charles (Comparable 3) - The comparable is considered to have a superior location when compared to the subject due to its location in a more densely populated area near Atlanta. The comparable is adjusted downward. On average, the unit size at the comparable is smaller, which is considered to be an inferior attribute as compared to the average unit size at the subject, and the comparable is adjusted upward. The general physical aspects of the comparable (such as age and quality/condition attributes) were inferior to the subject due to its older age and below average condition. An upward adjustment is made. Combined, the adjustments total 485%. This results in a value indication of \$225,757/unit for Crestview Manor Apartments.

Waldan Pond Apartments (Comparable 4) - The comparable is considered to have a superior location when compared to the subject due to its location in a more densely populated area near Atlanta. The comparable is adjusted downward. On average, the unit size at the comparable is larger, which is considered to be a superior attribute as compared to the average unit size at the subject, and the comparable is adjusted downward. Combined, the adjustments total -30%. This results in a value indication of \$27,097/unit for Crestview Manor Apartments.

Clifton Ridge Townhome Apartments (Comparable 5) - The comparable is considered to have a superior location when compared to the subject due to its location in a more densely populated area near Atlanta. The comparable is adjusted downward. On average, the unit size at the comparable is larger, which is considered to be a superior attribute as compared to the average unit size at the subject, and the comparable is adjusted downward. The general physical aspects of the comparable (such as age and quality/condition attributes) were inferior to the subject due to its older age and below average condition. An upward adjustment is made. Combined, the adjustments total -45%. This results in a value indication of \$23,882/unit for Crestview Manor Apartments.

All of the sales were given credence when determining the value via this approach. This approach is used only as support for the primary approach, and the value conclusion reflects a hypothetical condition. This value indication is concluded to as representative of the property's as-is value as if operated under the hypothetical conventional, market rate scenario. A value conclusion of \$29,000/unit or \$730,000 is selected to represent the as-is market value as of the date of valuation. The following summarizes the projections of value via the sales comparison approach.

Sales Comparison Approach Summary			Value 1
Crestview Manor Apartments			
Unadjusted Value Range Per Unit	32,372	-	44,667
Indicated Value Range (rounded)	800,000	-	1,100,000
Adjusted Value Range Per Unit	23,882	-	35,733
Indicated Value Range (rounded)	600,000	-	900,000
Average, Median (adjusted)	29,144		27,097
Indicated Value (rounded)		730,00	00
Value per Unit		29,00	00 /unit
Source: Crown Appraisal Group			

Prospective Market Value

The prospective market value subject to restricted rents is projected under the extraordinary assumption that the proposed renovations to the subject property are complete. This valuation also assumes that the subject is operated as a subsidized, rural housing property. Both the income capitalization approach and the cost comparison approach are utilized to project the prospective market value subject to restricted rents (value 3). The income capitalization approach is used to arrive at the prospective market value, as conventional or unrestricted (value 4).

Income Capitalization Approach, subject to restricted rents (RD) as restricted — Value 3

The income capitalization approach to value opinion is based on the economic principle of anticipation--that the value of an income producing property is the present value of anticipated future net benefits. Other appraisal principles and concepts upon which this approach is based include supply and demand, change, substitution, and externalities.

Net operating income projections (future net benefits) are translated into a present value indication using a capitalization process. In this appraisal, a pro forma technique is explicitly used. A discounted case flow technique is not considered appropriate. Market value is projected through the use of market derived financial projections and return parameters. More specifically, the capitalization process steps in the pro forma technique are as follows:

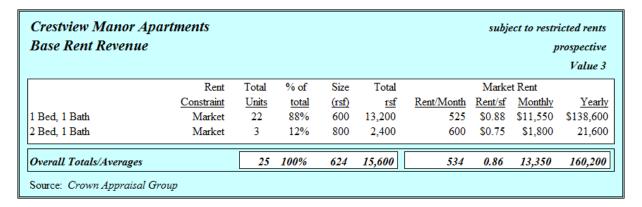
- The effective gross revenue is projected by the rents on the units less an allowance for vacancy, plus other income.
- Expenses inherent in the operation of the property, including real estate taxes, insurance, repairs and maintenance, general and administrative, management, utilities, payroll, marketing, and reserve are projected.
- The net operating income is derived by deducting the operating expenses from the effective gross revenue.
- The net operating income is then capitalized to obtain an indication of value.

With respect to this valuation, the effective gross income, which is comprised primarily of apartment rent, should be above historic levels. The apartment rent will recognize the economic benefits of the renovation as the units will be in better physical (and functional) condition. The apartment rent will be constrained by the lesser of market rent or LIHTC constraints.

With respect to operating expense line items, Real Estate Taxes, Insurance, General & Administrative, Management Fee, Utilities, and Marketing should be near historic. Repairs & Maintenance should be lower due to the renovations. Payroll should also be lower, also due to the renovation. An explicit Reserve will be recognized.

Pro Forma Capitalization

<u>Base Rent Revenue</u> – is based on the market rent levels for the units at the subject. The annual market rent is shown in the chart below. The rent is based on the lesser of market rent or LIHTC restrictions.



<u>Vacancy</u> – Stabilized vacancy has been discussed in the <u>Market Area Overview</u> section. Vacancy is estimated at 5%, and is applied to base rent revenue.

Other Income – Other revenues include laundry income, late/nsf charges, application fees, forfeited deposits, termination/restoration fees and other miscellaneous incomes. Other revenue is estimated at \$10/unit. This is a net income line item component, with vacancy inherently considered.

<u>Operating Expenses</u> – are based on historic and comparable data. The comparable data has been presented previously. As noted, Real Estate Taxes, Insurance, General & Administrative, Management Fee, Utilities, and Marketing should be near historic. Repairs & Maintenance should be lower due to the renovations. Payroll should also be lower, also due to the renovation. An explicit Reserve will be recognized.

Prospective Market Value

restview Manor Apar perating Expense Est			prospective subject to restricted rents Value 3
<u>Operating Expense</u> Real Estate Taxes	Cost/unit 268		Discussion Based on the current real estate taxes of the subject as reported by the county, and increased to reflect the renovations
Insurance	271		Based on historic with support from market
Repairs & Maintenance	450		Lower end of the historic range reflecting the renovation
General & Administrative	325		Based on historic
Management	44.50		Based on cost per occupied door per month
Utilities	90 200	Electric Water and sewer	Based on historic with support from market Based on historic with support from market
Payroll	900		Near the lower end of historic range reflecting the renovation
Marketing	5		Based on historic
Reserve	350		Based on market participant attitudes recognizing the renovation

 $\underline{\text{Total Operating Expenses}}$ – The chart below compares historical and market derived operating expense data with the pro forma.

Crestview Manor Apartmen	its						S	ubject to i	resti	icted rents
										Value 3
	Crown	Appraisal	Group Sur	vey	Y	ear End H	[istorical			Subjec
	Low	High	Avg.	Med.	2009	2010	2011	2012		Pro Forma
Real Estate Taxes	150	617	345	310	420	415	415	266		268
Insurance	229	279	258	260	241	255	260	260		271
Repairs and Maintenance	361	854	587	551	502	565	475	491		450
General and Administrative	245	381	318	312	253	289	273	335		325
Management Fees	471	534	521	528	488	507	532	530		507
Utilities										
Electric	101	249	149	145	90	89	93	80		90
Water/Sewer	<u>3</u>	<u>594</u>	305	<u>374</u>	<u>181</u>	178	193	<u>171</u>		200
Total Utilities	164	747	454	488	271	266	286	251		290
Payroll Payroll	533	1,329	811	731	1,110	1,203	1,060	1,123		900
Marketing	2	23	10	7	3	3	6	2		5
Reserve	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		350
Total Operating Expenses	2,822	3,580	3,305	3,369	3,288	3,502	3,307	3,258		3,367

The net operating income is estimated by deducting the operating expenses from the effective gross income. The pro forma is shown below.

Pro Forma Operating Statement		sub	ject to resti	
Crestview Manor Apartments			1	prospective
		25 uni	ts	Value 3
	% of EGI	Per Unit		Amount
Potential Rental Revenue	105.1%	\$6,408		\$160,200
Less: Vacancy and Collection Loss @ 5.0%	<u>-5.3%</u>	-320		-8,010
Effective Rent	99.8%	6,088		152,190
Plus Other Revenue:				
Other Income	0.2%	10		250
Effective Gross Income	100.0%	6,098		152,440
Less: Operating Expenses				
Real Estate Taxes	4.4%	268		6,706
Insurance	4.4%	271		6,775
Repairs and Maintenance	7.4%	450		11,250
General and Administrative	5.3%	325		8,125
Management Fees	8.3%	507		12,683
Utilities				
Electric	1.5%	90	2,250	
Water/Sewer	3.3%	200	5,000	
Total Utilities	4.8%	290		7,250
Payroll	14.8%	900		22,500
Marketing	0.1%	5		125
Reserve	<u>5.7%</u>	<u>350</u>		8,750
Total Operating Expenses	55.2%	3,367		84,163
Net Operating Income	44.8%	2,731		68,277

Capitalization Rate Discussion

Capitalization is the process by which net operating income is converted into a value indication. A capitalization rate is utilized that most accurately represents the risk associated with receiving the property's net operating income. A property that has a "safer" income stream is one that has less risk.

In order to arrive at an appropriate range, emphasis was put on data provided by comparable sales and analysis of financing techniques.

It is noted that Attachment 7-A of Chapter 7 of the USDA Rural Development handbook states the following:

Use of an overall rate from the conventional market, which reflects conventional financing, is appropriate because all favorable financing will be valued separately from the market value, subject to restricted rents, of the real estate.

The handbook also notes that there is additional value of RA (rental assistance) to the net operating income stream through reducing the risk of investment by improving the durability of the [rental] income stream (through the assistance of the rent subsidy). The handbook further recognizes that the overall rate can be adjusted downward to account for the reduced risk due to RA.

Before consideration of the ramifications of the RA units, an overall rate of 7.00% is selected as being appropriate to accurately reflect the risk characteristics arising from the income stream. The rate selected falls within the ranges indicated by comparable sales, and the quantitative overall rate derivation techniques (band of investment and debt coverage ratio).

Attachment 7-A of Chapter 7 of the USDA Rural Development handbook states the following:

When the subject property has RA, the appraisal must include a discussion of the Section 521 Rental Assistance Program, the number of RA units at the subject, and how RA affects the market value, subject to restricted rents, of the property. Rental assistance is a rent subsidy provided to owners of 514/515 projects. The renter of an RA unit is required to pay a tenant contribution toward the approved shelter cost (rent plus tenant based utilities) of the unit that is equal to no more than 30 percent of his/her income. RA is the portion of the approved shelter cost paid by the Agency to compensate a borrower for the difference between the approved shelter cost and the tenant contribution. RA usually adds value to a 514/515 project in three ways: 1) it guarantees that the scheduled base rate rent for all occupied RA units will be attained; 2) it usually increases demand for the subject's units and consequently decreases the vacancy rate; and 3) it reduces the risk of investment in the subject project by improving the durability of the income stream. Rental assistance need not be separately valued; the value of RA can be incorporated within the market value, subject to restricted rents. This can be accomplished within the Income Approach by taking into account the three ways that RA increases value, listed above, as follows. 1) Base rate rents should be included as Potential Gross Income (PGI) in the restricted pro forma; 2) a vacancy and collection loss factor that reflects the amount of RA at the property should be included; and 3) a capitalization rate for the subject may be adjusted downward to account for the reduced risk to the investor due to RA.

Based on market participant attitudes and prior experience in the valuation of subsidized properties, overall capitalization rates for properties that have 100% subsidized tenancy typically are ± 50 basis points lower than the overall capitalization rates of similar properties than are market rate properties. This is due to market participant attitudes that view the income that is provided by a government funded source to be "safer" than income that is provided from market rate tenants.

When arriving at an opinion of the *Market Value of the fee simple estate, as conventional or unrestricted, subject to the short term leases as of the date of valuation* a weighted average technique is utilized to arrive at an overall capitalization rate conclusion. The weighted average technique take the relative "safeness" of the income streams attributable to the rental assistance and non rental assistance units at the property into consideration. The chart below summarizes the technique utilized to arrive at a final overall capitalization rate opinion for the *Market Value of the fee simple estate, as conventional or unrestricted, subject to the short term leases as of the date of valuation*.

Overall Capitalization Rate Selection Value 3 Prospective Market Value Subject to Restricted Rents								
Lease	# of	% of	Selected	Weighted				
<u>Guarantor</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>OAR</u>	Rate				
Tenant	1	4.0%	7.00%	0.280%				
Rental Assistance	<u>24</u>	<u>96.0%</u>	6.10%	<u>5.856%</u>				
Total	25	100.0%		6.136%				
		Indica	ated OAR	6.14%				
Source: Crown Appra	isal Group							

Recognizing that about 96.0% of the units have RA, an overall rate of 6.14% is selected as being appropriate to accurately reflect the risk characteristics arising from the subject income stream. Application of the rate to the pro forma net operating income is shown in the chart below.

Pro Forma Technique Value Conclusion Crestview Manor Apartments	prospective subject to restricted rents Value 3
Net Operating Income	\$68,277
Overall Capitalization Rate	6.14%
Value Conclusion	1,112,723
Rounded To:	\$1,110,000
Source: Crown Appraisal Group	

Income Capitalization Approach

as conventional or unrestricted - Value 4

As has been discussed, the prospective market value market value upon completion and as stabilized (unrestricted rents) assumes that the subject is operated as a conventional, market rate property.

The effective gross income, which is comprised primarily of apartment rent, should be above historic levels. The apartment rent will recognize the economic benefits of the renovation as the units will be in better physical (and functional) condition. The apartment rent will be constrained by market rent.

The total operating expense estimate should be lower due to renovation (reduced Repairs & Maintenance as well as Payroll) as well as reduced General & Administrative and Management expenses. The Marketing expense should be higher than historic, and there will be an explicit reserve expense.

Many of the parameters used in this valuation have been extensively discussed and analyzed. A summary of them follows.

Crestview Manor Apar Operating Expense Es			prospective as conventional or unrestricted Value 4
Operating Expense Real Estate Taxes	Cost/unit 268		<u>Discussion</u> Based on the current real estate taxes of the subject as reported by the county, and increased to reflect the renovations.
Insurance	271		Based on historic with support from market.
Repairs & Maintenance	400		Below historic; reflects the renovation as well as the recognition that the property would not be as well maintained if it were to be operated as a market rate one.
General & Administrative	300		Below historic; market rate properties have lower general & administrative costs than subsidized properties.
Management	5.00%		Percent of effective gross income rather than fee per occupied door per month.
Utilities	90 200	Electric Water and sewer	Based on historic with support from market. Based on historic with support from market.
Payroll	800		Based on the size of the property, a total cost per year, or a cost per month, is the appropriate manner in which to develop this operating expense estimate. The expense recognizes the renovation and is based on the probable cost if the property were operated as a market rate one.
Marketing	20		Above historic; market rate properties require a higher cost for marketing.
Reserve	350		Based on market participant attitudes reflecting the renovation.

The pro forma and value conclusion are below.

Base Rent Revenue					as	convent	ional or ur	ırestricted
								Value 4
	Total	% of	Size	Total		Marke	t Rent	
	Units	total	(rsf)	<u>rsf</u>	Rent/Month	Rent/sf	Monthly	Yearly
1 Bed, 1 Bath	22	88%	600	13,200	\$525	\$0.88	\$11,550	\$138,600
2 Bed, 1 Bath	3	12%	800	2,400	\$600	0.75	1,800	21,600
Overall Totals/Averages	25	100%	624	15,600	534	0.86	13,350	160,200

Pro Forma Operating Statement				p	rospective
Crestview Manor Apartments			as conven	itional or ur	ırestricted
		25 1	ınits		Value 4
		% of EGI	Per Unit		Amount
Potential Rental Revenue		105.1%	\$6,408		\$160,200
Less: Vacancy and Collection Loss @	5.0%	<u>-5.3%</u>	<u>-320</u>		-8,010
Effective Rent		99.8%	6,088		152,190
Plus Other Revenue:					
Other Income		0.2%	10		250
Effective Gross Income		100.0%	6,098		152,440
Less: Operating Expenses					
Real Estate Taxes		4.4%	268		6,706
Insurance		4.4%	271		6,775
Repairs and Maintenance		6.6%	400		10,000
General and Administrative		4.9%	300		7,500
Management Fees		5.0%	305		7,622
Utilities					
Electric		1.5%	90	2,250	
Water/Sewer		3.3%	<u>200</u>	5,000	
Total Utilities		4.8%	290		7,250
Payroil		13.1%	800		20,000
Marketing		0.3%	20		500
Reserve		5.7%	<u>350</u>		8,750
Total Operating Expenses		49.3%	3,004		75,103
Net Operating Income		50.7%	3,093		77,337

Pro Forma Technique Value Conclusion Crestview Manor Apartments	prospective as conventional or unrestricted Value 4
Net Operating Income	\$77,337
Overall Capitalization Rate	<u>7.00%</u>
Value Conclusion	1,104,817
Rounded To:	\$1,100,000
Source: Crown Appraisal Group	

Cost Approach

as restricted — Value 3

The cost approach aggregates land value as if vacant, plus the cost to replace the existing improvements, less any accrued depreciation. The cost approach reflects value by recognizing that participants relate value to cost. Appraisal principles and concepts relating to this approach include substitution, supply and demand, balance, externalities, and highest and best use. Land valuation concepts and principles include anticipation, change, supply and demand, substitution, and balance. This approach provides an opinion of value principally based on the principle of substitution that states that:

No rational person would pay more for a property than that amount by which he or she can obtain, by purchase of a site and construction of a building, without undue delay, a property of equal desirability and utility.

Methodology

The cost approach involves several steps (presented below) that have been employed to project the value of the subject:

- Comparable land sales are typically analyzed and adjusted to provide an estimate of the subject's site as if vacant. However, although due to the size and location of Royston, minimal development has taken place and land rarely trades in the area. Given this, the appraised courthouse land value estimate for the subject is utilized.
- o The improvement cost was projected using the Marshall Valuation Service.
- The amount of accrued depreciation or obsolescence (physical, functional and economic) has been projected and deducted from the replacement cost opinion.
- o The depreciated replacement cost opinion is then added to the land value projected for the subject site.
- o The sum of these opinions produces an indication of value by the cost approach.

Land Valuation Value 5

In order to obtain a value for the subject via the cost approach, land sales within the area are typically utilized. However, a search for comparable land sales in the subject's market area found no results. The reality is that few properties have been acquired to construct new multifamily properties in those parts of the state. This is understood through a review of the rent comparables – the newest of these was constructed in 2009 – about 4 years ago. The remaining rent comparables were constructed at least 10 years ago. Given this, the courthouse appraised value of the subject land is utilized when estimating the value of the subject site.

The county appraised value of the ± 3.000 acre site is \$22,500. A point value of \$22,500 is estimated for the subject land as of the date of valuation.

Improvement Valuation

The <u>Marshall Valuation</u> service has been used to develop the replacement cost of the improvements. The chart below develops the improvement replacement cost, and the value via the cost approach.

Improvement Value Crestview Manor Apartments							
	Square	Unadjusted	Current	Local	Total	Adjusted	Total
	<u>feet</u>	Cost/sf	Multiplier	Multiplier	<u>Multiplier</u>	Cost/sf	Cost
Multiple Residences, Sec. 12, Average/Good, Class D	15,600	75.00	1.04	0.86	0.89	67.08	1,046,448
Additional buildings	1,093	75.00	1.04	0.86	0.89	67.08	73,318
				Total	Cost Estimate		1,119,766
				Less:	Depreciation		
					Effective Age	5	
]	Economic Life	<u>55</u>	
					Depreciation	9.1%	
				Tota	1 Depreciation		101,797
				Impr	ovement Cost		1,017,969
			Imp	rovement Co	st (rounded)		1,020,000
Source: Marshall Valuation; Crown Appraisal Group							

Briefly, the base cost includes average architect's and engineer's fees, plans, building permits and surveys, normal construction interest, typical site preparation, contractor's overhead and profit, builder's risk insurance, and of course, labor and materials. A base cost per square foot is developed. Adjustments are made for current and local multipliers; the adjusted cost is multiplied by the size of the improvements. After adjusting for the current and local cost multipliers, the undepreciated replacement cost estimate for the subject improvements is \$1,119,766.

Depreciation/Obsolescence Estimates for Improvements

A depreciated age-life method is used to estimate depreciation. There are two types of depreciation and/or obsolescence that need to be considered for the improvements. Physical deterioration and functional/economic obsolescence are considered. Following renovations, the improvements will be in good physical and functional condition. Marshall Valuation estimates the economic life of the improvements at 55 years. The effective age of the building (following renovations) is estimated at 5 years. Total depreciation of the subject improvements is estimated at 9.1% or \$101,797. The total depreciation is deducted from the undepreciated replacement cost opinion to arrive at a depreciated improvement cost opinion.

Entrepreneurial Incentive

Entrepreneurial incentive is defined in <u>The Appraisal of Real Estate</u>, Thirteenth Edition, Appraisal Institute, as follows:

A market derived figure that represents the amount an entrepreneur expects to receive for his or her contribution to a project and risk.

Typically, properties like the subject are constructed as investment properties. Entrepreneurs, or developers/builders, of these properties usually seek profit margins of 12% to 25%. Rather than develop an explicit opinion of entrepreneurial incentive, this item is considered in the <u>Reconciliation and Final Value Opinion</u> section of the report. The reasoning for the treatment of entrepreneurial incentive in this manner is that entrepreneurial incentive is, in reality, only realized as a result of how well a particular property meets market [participant] attitudes. The reality is that the incentive may be less than anticipated by a developer, or may be more, depending upon the circumstances.

Conclusion

The cost approach value opinion is reached by adding the land value and depreciated improvement cost opinions. *The following value indication, before entrepreneurial incentive, is reached for the subject.*

Cost Approach Summary Crestview Manor Apartments	land value cost approach total	Value 5 Value 3
Land Value Depreciated Improvement Cost		\$22,500 1,020,000
Cost Approach Value Estimate (rounded) before entrepreneurial incentive		1,043,000
Source: Crown Appraisal Group		

Reconciliation and Final Value Opinion

The purpose of this assignment is to develop and report an opinion of value for Crestview Manor Apartments. The specific real property interest, real estate, and type of value have been detailed within the body of this report. The values developed by the approaches are summarized as follows:

Frestview Manor Apartments				
	Value 1 as conventional or unrestricted	Value 2 subject to restricted rents	Value 3 subject to restricted rents	Value 4 as conventional or unrestricted
Income Capitalization Approach	900,000	540,000	1,110,000	1,100,000
Sales Comparison Approach	730,000	n/a	n/a	n/a
Cost Approach before entrepreneurial incentive	n/a	n/a	1,043,000	n/a

The methodology and applicability of each approach has been previously explained.

Value 1

The income capitalization approach is the primary approach, with support from the sales comparison approach.

Value 2

The income capitalization approach is the only approach considered applicable.

Value 3

The income capitalization approach is the primary approach, with support from the cost approach.

Value 4

The income capitalization approach is the only approach considered applicable.

The income capitalization approach is based on the principle of anticipation in the potential of receiving future income streams from the property. Its applicability is good, as the property being appraised was developed to produce income. As such, the property is typically valued by participants based on its ability to do so. Revenue, expense, and capitalization rate criteria were all derived from actual, market, and/or investor-based criteria. A pro forma technique was explicitly utilized and considered in developing all value opinions. The income capitalization approach is the primary approach for all value opinions.

The sales comparison approach is based on the principle of substitution, and is a viable technique when comparable properties have transferred ownership in the market. It is also viable when the participants base their investment decisions on the principle of substitution. This approach is rarely applicable in concluding a market value, subject to restricted rents, due to the lack of sales of subsidized apartments in small rural markets and the difficulty of making meaningful adjustments for financing terms to the sales comparables.

The cost approach is based on the principle of substitution. It is most appropriate when valuing properties with little applicable depreciation, obsolescence, or externalities. The cost approach is used when developing the Value 3 opinion. The applicability of the cost approach in developing

this opinion of value is greatly diminished due to its subjectiveness and current market participant attitudes. The implied entrepreneurial incentive or difference between the value indicated by the cost approach and the final market Value 3 opinion is 7.4%. This figure is taken at face value.

As noted, primary emphasis was placed on the income capitalization approach for point value opinions of the all market value opinions. Therefore, based upon the analyses and conclusions contained within this report and subject to the assumptions and limiting conditions contained herein, the value opinions, as of the as-is and prospective dates of valuation are:

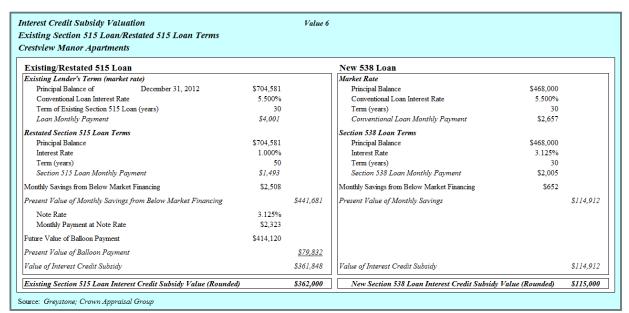
Value Opinions	Date of Value	<u>Value</u>
Value 1 - as-is, as conventional or unrestricted	August 1, 2013	\$900,000
Value 2 - as-is, subject to restricted rents	August 1, 2013	\$540,000
Value 3 - prospective, subject to restricted rents	February 1, 2015	\$1,110,000
Value 4 - prospective, as conventional or unrestricted	February 1, 2015	\$1,100,000

Interest Credit Subsidy Value Opinion Value 6

Interest credit is a form of federal assistance available to eligible borrowers that reduces the effective interest rate of a loan. The USDA Rural Housing Service (RHS or RD) offers direct loans with favorable terms for affordable housing in the Rural Rental Housing Program and the Farm Labor Housing Program. The 515 loan falls within this program. In this case, Section 515 permanent loans for new construction and subsequent loans for rehabilitation include interest rates as low as 1 percent. These loans are made at a "note rate" of interest, but a "basic rate" of interest to the borrower is typically 1 percent. A monthly mortgage payment is calculated at the note rate of interest, and the loan is amortized at the note rate of interest, but the borrower's actual mortgage payment is based on the basic rate of 1 percent. The difference between the note rate payment and the basic rate payment is the *interest credit*. The borrower is effectively subsidized with an income stream represented by the monthly *interest credit* that is available for the term of the loan.

In appraisals of Section 515 funded properties, valuation of the *interest credit subsidy* (favorable financing) is part of the assignment when the *market value*, *subject to restricted rents*, must be concluded. When *interest credit subsidy* is the only favorable financing involved, the security value, on which the loan is based, has two components: 1) the *market value*, *subject to restricted rents*, of the real estate, and 2) the value of the *interest credit subsidy*.

The value of the *interest credit subsidy* from RD direct loans on most existing properties can be calculated by subtracting the monthly debt service at the below-market rate of interest from the monthly payment at the current rate offered for conventional loans and discounting the difference by the current conventional interest rate over the remaining loan term. For the subject property interest credit subsidy values are calculated for the existing Section 515 loan and the subsequent Section 538 loan. These calculations are summarized in the following two charts:



LIHTC Value Opinion

Value 7

The Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC or Tax Credit) program was created by the Tax Reform Act of 1986 as an alternate method of funding housing for low- and moderate-income households, and has been in operation since 1987. Until 2000, each state received a tax credit of \$1.25 per person that it can allocate towards funding housing that meets program guidelines (currently, legislation is pending to increase this per capita allocation). This per capita allocation was raised to \$1.50 in 2001, to \$1.75 in 2002, and adjusted for inflation beginning in 2003. These tax credits are then used to leverage private capital into new construction or acquisition and rehabilitation of affordable housing.

The tax credits are determined by the development costs, and are used by the owner. Often, because of IRS regulations and program restrictions, the owner of the property will not be able to use all of the tax credits, and therefore, many LIHTC properties are owned by limited partnership groups that are put together by syndicators. In this manner, a variety of companies and private investors participate within the LIHTC program, investing in housing development and receiving credit against their federal tax liability in return.

Tax Credits must be used for new construction, rehabilitation, or acquisition and rehabilitation and projects must also meet the following requirements:

- 20% or more of the residential units in the project are both rent restricted and occupied by individuals whose income is 50% or less of area median gross income *or* 40% or more of the residential units in the project are both rent restricted and occupied by individuals whose income is 60% or less of area median gross income.
- When the LIHTC program began in 1987, properties receiving tax credits were required to stay eligible for 15 years. This eligibility time period has since been increased to 30 years.

These are minimums. Because of the way states award credits, it is in the interest of developers to exceed these minimums, as most states look more favorably on projects serving a higher percentage of income-eligible households.

Most states determine the amount of tax credit an individual project receives based on its *qualified basis*. First, total project cost is calculated. Second, *eligible basis* is determined by subtracting non-depreciable costs, such as land, permanent financing costs, rent reserves and marketing costs. The project developer may also voluntarily reduce the requested eligible basis in order to gain a competitive advantage. If the development is located in a HUD designated high cost area (HCA), the eligible basis receives a 130% HCA adjustment. These areas include both Qualified Census Tracts (QCTs) and Difficult Development Areas (DDAs). Finally, to determine the qualified basis, the eligible basis is multiplied by the applicable fraction, which is the smaller of, (1) the percentage of low income units to total units, or, (2) the percentage of square footage of the low income units to the square footage of the total units, to arrive at the qualified basis.

The qualified basis is multiplied by the federal tax credit rate, published monthly by the IRS, to determine the maximum allowable tax credit allocation. For projects that are new construction or rehabilitation, which are not financed with a federal subsidy, the rate is approximately 9%. For projects involving a federal subsidy (including projects financed more than 50% with tax exempt bonds), the rate is approximately 4%. The 9% and 4% rates are used to determine a project's initial tax credit reservation. A project's final (placed-in-service) tax credit allocation is based on actual project sources and uses of funds, the financing shortfall and the actual applicable federal rate. The rate applicable to a project is the rate published for the month each building is placed in service or in an earlier month elected by the sponsor. The allocation cannot exceed the initial reservation amount and may be reduced if an analysis determines that the maximum allowable amount would generate excess equity proceeds to the project.

Crestview Manor Apartments LIHTC

An annual LIHTC of \$46,156 is anticipated to be granted for the acquisition and rehabilitation of the subject. This low income housing tax credit will be granted annually over a 10-year term. The overall net sum of the LIHTC to the ownership entity of the subject over the 10-year term is \$461,557. The tax credits reduce the owner's tax liability. Thus, they have value to the owner. The tax credits can be transferred if the seller guarantees that the transfer will still maintain the LIHTC requirements.

Current LIHTC Market

Not surprising, LIHTC pricing has not remained static. In May, 2009, average pricing of LIHTC was about \$0.70 per credit (data compiled and reported by Novogradac & Company). Pricing dropped to about \$0.62 in March 2010, but has risen steadily. In November, 2011 (pricing was about \$0.90 per credit. Since January 2011, pricing has been consistently above \$0.80 per credit.

Specific to the subject (and the portfolio of properties to which it is a part), there is a contract to purchase the tax credits at \$1.15 per gross credit. This is the best evidence of the appropriate value of the tax credits.

LIHTC Value Opinion

Value of Tax Credits

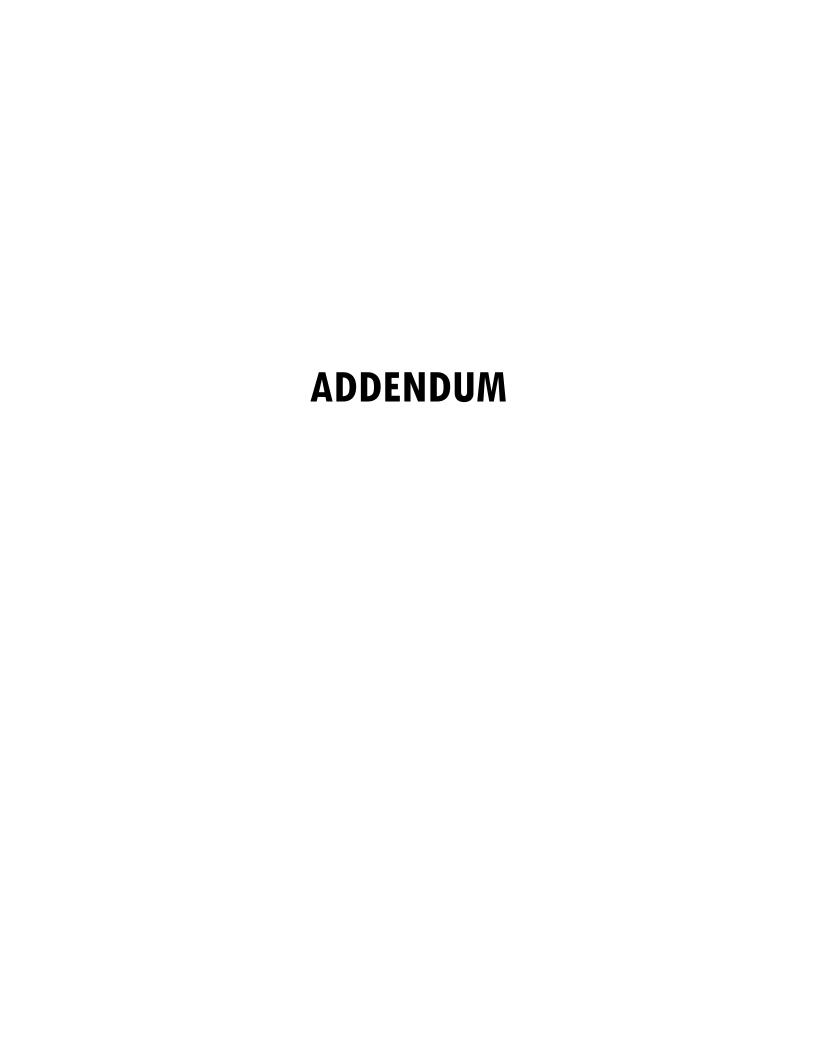
The value of the tax credits is a fairly simple calculation. The value is developed by taking the total tax credits and multiplying them by the appropriate pricing – in this case, \$1.15 per tax credit. The value is shown below.

LIHTC Analysis	Crestview Manor Apartments Value 7
Period Annual Tax Credits Years Total Tax Credits Total Pricing	46,156 10 461,557 1.15
Source: Crown Appraisal Group	Value of Tax Credits 530,790

Insurable Value Opinion Value 8

The insurable value opinion is shown below. The insurable value opinion is based on <u>Marshall Valuation Service</u> figures. The reported cost is the opinion to replace the improvements described within this report with improvements of generally similar utility (physical condition, quality, and functionality), under the assumption that the improvements need to be completely replaced for insurance coverage purposes.

Property Name				Crestview Manor Apartments
Property Name Street Address				401 Dovetown Road
City, County, State, Zip				Royston, Franklin County, GA 30662
				100yston, Frankin County, GA 30002
Base Cost Main Structure/sf				75.00
				75.00
Sprinkler/sf Other/sf				0.00
	1.04	rrent cost	0.86 local cost	0.00
Adjustments and/or Multipliers Total Base Cost per square foot	1.04 Ct	mretit cost	0.80 local cost	67.08
Building Area square footage				16.693
Total Replacement Cost New				1,119,766
Exclusions	per sf	percent		
Excavations	0.00	0.0%		0
Foundations	2.35	3.5%		39,192
Site Work	0.00	0.0%		0
Site Improvements	0.00	0.0%		0
Architect's Fees	0.00	0.0%		0
Underground Piping	0.00	0.0%		<u>0</u>
Total Exclusions	2.35	3.5%		39,192
Inclusions	per unit	units		
Applicance Packages	750	25		18,750
Patios/Balconies	250	25		<u>6,250</u>
Total Inclusions				25,000
Concluded Insurable Value				
Total Replacement Cost New				1,119,766
Less Total Exclusions				39,192
Plus Total Inclusions				<u>25,000</u>
Concluded Insurable Value				1,105,575



SUBJECT PHOTOGRAPHS













PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATIONS ANDREW J. MOYE, MAI

Business Experience

Crown Appraisal Group, Columbus, Ohio.

Principal

Real estate consulting, including appraisal and market study assignments for commercial real estate.

Vista Capital/Chemical Mortgage Company, Columbus, Ohio.

Vice President.

Responsible for appraisals and market studies of commercial real property.

Landauer Associates, Inc., West Palm Beach, Florida.

Assistant Vice President.

Valuation and evaluation of real property, and development of land use studies for large commercial and residential PUDs.

Education

Masters of Business Administration (Finance), The Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio.

Bachelor of Science in Business Administration (Real Estate), The Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio.

Professional Education

Appraisal Principles	AI Course 110
Appraisal Procedures	
Basic Income Capitalization	
General Applications	
Standards of Professional Practice	AI Course 410
Standards of Professional Practice	AI Course 420
Advanced Income Capitalization	AI Course 510
Highest & Best Use and Market Analysis	AI Course 520
Advanced Sales Comparison and Cost	AI Course 530
Report Writing and Valuation Analysis	AI Course 540
Advanced Applications	AI Course 550

Professional Qualifications

MAI (Member, Appraisal Institute), Appraisal Institute

Young Advisory Council, Appraisal Institute

Certified General Appraiser, AL, AZ, CO, FL, GA, IN, KY, MI, MS, NC, NY, OH, SC, WV Expert witness in Federal Bankruptcy Court, Common Pleas Courts throughout Ohio, various Boards of Revision, State Board of Tax Appeal

STATE OF GEORGIA REAL ESTATE APPRAISERS BOARD

ANDREW JOHN MOYE

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WILLIAM L. ROGERS, JR. Real Estate Commissioner

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